## **SURVEY OF PRIMARY DEALERS**

## **MARCH 2019**

This survey is formulated by the Trading Desk at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to enhance policymakers' understanding of market expectations on a variety of topics related to the economy, monetary policy and financial markets. The questions involve only topics that are widely discussed in the public domain and never presume any particular policy action. FOMC participants are not involved in the survey's design.



Please respond by <b>Monday</b> , <b>March 11th at 2:00 pm E</b> time and input are greatly appreciated.	astern time to the questions below. Your
Type of Respondent: Primary Dealer Respon	ndent Name:
1a) Provide below your expectations for changes, if any, to the land the March FOMC statement.	guage referencing each of the following topics in
Current economic conditions:	
Economic outlook:	
Communication on the expected path of the target federal funds rate:	
Other:	
<b>1b)</b> What are your expectations for the medians of FOMC participal Economic Projections (SEP)?	ants' <u>economic</u> projections in the Summary of

	Year-end 2019	Year-end 2020	Year-end 2021	Longer run		
December SEP median:	2.875%	3.125%	3.125%	2.750%		
March SEP median:						
Please comment on the balance of ris	ks around yo	our own expe	ectations for	the median p	ojections.	
Additionally, please describe any experimental projections, if applicable.						
1e) What are your expectations for the Ch	airman's pre	ess conferenc	ce?			
1e) What are your expectations for the Ch	nairman's pre	ess conferenc	ce?			
<b>1e)</b> What are your expectations for the Ch	nairman's pre	ess conferenc	ce?			

in providing your response.  2019 FOMC meetings									
	2019 FOMC meetings Apr 30 -								
Mar 19-20 May 1 Jun 18-19 Jul 30-31 Sep 17-18 Oct 29-30									
Target rate / midpoi target ra		-							
Quarters									
	2020 Q1	2020 Q2	2020 Q3	2020 Q4	2021 Q1	2021 Q2	2021 H2		
Target rate / midpoi target ra									
Increas	percent chance* ten now and the entext Change is see in Target Rate	d of 2019. Next Cl Decrease	hange is e in Target	fund wing possible No Chang Rate or Rai	e in Target nge Through	ext 10 years:			
	or Range	Rate o	r Range	the End	l of 2019				
*Respor	nses should add up	to 100 percen	t.						
	Name we little a la manut m	policy action							
d) Conditional on the C target federal funds outcomes for the tim non-zero probability	rate or range, ple ning of such a cha	inge. Only fil	out this cond	ditional proba	ability distribu	tion if you as	signed a		

\*Responses should add up to 100 percent.

Please indicate the percent chance\* that you attach to the target federal funds rate or range falling in each of the following ranges at the end of 2019, conditional on the following possible scenarios for the direction and timing of the Committee's next policy action between now and the end of 2019. Only fill out the conditional probability distributions for which you assigned a non-zero probability to the conditioning event occurring. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

	≤ 2.00%	2.01 - 2.25%	2.26 - 2.50%	2.51 - 2.75%	2.76 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.25%	3.26 - 3.50%	≥ 3.51%
Next change is an increase, occurs at Apr./May 2019 FOMC meeting or earlier:								
Next change is an increase, occurs at Jun. 2019 FOMC meeting or later:								
	≤ 0.50%	0.51 - 0.75%	0.76 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.25%	1.26 - 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	≥ 2.01%
Next change is a decrease:								

<sup>\*</sup>Responses across each row should add up to 100 percent.

**3f-i)** Please indicate the percent chance\* that you attach to the target federal funds rate or range falling in each of the following ranges at the end of 2020 and 2021, conditional on **not** moving to the zero lower bound (ZLB) at any point between now and the end of 2021. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

	≤ 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.50%	3.51 - 4.00%	≥ 4.01%
Year-end 2020:								
Year-end 2021:								

<sup>\*</sup>Responses across each row should add up to 100 percent.

**3f-ii)** Please indicate the percent chance that you attach to moving to the ZLB at some point between <u>now and the end of 2021</u>.

Probability of moving to the ZLB at some point	
between now and the end of 2021:	

3f-iii)	Please indicate the percent chance* that you attach to the target federal funds rate or range falling in each of the
01 1117	following ranges at the end of 2020 and 2021, conditional on moving to the ZLB at some point between now and
	the end of 2021. Only fill out these conditional probability distributions if you assigned a non-zero probability to
	moving to the ZLB at some point between now and the end of 2021. If you expect a target range, please use the
	midpoint of that range in providing your response.

	< 0.00%	0.00 - 0.25%	0.26 - 0.50%	0.51 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	≥ 2.51%
Year-end 2020:								
Year-end 2021:								

<sup>\*</sup>Responses across each row should add up to 100 percent.

3f-iv)	What is your estimate of the target federal funds rate or range at the effective lower bound?	
	Level of the target federal funds rate or range at the effective lower bound (in percent):	
3g)	For parts a-f, please explain the factors behind any change to your expectations, where applicable, since the last policy survey.	

4) The following matrix lays out hypothetical scenarios in which the realized levels of the 2019 unemployment rate (Q4 average level) and 2019 core PCE inflation (Q4/Q4) are either 50 basis points above, below, or equal to the medians of FOMC participants' projections for these indicators in the December Summary of Economic Projections (SEP). For example, the upper left box represents a scenario in which the unemployment rate and core PCE inflation are both 50 basis points below the current SEP medians. The upper right box represents a scenario in which the unemployment rate is 50 basis points above the current SEP median, while core PCE inflation is 50 basis points below the current median.

For each of the following scenarios, please indicate the level of the target federal funds rate or range that you expect would prevail at the end of Q1 2020. If you expect a target range, please indicate the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

## 2019 Unemployment rate (Q4 average level) Current median - 50 bps 3.5% + 50 bps - 50 bps

2019 Core PCE inflation (Q4/Q4)

Please explain any assumptions underlying your responses.

Current median 2.0%

+ 50 bps

5a)	The minutes of the January 2019 FOMC meeting noted that "[a]lmost all participants thought that it would be desirable to announce before too long a plan to stop reducing the Federal Reserve's asset holdings later this
	year."

Please provide your estimate for the most likely timing of each of the following events, <u>conditional on **not** moving to the ZLB at any point between now and the end of 2025.</u>

Announcement of a plan to stop reducing the Federal Reserve's asset holdings*:	
<u>Initial implementation</u> of a plan to stop reducing the Federal Reserve's asset holdings**:	
Quarter in which the par value of the domestic SOMA portfolio <u>first</u> reaches its lowest level between now and the end of 2025***:	
Quarter in which the par value of the domestic SOMA portfolio <u>first</u> exhibits material quarter-over-quarter growth***:	

Dropdown selections:

\*March 2019 FOMC, April/May 2019 FOMC, June 2019 FOMC, July 2019 FOMC, September 2019 FOMC, October 2019 FOMC, December 2019 FOMC, January 2020 FOMC or later

<sup>\*\*</sup>March 2019, April 2019, May 2019, June 2019, July 2019, August 2019, September 2019, October 2019, November 2019, December 2019, January 2020 or later

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Q1 2019, Q2 2019, Q3 2019, Q4 2019, Q1 2020, Q2 2020, Q3 2020, Q4 2020, Q1 2021, Q2 2021, Q3 2021, Q4 2021, Q1 2022, Q2 2022, Q3 2022, Q4 2022, Q1 2023, Q2 2023, Q3 2023, Q4 2023, Q1 2024, Q2 2024, Q3 2024, Q4 2024, Q1 2025, Q2 2025, Q3 2025, Q4 2025 or later

Please indicate the lowest average weekly level (\$ billions) you expect reserve balances to reach between now and the end of 2025, conditional on <b>not</b> moving to the ZLB at any point between now and the end of 2025, as reported in the weekly H.4.1 release. For reference, the average level of reserve balances for the week ended February 27, 2019 was \$1641 billion according to the most recent H.4.1 release.								
Lowest average weekly level of reserve balances (\$ billions):								
<b>5c)</b> Please provide your esting on the target federal function range for the federal function reference, the level of the compensation and settled	is rate or rang is target, plea e SOMA porti	ge at the end ase use the life folio on Febr	d of 2019 fall midpoint of th uary 27, 201	ing in each d nat range in p 9 was \$3792	of the ranges providing you billion, inclu	s below. It you expect a our response. For uding inflation		
	Federa	l funds targe	et rate or ran	ge at year-er	nd 2019	_		
	≤ 1.75%	1.76 - 2.25%	2.26 - 2.75%	2.76 - 3.25%	≥3.26%			
Par value of SOMA portfolio (\$ billions):	2 1.7070	2.2370	2.7370	3.2376	20.2070			
of The previous policy survey various measures of inte December in particular.  Please rate the important (5=very important, 1=nd)	ce of the follo	wing factors		sk asset price	es <u>since the l</u>	beginning of 2019.		
	Change		ninty around o					
				ū				
	Ü		around outlo on of the FOl	MC's reactio	n function fo	or		
	Changes	s in perception	on of the FO	MC's reactio	st rate policy n function for sheet policy	or		
	Realized	I change in a	aggregate siz	ze of global c		s'		
		(	Changes in g	lobal politica	l uncertainty	y:		
		Auto	omated/quan					
			Cha	anges in seas	sonal factors	S:		
				Other (ple	ase explain)	):		
1	f "Other", ple	ase explain:						

	≤ 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	≥ 3.01%	
	1.0070	1.5070	2.0070	2.0070	3.0076	2 0.0170	Point estimate for most likely outcome:
	*Responses s	should add up	to 100 percent	f.			<u> </u>
7b)	For the outco	omes below,	provide the	percent chan	nce* you atta	ch to the ann	ual average <u>CPI inflation</u> rate from lease also provide your point
	estimate for			illing in each	or the followi	ing ranges. F	lease also provide your point
		1.01 -	1.51 -	2.01 -	2.51 -		
	≤ 1.00%	1.50%	2.00%	2.50%	3.00%	≥ 3.01%	
							Point estimate for most likely outcome:
	*Responses s	hould add up	to 100 percent	f.			
8a)	What percer	nt chance do	you attach to	D:			
ou,	,		,				
			the U.S. eco	nomy curren	tly being in a	recession*?	
			1116 0.5. 660	Holliy Cullell	my being in a		
				•	, ,	11000331011	
		the	U.S. econom	-			
			U.S. econom	y being in a	recession* ir	n 6 months?	
	***************************************	the glo	U.S. econom	y being in a	recession* ir		
	*NBER-define	the glo	U.S. econom	y being in a	recession* ir	n 6 months?	red as a period during which there is a decline in annual
	**Previous IM per-capita rea	the glo ed recession F staff work ha Il global GDP,	U.S. economy  bbal economy  as suggested the backed up by	y being in a re y being in a re hat a "global re a decline or w	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can recession on on	n 6 months? n 6 months?	red as a period during which there is a decline in annual be following global macroeconomic indicators: industrial
	**Previous IM	the glo ed recession F staff work ha Il global GDP,	U.S. economy  bbal economy  as suggested the backed up by	y being in a re y being in a re hat a "global re a decline or w	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can recession on on	n 6 months? n 6 months?	
	**Previous IM per-capita rea	the glo ed recession F staff work ha Il global GDP,	U.S. economy  bbal economy  as suggested the backed up by	y being in a re y being in a re hat a "global re a decline or w	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can rorsening in on	n 6 months? n 6 months?	
	**Previous IM. per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  bal economy  as suggested to backed up by bws, oil consum	y being in a rethat a "global readecline or wanted	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can rorsening in on employment.	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	ne following global macroeconomic indicators: industrial
8b)	**Previous IM. per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  bal economy  as suggested to backed up by bws, oil consum	y being in a rethat a "global readecline or wanted	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can rorsening in on employment.	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	
8b)	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or	y being in a rethat a "global readecline or who ption and une	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can rorsening in or employment.	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following
8b)	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  obal economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  o you attach to	y being in a rethat a "global readecline or wanted	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can rorsening in on employment.	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	ne following global macroeconomic indicators: industrial cession** in each of the following
8b)	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or	y being in a rethat a "global readecline or who ption and une	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can rorsening in or employment.	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following
8b)	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or earlier	being in a research that a "global research a decline or what to the U.S. each to the U.S. each additional to the	recession* ir ecession** ir recession" can rorsening in or employment.	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following
8b)	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or earlier	being in a rethat a "global readecline or who to the U.S. ed	recession* ir ecession** ir ecession" can orsening in or employment.  conomy first	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following
8b)	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  2019 or earlier  *Responses s	being in a rethat a "global readecline or who to the U.S. ed	recession* ir ecession** ir ecession" can orsening in or employment.  conomy first	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following
8b)	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra	the glo ed recession IF staff work ha Il global GDP, ade, capital flo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  2019 or earlier  *Responses s	being in a rethat a "global readecline or who to the U.S. ed	recession* ir ecession** ir ecession" can orsening in or employment.  conomy first	n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following
	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra  What percer periods?	the glo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or earlier  *Responses s **NBER-definition	by being in a research that a "global real decline or what to the U.S. each to the U.S. eac	recession* ir ecession** ir ecession" can orsening in or employment.  conomy first  2021  to 100 percen	n 6 months? n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following
	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra  What percer periods?	the glo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or earlier  *Responses s **NBER-definition	by being in a research that a "global real decline or what to the U.S. each to the U.S. eac	recession* ir ecession** ir ecession" can orsening in or employment.  conomy first  2021  to 100 percen	n 6 months? n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following  2023 or later
	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra  What percer periods?	the glo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or earlier  *Responses s **NBER-definition	by being in a research that a "global real decline or what to the U.S. each to the U.S. eac	recession* ir ecession** ir ecession" can orsening in or employment.  conomy first  2021  to 100 percen	n 6 months? n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following  2023 or later
	**Previous IM per-capita rea production, tra  What percer periods?	the glo	U.S. economy  as suggested to backed up by ows, oil consum  by you attach to 2019 or earlier  *Responses s **NBER-definition	by being in a research that a "global real decline or what to the U.S. each to the U.S. eac	recession* ir ecession** ir ecession" can orsening in or employment.  conomy first  2021  to 100 percen	n 6 months? n 6 months? n 6 months? n be characterize or more of the	cession** in each of the following  2023 or later

**9a)** Provide your estimate of the most likely outcome for output, inflation, and unemployment.

	Real GDP (Q4/Q4 Growth)	Core PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4)	Headline PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4)	Unemployment Rate (Q4 Average Level)
2019:				
2020:				
2021:				
Longer run:				

9b)	Please explain changes, if any, to your estimate in part a since the last policy survey.									

Thank you for your time and input. Please send survey results to ny.mktpolicysurvey@ny.frb.org