SURVEY OF PRIMARY DEALERS



This survey is formulated by the Trading Desk at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to enhance policymakers' understanding of market expectations on a variety of topics related to the economy, monetary policy and financial markets. The questions involve only topics that are widely discussed in the public domain and never presume any particular policy action. FOMC members are not involved in the survey's design.

Please respond by Monday, April 24 at 2:00 pm to the questions below. Your time and input are

greatly appreciated.	
Dealer:	
1) Provide below your expectations for changes, if any, to the lang the May FOMC statement.	guage referencing each of the following topics in
Current economic conditions:	
Economic outlook:	
Communication on the expected path of the policy rate and forward guidance on the target federal funds rate:	
Communication on the Committee's policy of reinvesting principal payments on Treasury and agency securities:	
Other:	
2) How would you grade the Federal Reserve System's communic the policy survey on March 6? Please provide a rating between indicating effectiveness.	cation with the markets and with the public since 1 and 5, with 1 indicating ineffectiveness and 5
Rating: Please Explain:	

3a)	Provide your estimate of the most likely outcome (i.e., the mode) for the target federal funds rate or range, as applicable, immediately following the FOMC meetings and at the end of each quarter or half-year period below.
	For the time periods at which you expect a target range, please indicate the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

			2017 m	eetings			2018 meetings
Oct 31 -							
-	May 2-3	Jun 13-14	Jul 25-26	Sep 19-20	Nov 1	Dec 12-13	Jan 30-31
Target rate / midpoint of target range:							
_							
_			Qua	rters			Half Years
_	2018 Q1	2018 Q2	2018 Q3	2018 Q4	2019 Q1	2019 Q2	2019 H2
Target rate / midpoint of target range:							

3b)	In addition, provide your estimate of the longe federal funds rate over the next 10 years.	er-run target federal funds rate and your expectation for the average
	Longer run:	Expectation for average federal funds rate over next 10 years:

3c) Please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the following possible outcomes for the Committee's next policy action in 2017.

Next Change is	Next Change is	
Increase in Target Rate	Decrease in Target	No Change in Target
or Range	Rate or Range	Rate or Range in 2017

^{*}Responses should add up to 100 percent.

3d) Conditional on the Committee's next policy action in 2017 being an <u>increase</u> in the target federal funds rate or range, please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the following possible outcomes for the timing of such a change. Only fill out this conditional probability distribution if you assigned a non-zero probability to the Committee's next policy action in 2017 being an increase.

Increase Occurs at May FOMC meeting	Increase Occurs at June FOMC meeting	Increase Occurs at July FOMC meeting or later
	-	

^{*}Responses should add up to 100 percent.

3e) Please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the target federal funds rate or range falling in each of the following ranges at the end of 2017, conditional on the following possible scenarios for the direction and timing of the Committee's next policy action in 2017. Only fill out the conditional probability distributions for which you assigned a non-zero probability to the conditioning event occurring. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

	≤ 0.50%	0.51 - 0.75%	0.76 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.25%	1.26 - 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	≥ 2.01%
Next change is an increase, occurs at June meeting or earlier:								
Next change is an increase, occurs at July meeting or later:								
	< 0.0%	0.00 - 0.25%	0.26 - 0.50%	0.51 - 0.75%	0.76 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.25%	1.26 - 1.50%	≥ 1.51%
Next change is a decrease:								

^{*}Responses across each row should add up to 100 percent.

3f-i)	Please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the target federal funds rate or range falling in each of the following ranges at the end of 2018 and 2019, conditional on not moving to the zero lower bound (ZLB) at any point between now and the end of 2019. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.									
		≤ 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.50%	≥ 3.51%	_	
	Year-end 2018:									
	Year-end 2019:									
		*Responses a	across each ro	w should add	up to 100 perc	ent.			I	
3f-ii)	Please indicate the perce	ent chance th	at you attach	n to moving to	o the ZLB at	some point b	etween now	and the end		
,	of 2019.	ity of moving	to the ZLD o	t aama naint						
	PTODADIII			t some point end of 2019:						
3f-iii)	Please indicate the perce following ranges at the en the end of 2019. Only fill moving to the ZLB at son midpoint of that range in	nd of 2018 ar out these co ne point betw	nd 2019, <u>con</u> nditional prol veen now and	ditional on mo cability distrib	oving to the a	ZLB at some assigned a r	point between probable probabl	en now and bability to		
		< 0.00%	0.00 - 0.25%	0.26 - 0.50%	0.51 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	≥ 2.51%	1
	Year-end 2018:									
	Year-end 2019:									
		*Responses a	across each ro	w should add	up to 100 perc	ent.				'
3f-iv)	What is your estimate of	the target fed	deral funds r	ate or range	at the effectiv	e lower bour	nd?			
	Level of the target federal funds rate or range at the effective lower bound (in percent):									
3g)	For parts a-f, please expl policy survey.	lain the facto	rs behind an	y change to y	our expectat	ions, where a	applicable, si	nce the last		
									l	

4)	Previous FOMC communication has indicated that the economy's neutral real federal funds rate, which can be understood as the level of the real federal funds rate that would be neither expansionary nor contractionary if the economy were operating at or near its potential, is currently low by historical standards. Please provide your estimate for the current level of the neutral real federal funds rate and at each of the time periods below.						
	Current Year-end Year-end Year-end 2017: Year-end 2019:						
	Please explain the factors behind any changes to your estimates since the policy survey on December 5 when this question was last asked.						

5) Please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the 10-year Treasury yield falling in each of the following ranges at the end of 2017 and 2018.

	≤ 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.50%	3.51 - 4.00%	≥ 4.01%
Year-end 2017:							
Year-end 2018:							

^{*}Responses across each row should add up to 100 percent.

6a) In its Policy Normalization Principles and Plans, the Committee indicated that it "expects to cease or commence phasing out reinvestments" after liftoff. Please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the Committee ceasing its reinvestments all at once, phasing out its reinvestments over time, or not changing its reinvestments.

	Reinvestments Ceased All at Once	Reinvestments Phased Out Over Time	No Change to Reinvestments
Treasuries:			
Agency debt and MBS:			

^{*}Responses across each row should add up to 100 percent.

6b) In recent FOMC statements, the Committee has indicated that it anticipates continuing its current reinvestment policy until normalization of the level of the federal funds rate is "well under way."

Conditional on reinvestments either being <u>ceased all at once</u> or <u>phased out over time</u>, please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the following outcomes for the level of the target federal funds rate or range when the Committee first announces a change to its reinvestment policy. Only fill out this probability distribution if you assigned a non-zero probability to reinvestments either being <u>ceased all at once</u> or <u>phased out over time</u> in question 6a. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

≤ 0.75%	0.76 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.25%	1.26 - 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	≥ 2.01%

^{*}Responses should add up to 100 percent.

Additionally, please provide your point estimate for the most likely outcome of the level of the target federal funds rate or range when the Committee first announces a change to its reinvestment policy. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

Point estimate for most	
likely outcome:	

Conditional on reinvestments either being <u>ceased all at once</u> or <u>phased out over time</u>, please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the following possible outcomes for the timing of when the Committee first announces a change to its reinvestment policy. Only fill out this probability distribution if you assigned a non-zero probability to reinvestments either being <u>ceased all at once</u> or <u>phased out over time</u> in 6a.

FOMC meeting	FOMC meeting	Q3 2017	Q4 2017	Q1 2018	Q2 2018	H2 2018	≥ 2019

^{*}Responses should add up to 100 percent.

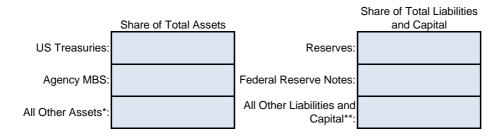
6d)	Conditional on reinvestm which you expect this to reinvestments being pha	occur. Please	e only provid					er F
		Treasuries:						
	Agency de	bt and MBS:						
	Discount describe the second	.:::: 4 · - 4 · - · · ·		41441-1-		4 131 - h h	and the Comments	
	Please describe the spec phase reinvestments out	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	or strategies	tnat you tnin	k would be m	nost likely sno	ould the Committee	
6e-i)	Please indicate the perce SOMA portfolio at the en of 2019. For reference, the compensation and settle referenced below are in S	<u>d of 2019, co</u> ne level of the d and unsettl	onditional on e SOMA port	not moving t tfolio on April	o the ZLB at 12, 2017 wa	any point bet s \$4277 billio	ween now and the end on, including inflation	<u>L</u>
		≤ 3000	3001 - 3500	3501 - 4000	4001 - 4500	≥ 4501		
		*Responses s	should add up	to 100 percen	t.			
6e-ii)	Please indicate the perce SOMA portfolio at the en 2019. Only fill out this co ZLB at some point between	<u>d of 2019, co</u> nditional prob	onditional on bability distrib	moving to the oution if you a	e ZLB at som assigned a no	ne point betwo n-zero proba	een now and the end of ability to moving to the	<u>f</u>
		≤ 4000	4001 - 4500	4501 - 5000	5001 - 5500	≥ 5501		
		*Responses s	should add up	to 100 percen	t.			
6f)	Please explain the factor survey.	s behind any	change to y	our views in	parts a-f, whe	ere applicable	e, since the last policy	

7a) On average during 2016, the size of the Federal Reserve System's balance sheet was around \$4,472 billion and was composed roughly as follows:

	Share of Total Assets		and Capital
US Treasuries:	55%	Reserves:	52 %
Agency MBS:	39%	Federal Reserve Notes:	32%
All Other Assets*:	6%	All Other Liabilities and Capital**:	16%

The figures above refer to averages of Wednesday levels from 2016 H.4.1 releases. For further details, see also the "Report on Domestic Open Market Operations during 2016" prepared by the Markets Group of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Please indicate your expectation for the most likely composition of the Federal Reserve System's balance sheet, on average, in 2025, conditional on <u>not moving</u> to the ZLB at any point between now and the <u>end of 2025</u>.



7h)	Additionally, please indicate your expectation for the most likely size (\$ billions) of the Federal Reserve balance sheet, on average, in 2025, conditional on <u>not moving</u> to the ZLB at any point between now and the <u>end of 2025</u> .
. ~,	sheet, on average, in 2025, conditional on not moving to the ZLB at any point between now and the end of 2025.

Size of Federal Reserve balance	
sheet (\$ billions) in 2025:	

7c)	Please explain	any assumptions	underlying your	responses	to 7a	and 7b.
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^{*}Includes net unamortized premiums and discounts on securities held outright (4 percent); repos (0 percent); and other assets (2 percent).

^{**}Includes deposits in US Treasury General Account (7 percent); open market reverse repos (2 percent); reverse repos with foreign official accounts (5 percent); other deposits, including those held at Reserve Banks by international and multilateral organizations, GSEs, and designated financial market utilities (1 percent); and other liabilities and capital (1 percent).

_	GDP (Q4/Q4 Growth)	Core PCE Deflator (Q4/Q4 Growth)	Headline PCE Deflator (Q4/Q4 Growth)	Unemployment Rate (Q4 Average Level)
2017:				
2018:				
2019:				
Longer run:				

8h)	Provide your estimate of the most likely outcome for the U.S. federal fiscal deficit (as a percent of GDP) for fiscal years 2017, 2018 and 2019.
o,	years 2017, 2018 and 2019.

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Current estimate for U.S. federal			
fiscal deficit:			

Plea	e explain any changes to your estimates since the last policy survey.	

Please indicate the overall effect of any changes to your estimates for the federal fiscal deficit since the last policy survey on your forecasts for GDP growth (Q4/Q4) in 2017, 2018 and 2019 and over the longer run, combining direct and indirect effects. Please provide your responses in percentage points.

	2017	2018	2019	Longer run
Impact on GDP growth forecasts from changes in estimate of federal				
fiscal deficit:				

9a)	For the outco April 1, 2017 the most like	- March 31,	provide the provid	percent char in each of th	ice* you atta e following ra	ch to the ann anges. Please	ual average <u>CPI inflation</u> rate from e also provide your point estimate for		
	≤ 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	≥ 3.01%			
							Point estimate for most likely outcome:		
	*Responses s	hould add up	to 100 percent	f.					
9b)		: - March 31,					ual average <u>CPI inflation</u> rate from e also provide your point estimate for		
	- 4.000/	1.01 -	1.51 -	2.01 -	2.51 -	> 0.040/			
	≤ 1.00%	1.50%	2.00%	2.50%	3.00%	≥ 3.01%	Point estimate for most		
	*Posnonsos s	hould add up	to 100 percent				likely outcome:		
	responses s	nould add up	to 100 percent						
			on currently:			,,	a recession*?		
10b)	What percer	nt chance do	you attach to	the U.S. ec	onomy being	j in a recessio	on* in 6 months?		
		Recession	in 6 months:						
10c)	What percer	nt chance do	you attach to	the global e	economy bei	ng in a recess	sion** in 6 months?		
	Globa	al recession	in 6 months:						
10d)	Please expla	in the factor	s behind any	change to y	our expectat	ions in parts	a-c since the last policy survey.		
	*NBER-defined recession								
		l global GDP,	backed up by	a decline or w	orsening in or		zed as a period during which there is a decline in annual ne following global macroeconomic indicators: industrial		

Thank you for your time and input. Please send survey results to ny.mktpolicysurvey@ny.frb.org