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Please respond by <b>Tuesday, January 18th at 2:00pm E</b> time and input are greatly appreciated.	Eastern Time to the questions below. Your									
Type of Respondent: <b>Primary Dealer</b> Respon	dent Name:									
<b>1a)</b> Provide below your expectations for <b>changes</b> , if any, to the lang the January FOMC statement. <b>Please write N/A if you do not</b> of	guage referencing each of the following topics in expect any changes.									
Current economic conditions:										
Economic outlook and communication on the expected path of the target federal funds rate:										
Communication on tools other than the target federal funds rate:										
Other:										

**1b)** What are your expectations for the Chair's press conference?



2) How would you grade the Federal Reserve System's communication with the markets and with the public since the last policy survey? Please provide a rating between 1 and 5, with 1 indicating ineffectiveness and 5 indicating effectiveness.

	Rating:
Please explain:	

3a) Provide your estimate of the most likely outcome (i.e., the mode) for the target federal funds rate or range, as applicable, immediately following the FOMC meetings and at the end of each of the following quarters and years below. For the time periods at which you expect a target range, please indicate the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

_	2022 FOMC meetings									
	Jan 25-26	Mar 15-16	May 3-4	Jun 14-15	Jul 26-27	Sep 20-21	Nov 1-2	Dec 13-14		
Target rate / midpoint of target range:										
_		Quai	ters							
_	2023 Q1	2023 Q2	2023 Q3	2023 Q4						
Target rate / midpoint of target range:										
-	0004.04	Qua		0004.04						
Target rate / midpoint of target range:	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4						
-		Yea								
-	2025	2026	2027	2028						
Target rate / midpoint of target range:										
-										

**3b)** Provide your estimate for the most likely value for the following indicators at the time of the next increase in the target range for the federal funds rate.

Unemployment rate (%):	
Labor force participation rate (%):	
Total change in the level of real GDP since 2019 Q4 (%):	
Headline 12-month PCE inflation (%):	

**3c)** In addition, provide your estimate of the longer run target federal funds rate and your expectation for the average federal funds rate over the next 10 years.

Longer run:	
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Expectation for average federal funds rate over next 10 years:

al	
s:	

**3d)** Please indicate the percent chance\* that you attach to the target federal funds rate or range falling in each of the following ranges <u>at the end of 2022, 2023, and 2024</u>. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

	< 0.00%	0.00 - 0.25%	0.26 - 0.50%	0.51 - 0.75%	0.76 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.25%	1.26 - 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	≥ 2.01%	Sum
Year-end 2022:											0.00%
Year-end 2023:											0.00%
	≤ 0.75%	0.76 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.25%	1.26 - 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.25%	2.26 - 2.50%	2.51 - 2.75%	≥ 2.76%	Sum
Year-end 2024**:											0.00%
	*Responses a	cross each rov	v should add up	to 100 percer	nt.						

\*\*Bins were chosen with consideration to average responses to question 2d in the December SPD & SMP.

3e) What is your estimate of the target federal funds rate or range at the effective lower bound?

Level of the target federal funds rate or range at the effective lower bound (in percent):

**3f)** For parts a-e, please explain the factors behind any change to your expectations, where applicable, since the last policy survey.

**3g)** Please indicate the percent chance\* that you attach to the <u>first</u> increase in the target federal funds rate or range occurring at each of the following FOMC meetings or periods.

	2023 or								
Jan 25-26	Mar 15-16	May 3-4	Jun 14-15	Jul 26-27	Sep 20-21	Nov 1-2	Dec 13-14	later	Sum
									0.00%
*Responses s	hould add up to	o 100 percent.							

**3h)** Please indicate the percent chance\* that you attach to the longer run target federal funds rate — the level the target federal funds rate would be expected to converge to under appropriate monetary policy and in the absence of further shocks to the economy — falling in each of the following ranges.

≤ 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.25%	2.26 - 2.50%	2.51 - 2.75%	2.76 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.25%	3.26 - 3.50%	≥ 3.51%	Sum		
										0.00%		
*Responses s	Responses should add up to 100 percent.											

**4a)** Please provide your modal expectation for the <u>net change in SOMA holdings</u> of U.S. Treasury securities and agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) <u>for each monthly purchase period beginning mid-month</u> listed below and the <u>total net change</u> over each of the quarters below.

If you expect SOMA holdings to increase on net in a given period, for example through net asset purchases, please enter a positive number. If you expect SOMA holdings to be unchanged on net in a given period, for example through reinvestments that result in no net change in holdings, please enter 0. If you expect SOMA holdings to decline on net in a given period, for example through maturities or paydowns that exceed any reinvestments or through sales, please enter a negative number.

Net change amounts referenced below are in \$ billions.

Net change in SOMA	Net change mid-	over each r mid-	nonthly purc	hase period	l beginning	mid-month						
holdings:	January 2022*	February 2022	mid-March 2022	mid-April 2022	mid-May 2022	mid-June 2022	_					
U.S. Treasuries (\$ billions):	40											
Agency MBS (\$ billions):	20											
	*Amounts specified	d in December FO	MC Statement									
		<u>Total</u>	net change o	over each qu	uarter							
Net change in SOMA holdings:	mid-July 2022 to end											
	2022 Q3	2022 Q4	2023 Q1	2023 Q2	2023 Q3	2023 Q4	1					
U.S. Treasuries (\$ billions):												
Agency MBS (\$ billions):												
Net change in SOMA		Total net change over each quarter										
holdings:	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2025 Q2	2025 Q3	2025 Q4				
U.S. Treasuries (\$ billions):												
Agency MBS (\$ billions):												
If your responses above do <u>not</u> reflect a period in which SOMA holdings decline (e.g. Treasury and Agency MBS values in a given period sum to a negative number and are not blank), please provide your modal expectation for the earliest quarter in which SOMA holdings decline.												
			iuniya uculin	5.								
				rter in which								
		:	SOMA holding	5	2022, Q2 202	2 Q3 2022						
			Q4 2022, Q1	1 2023, Q2 202	23, Q3 2023, Q	Q4 2023, Q1						

Q4 2022, Q1 2023, Q2 2023, Q3 2023, Q4 2023, Q1 2024, Q2 2024, Q3 2024, Q4 2024, Q1 2025, Q2 2025, Q3 2025, Q4 2025, Q1 2026, Q2 2026, Q3 2026, Q4 2026, Q1 2027, Q2 2027, Q3 2027, Q4 2027, Q1 2028 or later. **4b)** If you expect the SOMA portfolio to decline, please indicate the percent chance\* that you attach to the level of the target federal funds rate or range falling in the following ranges when the SOMA portfolio first declines. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

≤ 0.25%	0.26 - 0.50%	0.51 - 0.75%	0.76 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.25%	1.26 - 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.25%	≥ 2.26%	Sum
										0.00%
*Responses s	*Responses should add up to 100 percent.									

**4c)** If you expect the SOMA portfolio to decline, please indicate the period in which you expect the SOMA portfolio will cease to decline as well as the size of the SOMA portfolio when it ceases to decline. For reference, Securities Held Outright in the SOMA portfolio on January 5, 2022 was \$8,279 billion according to the most recent H.4.1 release.

Period in which SOMA portfolio ceases to decline*:	Size of SOMA portfolio when it ceases to decline**:
*Dropdown selections: Q1 2022, Q2 2022, Q3 2022, Q4	**Dropdown selections: \$0-500bn, \$501-1000bn,\$100
2022, Q1 2023, Q2 2023, Q3 2023, Q4 2023, Q1 2024,	1500bn, \$1501-2000bn, \$2001-2500bn, \$2501-3000br
Q2 2024, Q3 2024, Q4 2024, Q1 2025, Q2 2025, Q3	\$3001-3500bn, \$3501-4000bn, \$4001-4500bn, \$4501
2025, Q4 2025, Q1 2026, Q2 2026, Q3 2026, Q4 2026,	5000bn, \$5001-5500bn, \$5501-6000bn, \$6001-6500br
Q1 2027, Q2 2027, Q3 2027, Q4 2027, Q1 2028 or later.	\$6501-7000bn, \$7001-7500bn, \$7501-8000bn, \$8001b
	or larger

5) Please indicate the percent chance\* that you attach to the 10-year Treasury yield falling in each of the following ranges at the end of 2022 and 2023.

	< 0.00%	0.00 - 0.50%	0.51 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	≥ 3.01%	Sum
Year-end 2022:									0.00%
Year-end 2023:									0.00%
	*Responses a	cross each row	should add u	o to 100 perce	nt				

6) The table below lists the average spreads of selected money market rates\* over the past week. Please provide your expectation for each of these rate spreads for the day after each of the FOMC meetings. Please ensure your signs are correct.

	Average		2022 FOM	C meetings	
	over past week	Jan 25-26	Mar 15-16	May 3-4	Jun 14-15
Top of target range** minus IORB (in bps):	+10				
EFFR minus IORB (in bps):	-7				
SOFR minus IORB (in bps):	-10				
Bottom of target range** minus ON RRP (in bps):	-5				
n U.S. Treasury bill yield minus 3m OIS (in bps):	-5				
	*Listed rates include the interest on reserve balances (IORB) rate, effective funds rate (EFFR), Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), overnight r repurchase agreement (ON RRP) rate, and 3-month overnight index swap OIS). **Target range for the federal funds rate.				

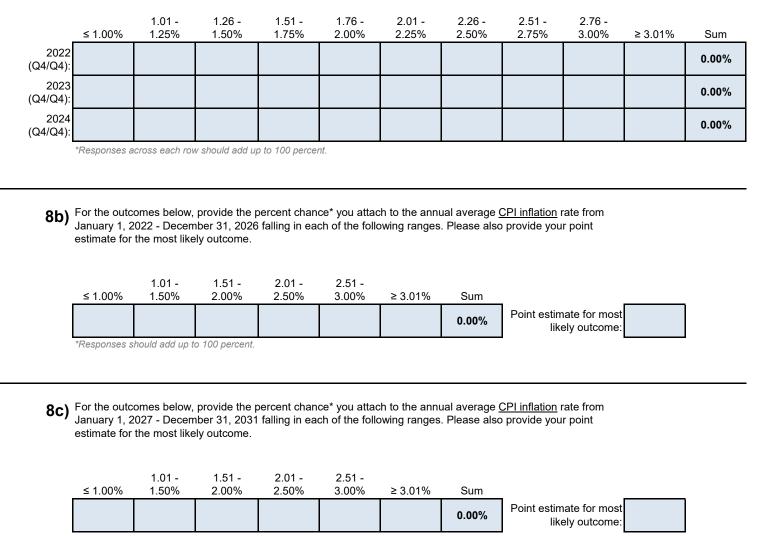


If you assigned a non-zero probability above, please provide your estimate of the most likely total amount of additional U.S. federal fiscal policy spending and revenue measures to be signed into law over the next 12 months (January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022), conditional on there being such additional measures.

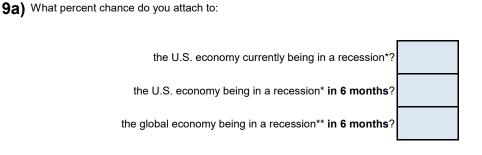
Additional spending estimate	Additional revenue estimate	
(\$ billions):	(\$ billions):	

into law

8a) Please provide the percent chance\* you attach to the following outcomes for <u>headline PCE inflation</u> in 2022, 2023, and 2024 (Q4/Q4).



\*Responses should add up to 100 percent.



## \*NBER-defined recession

\*\*Previous IMF staff work has suggested that a "global recession" can be characterized as a period during which there is a decline in annual percapita real global GDP, backed up by a decline or worsening in one or more of the following global macroeconomic indicators: industrial production, trade, capital flows, oil consumption and unemployment.

9b) Please explain the factors behind any change to your expectations in part a since the last policy survey.

**10a)** Provide your estimate of the most likely outcome for output, inflation, and unemployment.

	Real GDP (Q4/Q4 Growth)	Core PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4)	Headline PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4)	Unemployment Rate (Q4 Average Level)
2022:				
2023:				
2024:				
Longer run:				

**10b)** Please explain changes, if any, to your estimates in part a since the last policy survey.

Thank you for your time and input. Please send survey responses to ny.mktpolicysurvey@ny.frb.org