

#### SMALL BUSINESS CREDIT SURVEY, MAY 2013 KEY FINDINGS

National evidence of a more positive small business lending environment is slowly emerging. In Q4 2012, small business loan volumes—defined as loans of \$1 million or less—increased for the first time in ten quarters; growth was in all small business loan sizes including frequently requested loans under \$100,000. An easing of lending standards and declining credit costs for small companies, especially for borrowers with strong credit histories, was also reported in the Federal Reserve's most recent Senior Loan Officer Opinion Surveys in Q4 2012 and Q1 2013.

As part of its regional and community outreach, the New York Fed asks small businesses in our region about their credit needs and experiences. In the May 2013 survey, we heard from 812 small businesses in New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. Most business owners we polled cite access to capital as a top growth concern, but only a third of firms actually report applying for credit in 2012. Credit applicants were mostly experienced and higher performing small businesses and more of them received full funding than in past surveys. Among the non-applicants, fewer firms self-identified as being discouraged or not applying because they anticipated being declined. Looking to future credit use, there are clear distinctions between applicants and non-applicants. A majority of firms that are planning to apply for credit in the next two quarters of 2013 will be re-applicants. In contrast, the majority of non-applicants finance their operations primarily through retained earnings rather than relying on credit in the near term.

Here are the key findings:

#### Capital is a frequent growth challenge; firms continue to seek small amounts

- Ability to access capital was among the top growth challenges for both profitable and unprofitable firms.
- o Half of all firms report needing small amounts of capital (\$100k or less), mostly for operating expenses, and are using real estate collateral to secure loans.

#### Applicant quality higher than in August 2012 survey

- o Applicants have prior borrowing experience and report positive sales growth.
- Successful applicants are more profitable, seeking higher loan amounts.

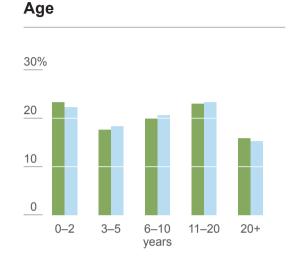
#### More firms receiving full funding and fewer report being discouraged

- Overall success rate is steady at 63% (August 2012-62%), but more firms received full credit and much desired lines of credit.
- O Percent of firms saying they did not apply because they did not think they would be approved has gone down from 29% to 18% between the August 2012 and May 2013 surveys.

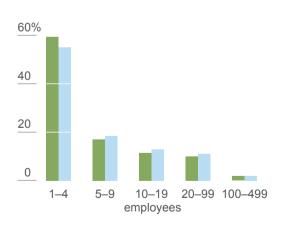
#### Future credit demand comes from returning borrowers; many qualified firms not seeking credit

- o Future credit demand was reported by firms who applied in the year but received only partial funding because they had insufficient collateral or had been in business only a few years.
- While two-thirds of non-applicant firms are as high performing as applicants, most do not plan to apply for credit in the next six months. These non-applicants don't plan to seek credit because they either don't need credit or are debt averse.

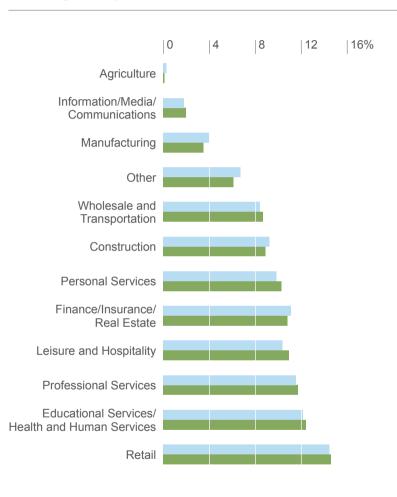
# **SMALL BUSINESS DEMOGRAPHICS**



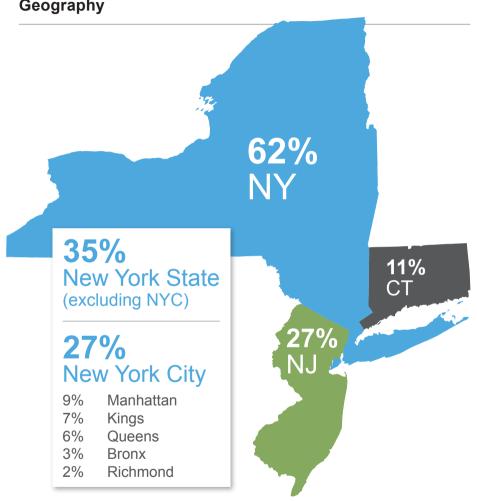
## **Employees**



### **Industry Composition**







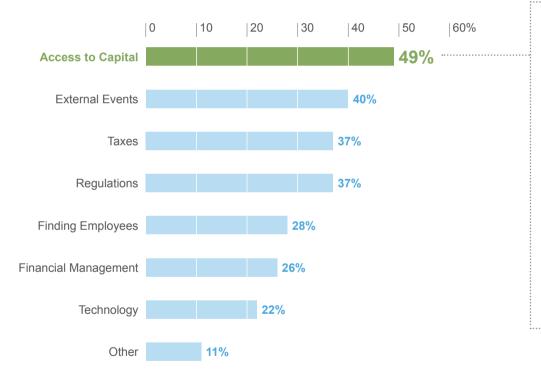
■ Tri-State Area
■ U.S.

Age data from Census Business Dynamics Statistics, 2010. All other data from Census Business Patterns, 2010.

## **SMALL FIRM FINANCING**

### **Growth Challenges**

# Ability to access capital is widespread challenge—even for profitable firms



Access to Capital is a growth challenge for

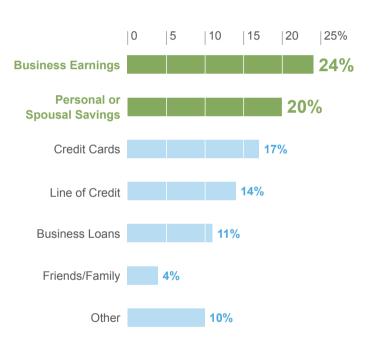
36%
of firms operating at a profit

53%
of firms breaking even

66%
of firms operating at a loss

#### **Primary Financing Sources**

# Business earnings and savings are primary financing

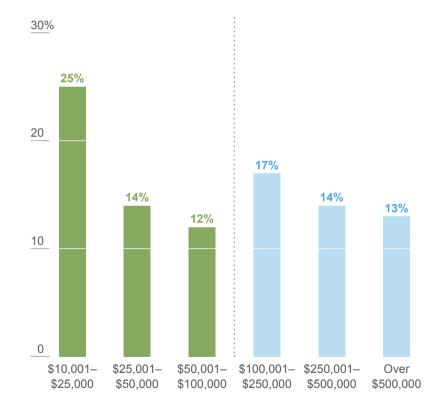


N = 670

## **SMALL FIRM FINANCING**

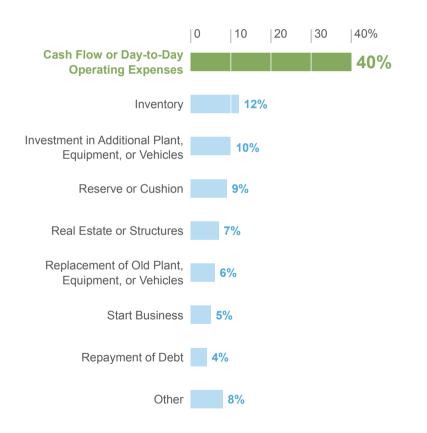
#### **Amount of Financing Sought**

#### Firms seek \$100k or less



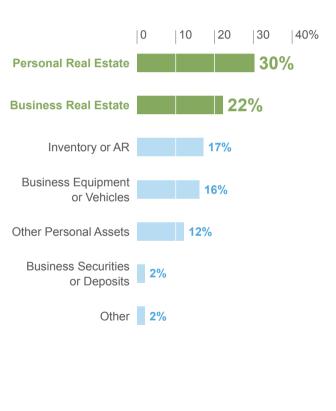
### **Reason for Seeking Financing**

# Firms need to fund day-to-day operations



#### **Collateral Type**

# Firms secure loans with real estate



N = 283 N = 278 N = 234

# **APPLICANTS**

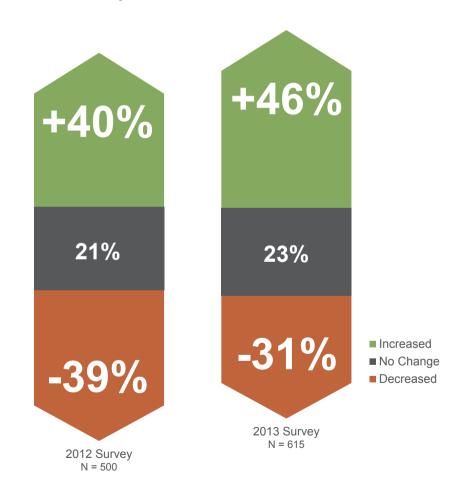
**Credit Application Rates\*** 

**Application rates steady** 

40% of firms APPLIED for credit in 2012 survey 36% of firms APPLIED for credit in 2013 survey

#### **Sales Performance\***

## More applicants with improved sales

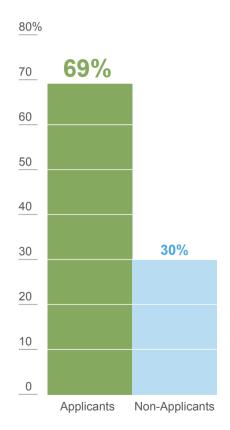


<sup>\*</sup>Based on comparable data for New York and New Jersey

# **APPLICANTS**

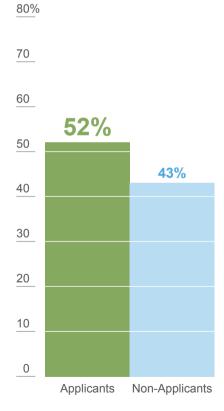
## **Borrowing Experience**

# More applicants are seasoned borrowers



#### Sales

# More applicants have positive sales



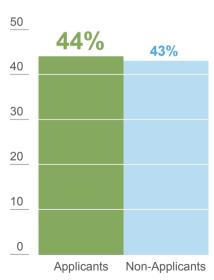
#### **Profits**

# Applicants similar to non-applicants in profitability

80%

70

60

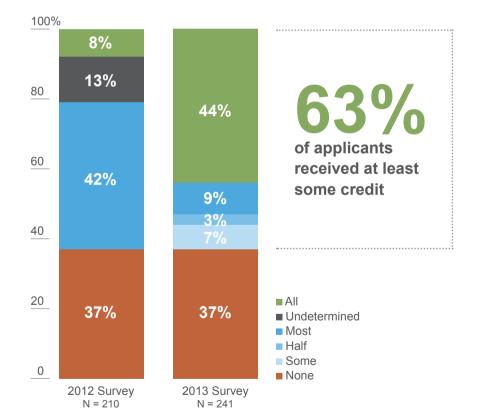


N = 281 Applicants | 395 Non-Applicants

# **SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS**

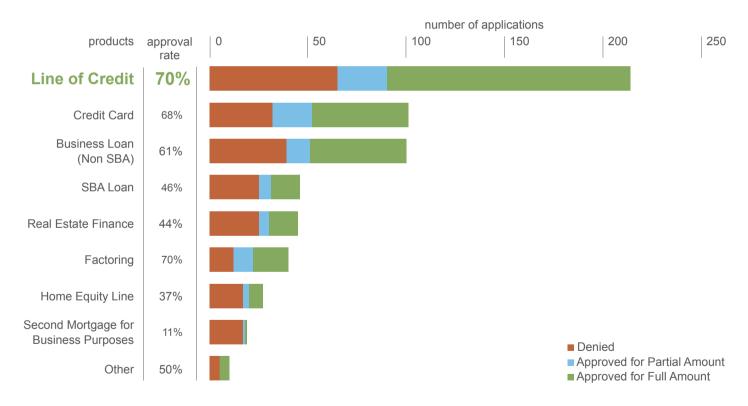
#### **Success Rates\***

### More firms receive full funding



#### **Success by Products**

### More firms receive sought-after credit lines

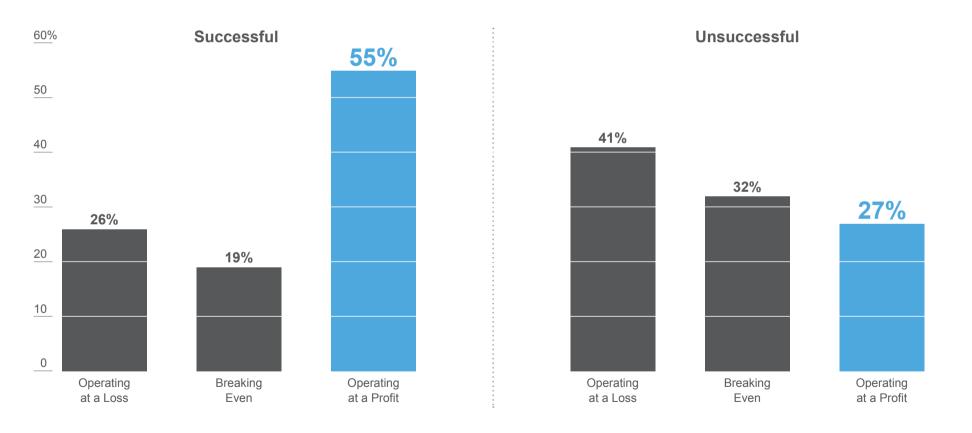


<sup>\*</sup>Based on comparable data for New York and New Jersey

# **SUCCESSFUL APPLICANTS**

### **Success by Profitability**

## Successful applicants are more profitable than unsuccessful applicants



\$100k or more had a success rate of 73%
Firms seeking less than \$100k had a success rate of 57%

N = 195 Successful | 91 Unsuccessful

# **NON-APPLICANTS**

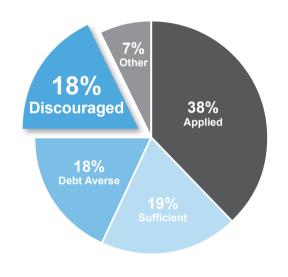
#### **Credit Behavior**

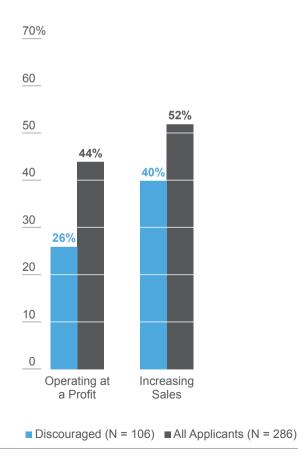
### **Business Performance**

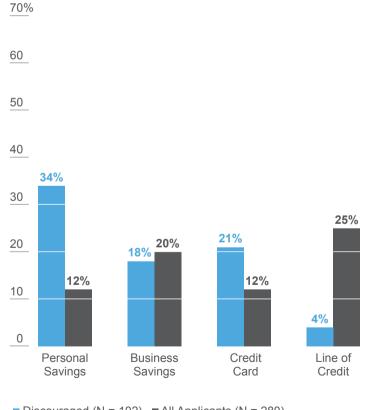
## **Primary Financing Source**

# Fewer discouraged borrowers are strong performers









■ Discouraged (N = 102) ■ All Applicants (N = 280)

N = 689

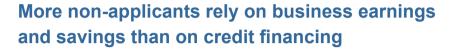
## **NON-APPLICANTS**

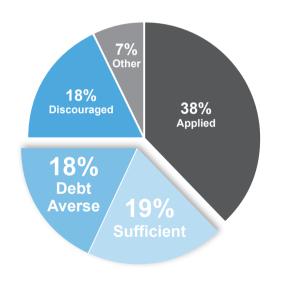
#### **Credit Behavior**

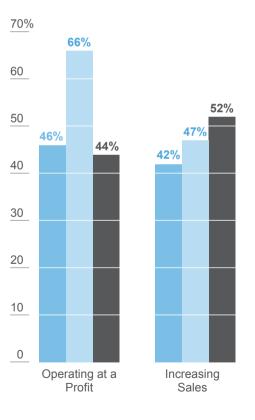
#### **Business Performance**

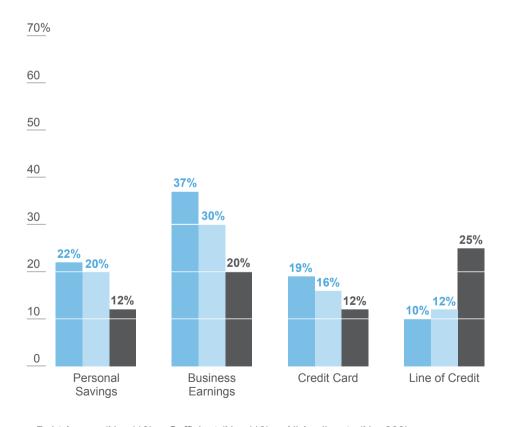
### **Primary Financing Source**

# Firms with sufficient financing and debt averse are among the high performers









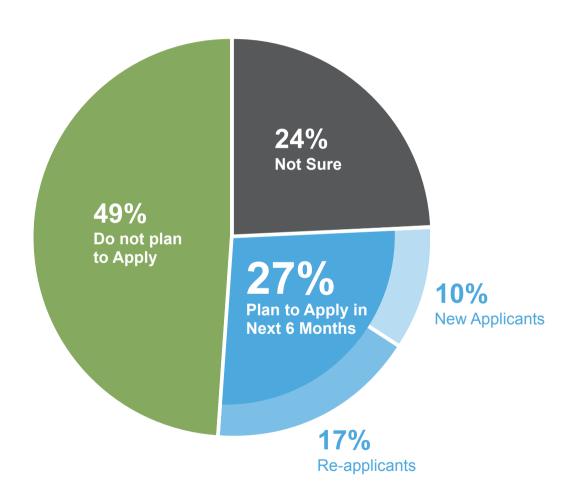
N = 689

■ Debt Averse (N = 129) ■ Sufficient (N = 126) ■ All Applicants (N = 286)

■ Debt Averse (N = 118) ■ Sufficient (N = 110) ■ All Applicants (N = 280)

# **FUTURE APPLICANTS**

#### **Future Applicants**



50% of applicants will re-apply

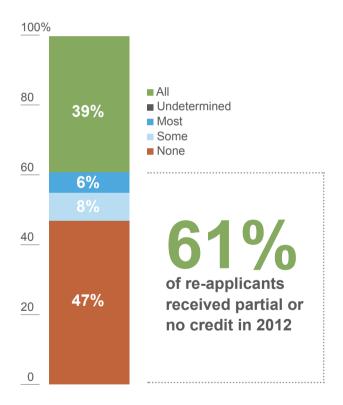
270/o of discouraged firms will apply

N = 683

# **FUTURE APPLICANTS**

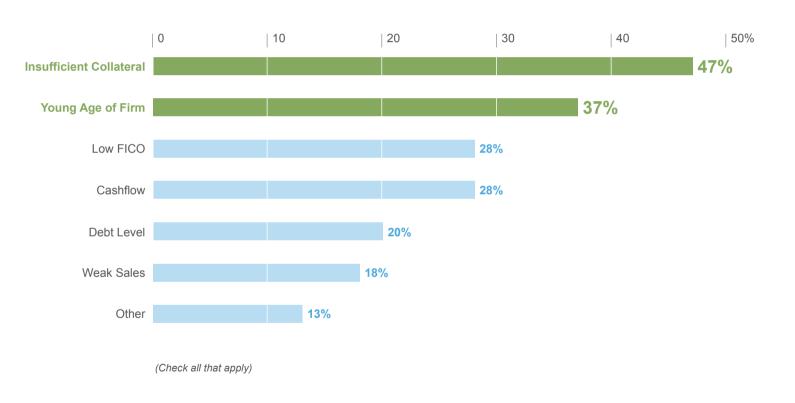
### Re-applicants' Recent Credit Experience

# Most re-applicants received only partial credit



### **Reason for Not Receiving All Credit**

# Primary obstacles were insufficient collateral and age of firm



N = 683 N = 60

## SUPERSTORM SANDY LOSSES

45% of respondents sustained direct or indirect losses from Superstorm Sandy

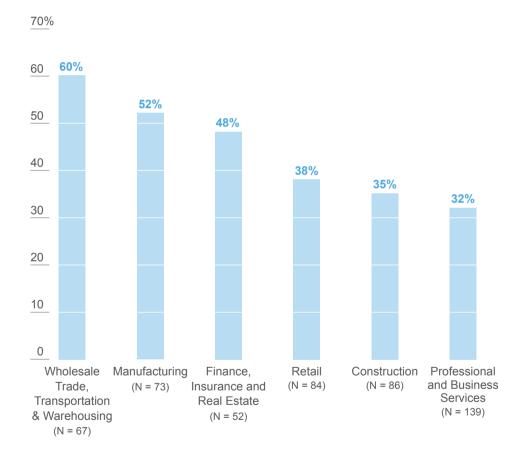
18% New York City

14% New Jersey

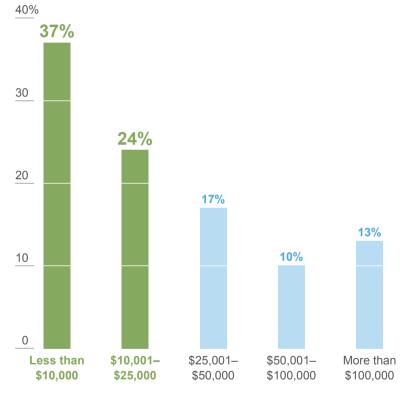
7%
New York State
(excluding NYC)

5% Connecticut

### **Affected Firms by Industry**



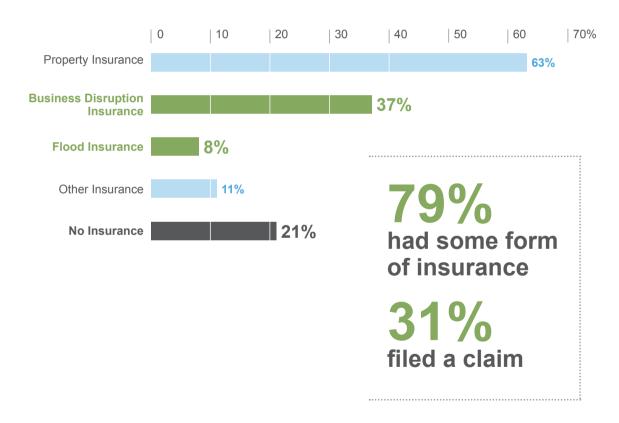
#### **Loss Estimates**



## SUPERSTORM SANDY INSURANCE

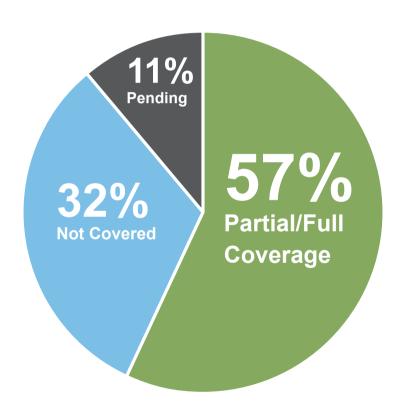
### **Types of Insurance**

# Few firms had business disruption or flood insurance



#### **Insurance Outcomes**

57% of firms filing claims received full or partial payments



N = 301

## SUPERSTORM SANDY DISASTER RELIEF

### **Relief Applications**

**Loss Coverage by Estimated Losses** 

14% of firms applied for disaster relief

Median reported loss for relief applicants was

\$25k-50k

Median reported loss for relief non-applicants was \$10k-25k

		Firm Estimated L	s by oss Amount
	All Affected Firms	Less than \$25k	More than \$25k
With Insurance	79%	75%	85%
Filed Insurance Claim	25%	16%	38%
With Partial/Full Insurance Coverage	16%	10%	26%
Applied for Disaster Relief	14%	7%	25%

N = 185

N = 117

N = 304



#### SMALL BUSINESS CREDIT SURVEY METHODOLOGY

#### Overview

The Small Business Credit Survey (SBCS) is an establishment survey conducted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, reporting information about business characteristics, performance, financing choices, and borrowing experiences. The May 2013 survey also asks small businesses about their experience with Superstorm Sandy. The SBCS captures the perspectives of businesses with fewer than 500 employees in New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. The SBCS is distributed through civic and non-profit partners, primarily Chambers of Commerce, but also industry associations, and development corporations/authorities.

In total, there were 812 responses to the survey fielded from February 25, 2013 to April 5, 2013. The number of responses to each individual question varied, based on relevance. Results are weighted to reflect the full population of small businesses in the tri-state region, along the dimensions of industry, age, employee size, and geography.

#### Sample Design

The SBCS questionnaire is available on the web. The SBCS is distributed by more than 30 partner organizations. Partners contact businesses on their membership lists, asking them to participate in the survey and provide a URL address. As such, the SBCS is not a random sample. Not all small businesses are members of the partner organizations, and therefore results should not be interpreted as a statistical representation of small businesses in the Second District or the nation. Rather, the results should be viewed as suggestive and analyzed with awareness of potential methodological biases.

#### Weighting

To reduce coverage bias, we use US Census Bureau data<sup>1</sup> to weight responses along the dimensions of industry, age, employee size, and geography. Survey weights are derived to allow estimates to be generated from the sample so as to represent the true small business population. For example, by reweighting our data, we correct for the overrepresentation of older firms. See Appendix A for sampling distributions of the 2013 SBCS after weighting.

#### Comparisons to Previous Survey

It is possible to compare select survey question results from the 2012 and 2013 SBCS. In these instances, results are weighted such that we are comparing two representative datasets from two points in time<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Age data from US Census Business Dynamics Statistics, 2010. All other data from Census Business Patterns, 2010

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The 2012 survey included only Fairfield County, CT. Therefore, the 2012 data are weighted to represent the New York and New Jersey small business populations. Connecticut is not included in the analysis. For clarity of analysis, comparisons between the 2012 and 2013 surveys are based on weighted New York and New Jersey data.

## Appendix A: Selected Characteristics of Firms in the Survey Sample, 2013

	Sample Size 2013	Sample Distribution After Weighting	Percentage of Total for Weighted Sample
Firm Age			
0-2 years	81	195,389	23.38%
3-5 years	109	147,653	17.67%
6-10 years	140	167,312	20.02%
11-20 years	165	192,291	23.01%
20+ years	317	132,982	15.91%
All Firm Ages	812	835,627	100%
Firm Size			
1-4 employees	398	498,067	59.60%
5-9 employees	131	142,482	17.05%
10-19 employees	127	96,125	11.50%
20-99 employees	129	83,404	9.98%
100-499 employees	27	15,549	1.86%
All Firm Sizes	812	835,627	100%
Geography			
Connecticut	106	89,038	10.66%
New Jersey	176	228,412	27.33%
New York (minus NYC)	266	298,831	35.76%
New York City	264	219,346	26.25%
All Geographies	812	835,627	100%
Industry			
Agriculture	4	885	0.11%
Construction	99	74,323	8.89%
Manufacturing	78	29,339	3.51%
Retail	104	122,048	14.61%
Wholesale/Transportation	80	72,418	8.67%
Information/Media/Telecommunications	33	16,402	1.96%
Finance/Insurance/Real Estate	63	90,129	10.79%
Professional and Business Services	161	98,080	11.74%
Personal Services	26	85,819	10.27%
Education/Healthcare and Social Assistance	43	103,726	12.41%
Leisure and Hospitality	48	91,302	10.93%
Other	73	51,156	6.12%
All Industries	812	835,627	100%



This Small Business Credit Survey is conducted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and asks small businesses about their business performance and their financial and credit experiences. Answers are confidential and results are reported only in the aggregate.

First, we have some general questions about your business.

1)	Business Name:
2)	Business Zip Code:
3)	In what year was your business established?(YYYY)
4)	Which of the following <b>BEST</b> describes the structure of your business?
	Sole Proprietorship (A sole proprietor is someone who owns an unincorporated business by himself or herself. However, if you are the sole member of a domestic limited liability company (LLC), you are not a sole proprietor if you elect to treat the LLC as a corporation).
	S-Corporation (S corporations are corporations that elect to pass corporate income, losses, deductions and credit through to their shareholders for federal tax purposes).
	Corporation (A corporation is recognized as a separate taxpaying entity. A corporation conducts business, realizes net income or loss, pays taxes and distributes profits to shareholders).
	Partnership (A partnership is the relationship existing between two or more persons who join to carry on a trade or business. Each person contributes money, property, labor or skill, and expects to share in the profits and losses of the business).
	Limited Liability Company (LLC) (A Limited Liability Company is a business structure allowed by state statute. Owners of an LLC are called members).
	Other, please specify:

5)	Please select the category that <b>BEST</b> describes your business's industry.
	Agriculture
	Construction
	Manufacturing
	Retail trade
	Wholesale trade
	Transportation and warehousing
	Information, media, and telecommunications
	Finance, insurance and real estate
	Professional and business services (e.g. Consulting, Accounting)
	Personal services (e.g. Laundry services)
	Education
	Health care and social assistance
	Arts, entertainment, and recreation
	Accommodations and food services
	Other, please specify:
7)	Of your business's total employees, including owners, roughly what percent would you say are?  % Full-time (work 35 hours or more per week)
	U/ Vart time (work / 3/ hours nor wook)
	% Part-time (work 1-34 hours per week)
8)	— % Tait-time (work 1-34 hours per week) —— % Temporary (are seasonal)
9)	% Temporary (are seasonal)
9)	% Temporary (are seasonal)  Roughly, what were your business's total revenues in 2012? \$
9)	% Temporary (are seasonal)  Roughly, what were your business's total revenues in 2012? \$  Roughly, in what range were your business's total revenues in 2012?
9)	% Temporary (are seasonal)  Roughly, what were your business's total revenues in 2012? \$  Roughly, in what range were your business's total revenues in 2012? Less than \$50,000
9)	% Temporary (are seasonal)  Roughly, what were your business's total revenues in 2012? \$  Roughly, in what range were your business's total revenues in 2012? Less than \$50,000 \$50,001 - \$250,000 \$250,001 - \$500,000
9)	% Temporary (are seasonal)  Roughly, what were your business's total revenues in 2012? \$  Roughly, in what range were your business's total revenues in 2012? Less than \$50,000 \$50,001 - \$250,000 \$500,001 - \$500,000 \$500,001 - \$1,000,000
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# We now have some more specific questions about your business's performance and strategy.

10) Generally speaking, as of the endAt a profit	d of 2012, was yo	ur business operating	?
At a profitAt neither a profit nor aAt a loss	loss ( <i>breaking eve</i>	en)	
11) During 2012, did the following i	ncrease, decrease	, or stay the same for	your business?
	Increased	Stayed the Same	Decreased
Sales/Revenue	0	•	•
Profits	•	Q	•
Spending on capital investments	9	9	
Spending on capital investments		•	<b>J</b>
Other strategic objective	e, please explain _		
"Increasing revenues" go to question	-		• •
If you answered "Cutting costs" go to "Increasing revenues" go to question question 15.  13) What was the MOST important in 2012?	n 14, if you answe	red "Other strategic	objective" go to
"Increasing revenues" go to question question 15.  13) What was the MOST important	n 14, if you answe	red "Other strategic	objective" go to
"Increasing revenues" go to question question 15.  13) What was the MOST important in 2012?	n 14, if you answe cost-cutting chan	red "Other strategic	objective" go to
"Increasing revenues" go to question question 15.  13) What was the MOST important in 2012? Reduced staff or staff ho	n 14, if you answe cost-cutting chan	red "Other strategic	objective" go to
"Increasing revenues" go to question question 15.  13) What was the MOST important in 2012? Reduced staff or staff hotReduced operating expe	n 14, if you answe cost-cutting chan ours nses	red "Other strategic	objective" go to
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14) What was the <b>MOST</b> important revenue-increasing change you made to yo	our business
operations in 2012?	
Developed new products/services	
Cultivated new clients/markets	
Increased technology investments	
Reorganized management	
Started/expanded exporting	
Increased prices of goods/services	
Other, please specify	
15) Did your business experience <b>ANY OF</b> the following challenges to growth <i>Select all that apply</i> .	h during 2012?
Access to capital (e.g. Loans, Financing)	
Finding employees	
Lack of financial management guidance / strategic planning	
Complying with regulations, including health care	
Keeping up with changes in technology	
External events (e.g. Superstorm Sandy)	
Uncertainty about taxes	
Other, please specify	
Next, we have a few questions regarding your business's use of c 2012.	credit in
16) At the end of 2012, did your business have any outstanding business loans excluding credit cards?	or lines of credit,
Yes	
No	
Do not know	
If you answered "Yes" continue to question 17, otherwise go to question 23	



1/) What was the total size of all outstanding business loan(s) or line(s) of credit at the end of
2012, excluding credit cards?
Less than \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$25,000
\$25,001 - \$50,000
\$50,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$250,000
\$250,001 - \$500,000
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000
Over \$1,000,000
Don't know
18) The average interest rate for business loans in late 2012 was 4 to 5 percent. What is your
best estimate of the interest rate your business paid on its largest (in \$ value) loan or line of
credit in 2012, excluding credit cards?
%
19) Which of the following <b>BEST</b> describes any change in the interest rate of your business's
largest ( <i>in \$ value</i> ) outstanding loan or line of credit, excluding credit cards, during 2012?
Rate became lower (I had to pay less)
Rate stayed the same
Rate became higher (I had to pay more)
Raic became ingher (r had to pay more)
20) For outstanding business loans and lines of credit, which types of financial institutions are
the servicers? Select all that apply.
Large Bank (e.g. Bank of America, JP Morgan Chase, TD Bank)
Community Bank (e.g. Bank of New Jersey, New York Community Bank, Evans
Bancorp)
Credit Union (e.g. Cornerstone Community Federal Credit Union)
Nonprofit lender (e.g. Accion, Grameen, Seedco)
Government-sponsored loan program (e.g. SBA, local Economic Development
Agency)
Other, please specify

	as collateral required to secure <b>ANY OF</b> your business's loan(s) or line(s) of credit?
Collate	eral can include inventory, equipment, property, personal real estate or assets.
	Yes
	No
	Don't know
If you	answered "Yes" continue to question 22, otherwise go to question 23
22) W	hich type of collateral was MOST commonly required to secure your business's loan(s) or
line(s)	of credit?
	Inventory or accounts receivable
	Business equipment or vehicles
	Business securities or deposits
	Business real estate
	Personal real estate
	Other personal assets
	Other, please specify
	the end of 2012, what <b>OTHER</b> types of financing, aside from loans or lines of credit, did usiness use? <i>Select all that apply</i> .
	usiness use? Select all that apply.
	usiness use? Select all that apply. Business earnings (cash income)
	usiness use? Select all that apply. Business earnings (cash income) Bank home equity line
	usiness use? Select all that apply. Business earnings (cash income) Bank home equity line Personal or business credit card
	usiness use? Select all that apply. Business earnings (cash income) Bank home equity line Personal or business credit card Personal savings
	usiness use? Select all that apply. Business earnings (cash income) Bank home equity line Personal or business credit card Personal savings Friends/Family

If you selected "Personal or business credit card" continue to question 24, otherwise go to question 26

24) In 2012, why did you use business and/or personal credit cards as a source of credit for your business?

	Yes	No
Convenience	O	O
Because I could not obtain any other form of credit	•	•
Other	O	O

	for what other reason(s) did your business use business and/or personal credit cards as a e of credit?
,	Of all the financing types you used in 2012, which would you say was your ess's <b>PRIMARY</b> financing type (in \$ value)?
	Business loan
	Line of credit
	Business earnings (cash income)
	Bank home equity line
	Personal or business credit card
	Personal or spousal savings
	Friends/Family
	Equity financing
	Factoring or Trade credit
	Other
27) W	That type of institution would you say is your business's <b>PRIMARY</b> financial institution?
	Large Bank (e.g. Bank of America, JP Morgan Chase, TD Bank)
	Community Bank (e.g. Bank of New Jersey, New York Community Bank, Evans
	Bancorp)
	Credit Union (e.g. Cornerstone Community Federal Credit Union)
	Nonprofit lender (e.g. Accion, Grameen, Seedco)
	Nonpront lender (e.g. Necton, Grameen, Secuco)

8) In 2012, did your business?
Apply for <b>NEW</b> credit or to <b>RENEW</b> credit (e.g. business loan, line of credit)
Business <i>DID NOT</i> apply for <i>NEW</i> credit or to <i>RENEW</i> credit in 2012
f your business <b>DID NOT</b> apply for <b>NEW</b> credit or to <b>RENEW</b> credit continue to question 29, therwise go to question 31
(9) What was the <b>MOST</b> important reason your business <b>DID NOT</b> apply for <b>NEW</b> credit or to <b>RENEW</b> credit in 2012?
Had sufficient financing
Did not think we would be approved
Did not want to accrue debt
Credit cost was too highOther, please specify
f you selected "Did not think we would be approved" continue to question 30, otherwise go to ruestion 37
0) What was the <b>MOST</b> important reason you think your business would not be approved?
Low credit score
Insufficient collateral
Unwilling to provide personal guarantee
Weak/missing financial statements
Uneven cash flow
Level of outstanding debt
Weak sales
Business is too young
Banks are not lending Other factors, places specify
Other factors, please specify

After answering question 30, go to question 37

business received?

31) How much <b>TOTAL</b> financing did your bus	siness apply for in 2012?
\$10,001 - \$25,000	
\$25,001 - \$50,000	
\$50,001 - \$100,000	
\$100,001 - \$250,000	
\$250,001 - \$500,000	
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000	
Over \$1,000,000	
Don't know	
32) How much of the <b>NEW</b> credit or <b>RENEW</b> !	<b>ED</b> credit that your business applied for was
approved?	
All (100%)	
Most (>50%)	
Half (50%)	
Some (<50%)	
Some (<50%) None (0%)	f the NEW credit or RENEWED credit it applied stion 35
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for no	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for no RENEWED credit your business applied for? Some statement of the second se	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33.  RENEWED credit your business applied for? Some Low credit score	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33.  RENEWED credit your business applied for? Some Low credit scoreInsufficient collateral	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all Low credit your business applied for? Some Low credit scoreInsufficient collateralUnwilling to provide personal guarantees.	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all your business applied for? Some applied for? Some applied for some applied fo	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all the provide for not receive all the provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 34.  Low credit score Low credit scoreInsufficient collateralUnwilling to provide personal guaraWeak/missing financial statementsUneven cash flow	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of the second secon	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of the second secon	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of the second secon	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.
Some (<50%)None (0%)  If your business DID NOT receive all (100%) of for continue to question 33, otherwise go to question 33) What reason(s) did the lender provide for not receive all (100%) of the second secon	ot approving the full amount of <b>NEW</b> credit or Select all that apply.

35) What types of credit products did your business apply for? Did you receive full/partial/none of the credit you sought?

	Full	Partial	None	Did not apply
Line of credit	0	O	0	O
Home equity line	<b>O</b>	<b>O</b>	O	O
Second mortgage for business purposes	•	•	•	•
Real estate finance (commercial property)	•	•	•	•
SBA loan	•	•	<b>O</b>	O
Business loan (Non-SBA)	•	•	•	O
New business or personal credit card for business use	•	•	•	•
Factoring or trade credit	•	•	•	•
Other, please specify	0	•	0	O

36)	For what purpose was your business seeking the MAJORITY of financing?
	Start this business
	Cash flow or day-to-day operating expenses
	Real estate or structures
	Replacement of old plant, equipment, or vehicles
	Investment in additional plant, equipment, or vehicles
	Repayment of debt
	Reserve or cushion
	Inventory
	Other

	or business plan to apply for credit in the next 6 months?
Y	'es
N	No
N	Not Sure
38) How often	n do you contact your primary financial institution about your credit relationship?
	Veekly
N	Monthly
	Quarterly
Т	wice a year
C	Once a year
L	less than once a year
Next, we ha	ave a few questions regarding employment.
39) During 2	012, did your business have any open positions?
Y	'es
N	No
If you selected	d "Yes" continue to question 40, otherwise go to question 42
<i>3 2</i>	
	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.
40) How easy	
40) How easy 41) If the nu	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.
40) How easy 41) If the nu adding emplo	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.  mber of workers at your business increased in 2012, what were the reasons for
40) How easy 41) If the nu adding emplo	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.  mber of workers at your business increased in 2012, what were the reasons for yees? Select all that apply.
40) How easy 41) If the nu adding emplo	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.  mber of workers at your business increased in 2012, what were the reasons for yees? Select all that apply.  Weed skills not possessed by current staff
40) How easy 41) If the nu adding emplo	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.  mber of workers at your business increased in 2012, what were the reasons for yees? Select all that apply.  Weed skills not possessed by current staff  A more positive economic climate
40) How easy 41) If the nu adding emploAC	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.  mber of workers at your business increased in 2012, what were the reasons for yees? Select all that apply.  Need skills not possessed by current staff  A more positive economic climate  Current staff members are overworked
40) How easy 41) If the nu adding emplo	y or difficult was it to fill the open position(s)? Please explain.  mber of workers at your business increased in 2012, what were the reasons for yees? Select all that apply.  Weed skills not possessed by current staff  A more positive economic climate  Current staff members are overworked  Firm's financial position improved

# Now we are going to ask questions about Superstorm Sandy.

42) As of the end of December 2012, did your business sustain direct or indirect losses from
Superstorm Sandy?
Yes
No
If you selected "Yes" continue to question 43, otherwise go to question
43) What was the estimated value of your business's losses (in \$ value)?
\$10,000 or less
\$10,001 - \$25,000
\$25,001 - \$50,000
\$50,001 - \$100,000
\$100,001 - \$250,000
\$250,001 - \$500,000
\$500,001 - \$1,000,000
More than \$1,000,000
44) Which types of insurance did your business have at the time of the storm? Select all that apply. Property insuranceFlood insuranceBusiness disruption insuranceOtherNo insurance
45) If other your business had other type of insurance, please specify:
46) Did your business file an insurance claim?Yes
No
If you selected "Yes" continue to question 47, otherwise go to question 54

47) Were	<b>ANY</b> of your business's losses covered by insurance?
	Yes, fully covered
	Yes, partially covered
	Pending
	No, not covered
48) Did v	your business apply for disaster relief assistance?
•	Yes
	No
If you sele	ected "Yes" continue to question 49, otherwise go to question 51
*	did your business apply for disaster relief assistance from? (e.g. FEMA, SBA, state or acies, nonprofit organizations)
50) How value)?	much non-insurance related disaster relief assistance did your business receive (in \$
\$_	
	changes, if any, has your business made to business operations or investments after m Sandy (e.g. additional insurance, purchasing a generator)?
52) Com 	pared to the 4th quarter of 2011, did your business's revenues in Q4 2012? IncreaseRemained constantDecrease
53) What	were the business factors that contributed to differences between Q4 2011 and Q4

# We have a few final questions about your business.

54)	Is this a certified woman-owned business?YesNo
55)	Is this a certified veteran-owned business?YesNo
56)	Is this a certified minority-owned business? YesNo



#### **Partner Organizations**

Binghamton Chamber of Commerce

Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce

**Business Council of Fairfield County** 

Business Council of New York State

**Business Council of Westchester** 

Chamber of Commerce Southern New Jersey

Community Development Corporation of Long Island

Connecticut Business and Industry Association

**Dutchess County Chamber of Commerce** 

**Empire State Development Corporation** 

Genesee County Chamber of Commerce

Greater Monmouth County Chamber of Commerce

Greater Newark Enterprises Corporation

Greater Watertown North Country Chamber of Commerce

**Hudson County Economic Development Corporation** 

Hudson Valley Gateway Chamber of Commerce

Jersey City Economic Development Corporation

Manhattan Chamber of Commerce

Minority Business Development Agency

New Jersey Business and Industry Association

New Jersey Lieutenant Governor's Office, Small Business Advocacy

New York City Council

New York City Department of Consumer Affairs

New York City Department of Small Business Services

Newark Regional Business Partnership

Orange County Chamber of Commerce

Putnam County Chambers of Commerce

Queens Chamber of Commerce

Queens Economic Development Corporation

Rensselaer County Regional Chamber of Commerce

Rising Tide Capital

Schenectady County Chamber of Commerce

Somerset County Business Partnership

South Bronx Overall Economic Development Corporation

Staten Island Chamber of Commerce

**Tompkins Chamber of Commerce** 

Warren County Regional Chamber of Commerce

Women Presidents Organization