ARRC members noted continued progress in the transition from LIBOR to SOFR throughout the beginning of 2023. As shown in the charts below, data from cash and derivatives markets show continued momentum in the transition. SOFR is predominant across cash and derivatives markets. Specifically:

- Figure 2 shows that SOFR swaps have consistently accounted for more than 85 percent of daily volumes on average of interest rate risk traded in the outright linear swaps market since June 2022 while LIBOR swaps have accounted for less than about 10 percent of the overall volume over the same period.
- Figure 8 shows that average daily SOFR futures volumes steadily increased throughout 2022 and the beginning of 2023. Average daily SOFR futures volumes remain well above average daily Eurodollar futures volumes. Conversely, average daily Eurodollar volumes have diminished considerably throughout 2022 and the beginning of 2023.

LCH and CME Group gave updates on their upcoming conversion events to transition outstanding USD LIBOR cleared swaps contracts into SOFR OIS equivalents on a cash compensated basis. LCH is planning to convert swaps in 2 tranches: the first conducted on April 22 and the second on May 20. Further details of the conditions and for the intra-day conversion process applicable after the second event are available to LCH customers in “Operational Considerations” materials available at LCH’s Knowledge Centre. CME Group’s OTC swap conversion event is scheduled to take place on April 21. CME Group will also convert all eligible Eurodollar futures and options under its fallback rules to SOFR equivalent contracts on April 14 as described in Transitioning from Eurodollar futures and options to SOFR - FAQ - CME Group. More broadly, it was noted that market participants should be aware of the LCH/CME conversion dates even if they are not involved in trading these instruments if they have internal systems such as the construction of interest rate curves that may currently depend on use of LIBOR futures or swaps prices. The ARRC applauded the proactive approach of both LCH and CME to these key transition milestones.

The ARRC discussed the implementation of the contractual provisions of its recommended hardwired fallback language and the various selections and recommendations the ARRC has made as a “Relevant Governmental Body” which underpin that implementation. The ARRC discussed a draft document making and summarizing those recommendations related to its hardwired fallback language, which details the recommended benchmark replacement rate and recommended spread adjustment for various contract types across different tenors under the hardwired fallback language in a consolidated manner. The ARRC also reiterated that its recommendations may be adopted voluntarily by parties that are able and choose to use its recommended fallbacks in legacy LIBOR contracts in which the replacement rate is determined by one or more parties to the contract rather than directly set by the terms of the contract.
The Operations/Infrastructure Working Group provided an update on its work on the DTCC LIBOR Replacement Index Communication Tool aimed at facilitating effective and efficient communication of rate changes in LIBOR contracts following June 30, 2023. For U.S.-issued securities, the ARRC recommends that all determining persons, agents, and other parties responsible for disseminating information use this system for communicating rate/conforming changes:

- The tool moved into production on 2/24. The first notifications were received on 2/27. As of 3/6, there have been 146 notifications received from three different parties.
- In addition to submitting the notifications via the LIBOR Index Communication Tool, some parties also sent out press releases.
- Meetings have continued with the market data providers about their readiness to accept these messages; these discussions have included how they plan to leverage the messages.
- The output of all communications so far can be consumed via the DTCC LENS platforms for existing subscribers.
- As of 3/6, no Market Data Providers are live with the autoroute file capabilities.
- The group also continues to collaborate with DTCC to create a centralized LIBOR transition site to house documents on how to use the new tool, FAQ’s, and additional LIBOR transition background information.

The Regulatory Issues Working Group provided an update on their engagement with the CFTC pre-trade mid-mark obligations for SOFR Swaps and regulatory transaction reporting required in relation to the cessation of the USD LIBOR panel on June 30, 2023.

The Term Rate Task Force provided an update on its discussions and presented a draft paper that summarizes the ARRC’s best practice recommendations on the scope of use of Term SOFR.
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**Linear Swaps**

**Figure 1**: Daily Average Interdealer Outright Linear Swaps Risk Traded  
- Fed Funds / Other  
- LIBOR  
- SOFR  
- SOFR Risk as % of Interdealer Swaps (RHS)  

**Figure 2**: Daily Average Total Outright Swaps Risk Traded  
- Fed Funds / Other  
- LIBOR  
- SOFR  
- SOFR Risk as % of Total Swaps (RHS)  

**Figure 3**: SOFR Linear Swaps Open Interest

**Figure 4**: Monthly SOFR OTC Derivatives Volumes

**Cross-Currency Swaps**

**Figure 5**: Cross-Currency Swaps  
- RFR linked (both legs)  
- IBOR linked

**Non-Linear Derivatives**

**Figure 6**: Swaption Volumes
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**Exchange-Traded Derivatives**

**Figure 7: Average Daily Notional SOFR Futures Volumes**

Source: Bloomberg

**Figure 8: STIR Futures Average Daily Volumes**

Source: Bloomberg

**Cash Products**

**Figure 9: FRN Issuance by Reference Rate**

Source: Bloomberg

Note: Excludes issuance by U.S. Treasury.

**Figure 10: SOFR FRN Issuance by Issuer Type**

Source: Bloomberg

Note: Excludes issuance by U.S. Treasury.

**Figure 11: Syndicated Lending**

Source: LCD Leveraged Commentary & Data, and Refinitiv LPC