The Federal Reserve System is the central bank of the United States. The Federal Reserve System is made up of the Board of Governors in Washington, D.C., and the 12 Reserve Banks across the country, each with its own district.

Money moves between people, businesses, and banks; this is called **circulation**. Each Reserve Bank is responsible for distributing cash to banks so it is there when their customers need it. Money is always moving!
Each bill has special markings on it that can tell you which Reserve Bank accounts for it. On $1 and $2 bills, the Reserve Bank information is located in the symbol to the left of the portrait.

On all other bills ($5, $10, $20, $50 and $100) the Reserve Bank information is displayed in the letter-number code. In this example, B2 stands for the Federal Reserve Bank of New York’s Second District.

Can you find bills from more than one of the 12 Federal Reserve districts? Look for the bills you might have at home or located on uscurrency.gov/denominations. As you find bills from different districts, put a check next to the Reserve Bank below.

- □ A-1 Boston  - □ D-4 Cleveland  - □ G-7 Chicago  - □ J-10 Kansas City
- □ B-2 New York  - □ E-5 Richmond  - □ H-8 St. Louis  - □ K-11 Dallas
- □ C-3 Philadelphia  - □ F-6 Atlanta  - □ I-9 Minneapolis  - □ L-12 San Francisco

How did you get bills from these districts? Have you visited any of these places?