RESPONSES TO SURVEY OF PRIMARY DEALERS

Markets Group, Federal Reserve Bank of New York



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The Survey of Primary Dealers is formulated by the Trading Desk at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to enhance policymakers' understanding of market expectations on a variety of topics related to the economy, monetary policy and financial markets. The questions involve only topics that are widely discussed in the public domain and never presume any particular policy action. FOMC participants are not involved in the survey's design.

For most questions, median responses across dealers, along with the 25th and 75th percentiles, are reported. For questions that ask respondents to give a probability distribution, the average response across dealers for each potential outcome is reported. Brief summaries of the comments received in free response form are also provided.

Responses were received from 25 primary dealers. Except where noted, all 25 dealers responded to each question. In some cases, dealers may not have provided complete responses (e.g. may not have provided forecasts extending to the same time horizon as requested in the survey). In these instances, the number of respondents who answered all parts of the question is indicated.

List of Primary Dealers: www.newyorkfed.org/markets/primarydealers

¹ Answers may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

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1a) Provide below your expectations for <u>changes</u>, if any, to the language referencing each of the following topics in the March FOMC statement. <u>Please write N/A if you do not expect any changes</u>.

Current economic conditions:

Some dealers indicated they expected a reference to recent banking sector stress, and several dealers specifically indicated they expected a reference to increased uncertainty or elevated risks in this context. Several dealers indicated they expected the characterization of modest growth in spending and production to be upgraded. Several indicated they expected continued mention of the strong labor market. Several expected continued reference to elevated inflation or elevated inflation components. Several dealers indicated they expected little or no change.

Economic outlook and communication on the expected path of the target federal funds rate: (24 responses)

Some dealers indicated they expected little or no change. Several dealers indicated they expected a reference to increased uncertainty or elevated risks in the context of recent banking sector stress.

Communication on tools other than the target federal funds rate:

(23 responses)

Many dealers indicated they expected little or no change. Several dealers indicated they expected or saw as possible a reference to the Federal Reserve being prepared to use its available tools to help address recent banking sector stress.

Other:

(15 responses)

Dealers did not provide significant commentary in this section.

1b) What are your expectations for the most likely levels of the medians of FOMC participants' <u>target federal</u> funds rate projections in the SEP? Please provide your responses out to three decimal places.

	Year-end 2023	Year-end 2024	Year-end 2025	Longer Run
25th Percentile	5.13%	4.13%	3.13%	2.50%
Median	5.38%	4.38%	3.13%	2.50%
75th Percentile	5.38%	4.38%	3.38%	2.50%
# of Respondents	25	25	25	25

1c) What are your expectations for the Chair's press conference?

Most dealers indicated they expected the Chair to discuss recent banking sector stress, and several dealers indicated they expected a reference to increased uncertainty or elevated risks in this context. Some dealers indicated they expected a reference to recent actions taken by the official sector.

Several dealers indicated they expected the Chair to communicate a distinction between financial stability tools and monetary policy tools.

Some dealers indicated they expected the Chair to reiterate the FOMC's commitment to returning inflation to target. Several dealers indicated they expected a reference to elevated inflation. Several dealers indicated they expected the Chair to note that the peak level of the target rate is anticipated to be higher than previously expected.

Provide your estimate of the most likely outcome (i.e., the mode) for the target federal funds rate or range, as applicable, immediately following the FOMC meetings and at the end of each of the following quarters and years below. For the time periods at which you expect a target range, please indicate the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

	Mar. 21-22	May 2-3	Jun. 13-14	Jul. 25-26	Sep. 19-20	Oct. 31- Nov. 1	Dec. 12-13
25th Percentile	4.88%	4.88%	5.13%	5.13%	5.13%	5.13%	5.13%
Median	4.88%	5.13%	5.13%	5.13%	5.13%	5.13%	5.13%
75th Percentile	4.88%	5.13%	5.38%	5.38%	5.38%	5.38%	5.38%
# of Respondents	25	25	25	25	25	25	25

	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4
25th Percentile	4.63%	4.06%	3.50%	3.06%
Median	4.88%	4.38%	4.00%	3.63%
75th Percentile	5.19%	4.69%	4.38%	4.13%
# of Respondents	24	24	24	24

	2025 Q1	2025 Q2	2025 Q3	2025 Q4	2026	2027
25th Percentile	2.88%	2.63%	2.38%	2.38%	2.31%	2.31%
Median	3.13%	3.13%	2.88%	2.88%	2.44%	2.44%
75th Percentile	3.88%	3.38%	3.13%	3.13%	2.88%	2.88%
# of Respondents	21	21	21	21	20	20

2b) In addition, provide your estimate of the longer run target federal funds rate and your expectation for the average federal funds rate over the next 10 years.

	10-yr Average FF Rate	Longer Run
25th Percentile	2.75%	2.38%
Median	2.90%	2.50%
75th Percentile	3.17%	2.63%
# of Respondents	25	25

Please indicate the percent chance that you attach to the target federal funds rate or range falling in each of the following ranges immediately following the March and May FOMC meetings and at the end of 2023 and 2024. If you expect a target range, please use the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

(24 responses)

	Fed	eral Fun	ds Rate c	or Range	after the	March 20	023 FOM	C Meeting	g	
	<= 4.25%	4.26 - 4.50%	4.51 - 4.75%	4.76 - 5.00%	5.01 - 5.25%	5.26 - 5.50%	5.51 - 5.75%	5.76 - 6.00%	6.01 - 6.25%	>= 6.26%
Average	1%	3%	28%	59%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

	Fe	deral Fui	nds Rate	or Range	e after the	e May 202	23 FOMC	Meeting		
	<= 4.25%	4.26 - 4.50%	4.51 - 4.75%	4.76 - 5.00%	5.01 - 5.25%	5.26 - 5.50%	5.51 - 5.75%	5.76 - 6.00%	6.01 - 6.25%	>= 6.26%
Average	3%	5%	14%	26%	42%	10%	1%	0%	0%	0%

Federal Funds Rate or Range at the End of 2023										
	<= 4.25%	4.26 - 4.50%	4.51 - 4.75%	4.76 - 5.00%	5.01 - 5.25%	5.26 - 5.50%	5.51 - 5.75%	5.76 - 6.00%	6.01 - 6.25%	>= 6.26%
Average	10%	5%	11%	14%	24%	20%	10%	4%	2%	1%

	Federal Funds Rate or Range at the End of 2024										
	<= 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.50%	3.51 - 4.00%	4.01 - 4.50%	4.51 - 5.00%	5.01 - 5.50%	>= 5.51%	
Average	9%	6%	7%	14%	16%	15%	13%	6%	4%	10%	

2d) Please indicate the percent chance that you attach to the <u>highest level of the target range for the federal funds rate before the target range is next decreased falling in each of the following ranges.</u>

	<= 4.25%	4.26 - 4.50%	4.51 - 4.75%	4.76 - 5.00%	5.01 - 5.25%	5.26 - 5.50%	5.51 - 5.75%	5.76 - 6.00%	6.01 - 6.25%	>= 6.26%
Average	0%	0%	12%	15%	27%	21%	12%	5%	3%	5%

Please indicate the percent chance that you attach to the longer run target federal funds rate — the level the target federal funds rate would be expected to converge to under appropriate monetary policy and in the absence of further shocks to the economy — falling in each of the following ranges.

	<= 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.50%	>= 3.51%
Average	4%	10%	38%	31%	12%	5%

The following matrix lays out hypothetical scenarios in which the realized levels of the 2023 unemployment rate (Q4 average level) and 2023 core PCE inflation (Q4/Q4 growth) are either 50 basis points above, below, or equal to the medians of FOMC participants' projections for these indicators in the current (December 2022)

Summary of Economic Projections (SEP). For example, the upper left box represents a scenario in which the unemployment rate and core PCE inflation are both 50 basis points below the current SEP medians.

For each of the following scenarios, please indicate the level of the target federal funds rate or range that you expect would prevail at the end of Q4 2023. If you expect a target range, please indicate the midpoint of that range in providing your response.

054b Dama wille	D	2023 Unemployment Rate (Q4 average level)					
25th Percentile	Kesponses	- 50 bps	Current SEP median 4.6%	+ 50 bps			
	- 50 bps	4.88%	4.63%	4.13%			
2023 Core PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4 growth)	Current SEP median 3.5%	5.13%	5.13%	4.88%			
	+ 50 bps	5.63%	5.38%	5.13%			

Madiau Daar		2023 Unemployment Rate (Q4 average level)					
Median Res	ponses	- 50 bps	Current SEP median 4.6%	+ 50 bps			
	- 50 bps	5.13%	4.88%	4.38%			
2023 Core PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4 growth)	Current SEP median 3.5%	5.38%	5.13%	4.88%			
	+ 50 bps	5.88%	5.63%	5.38%			

754b Danas wills	D	2023 Unemployment Rate (Q4 average level)				
75th Percentile	th Percentile Responses		Current SEP median 4.6%	+ 50 bps		
	- 50 bps	5.13%	5.13%	4.63%		
2023 Core PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4 growth)	Current SEP median 3.5%	5.38%	5.13%	5.13%		
	+ 50 bps	6.13%	5.63%	5.63%		

4a) Please provide your modal expectation for the <u>total net change in SOMA holdings</u> of U.S. Treasury securities and agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) over each of the periods below.

If you expect SOMA holdings to increase on net in a given period, for example through net asset purchases, please enter a positive number. If you expect SOMA holdings to be unchanged on net in a given period, for example through reinvestments that result in no net change in holdings, please enter 0. If you expect SOMA holdings to decline on net in a given period, for example through maturities or paydowns that exceed any reinvestments or through sales, please enter a negative number.

		Net Change	e in U.S. Treasu	ry Securities (\$	billions)		
	Mar. 2023	Apr. 2023	May 2023	Jun. 2023	Jul. 2023	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023
25th Percentile	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60
Median	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60
75th Percentile	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60	-60
# of Respondents	25	25	25	25	25	25	25

Net Change in U.S. Treasury Securities (\$ billions)									
	2023 Q4	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2025 Q2	2025 Q3	2025 Q4
25th Percentile	-180	-180	-180	-142	-105	0	0	0	0
Median	-180	-174	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75th Percentile	-120	0	0	8	8	49	52	59	55
# of Respondents	25	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	23

Net Change in Agency MBS (\$ billions)									
	Mar. 2023	Apr. 2023	May 2023	Jun. 2023	Jul. 2023	Aug. 2023	Sep. 2023		
25th Percentile	-20	-20	-20	-20	-21	-21	-20		
Median	-18	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20		
75th Percentile	-15	-17	-15	-17	-17	-17	-17		
# of Respondents	24	24	24	24	24	24	24		

Net Change in Agency MBS (\$ billions)									
	2023 Q4	2024 Q1	2024 Q2	2024 Q3	2024 Q4	2025 Q1	2025 Q2	2025 Q3	2025 Q4
25th Percentile	-60	-61	-64	-66	-59	-58	-60	-62	-58
Median	-58	-51	-50	-50	-50	-50	-53	-50	-50
75th Percentile	-45	-30	0	0	0	-15	-15	0	0
# of Respondents	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	23

4b) Please indicate the period in which you expect the SOMA portfolio will cease to decline as well as the size of the SOMA portfolio when it ceases to decline. Please also indicate the size of specified liabilities, reserves and take-up at the overnight reverse repurchase facility, when the SOMA portfolio ceases to decline.

	Period in which SOMA portfolio ceases to decline*	Size of SOMA portfolio when it ceases to decline**	Size of reserves***	Take-up at the overnight reverse repurchase facility****
25th Percentile	2023 Q4	6,250	2,375	625
Median	2024 Q2	6,750	2,375	875
75th Percentile	2025 Q1	7,250	2,875	1,625
# of Respondents	25	25	25	25

*Dropdown selections: Q1 2023, Q2 2023, Q3 2023, Q4 2023, Q1 2024, Q2 2024, Q3 2024, Q4 2024, Q1 2025, Q2 2025, Q3 2025, Q4 2025, Q1 2026, Q2 2026, Q3 2026, Q4 2026, Q1 2027, Q2 2027, Q3 2027, Q4 2027, Q1 2028, Q2 2028, Q3 2028, Q4 2028, Q1 2029 or later.

**Dropdown selections: \$0-500bn, \$501-1000bn, \$1001-1500bn, \$1501-2000bn, \$2001-2500bn, \$2501-3000bn, \$3001-3500bn, \$3501-4000bn, \$4001-4500bn, \$4501-5000bn, \$5001-5500bn, \$5501-6000bn, \$6001-6500bn, \$6501-7000bn, \$7001-7500bn, \$7501-8000bn, \$8001bn or larger

***Dropdown selections: \$1000bn or smaller, \$1001-1250bn, \$1251-1500bn, \$1501-1750bn, \$1751-2000bn, \$2001-2250bn, \$2251-2500bn, \$2501-2750bn, \$2751-3000bn, \$3001-3250bn, \$3251-3500bn, \$3501-3750bn, \$3751-4000bn, \$4001bn or larger.

****Dropdown selections: \$0-250bn, \$251-500bn, \$501-750bn, \$751-1000bn, \$1001-1250bn, \$1251-1500bn, \$1501-1750bn, \$1751-2000bn, \$2001-2250bn, \$2251-2500bn, \$2501bn or larger.

4c) Please indicate the percent chance that you attach to the size of the SOMA portfolio falling in each of the following ranges when it ceases to decline. For reference, Securities Held Outright in the SOMA portfolio on March 1, 2023 was \$7,949 billion according to the most recent H.4.1 release.

	\$4000bn	\$4001-	\$4501-	\$5001-	\$5501-	\$6001-	\$6501-	\$7001-	\$7501bn
	or smaller	4500bn	5000bn	5500bn	6000bn	6500bn	7000bn	7500bn	or larger
Average	1%	1%	3%	8%	13%	13%	20%	23%	18%

4d) Please provide any additional information on your expectations for balance sheet reduction, including the period in which you expect the SOMA portfolio will cease to decline and the factors behind your expectations. Please include any factors that influenced the probability that you assigned to the distribution of outcomes in part c above.

(23 responses)

Several dealers indicated they saw a risk of an earlier end to balance sheet reduction due to banking sector stress. Several dealers indicated they expected balance sheet reduction to end around the time the Fed starts reducing the level of the target range, and several expected that the start of a recession would be a determining factor. Several dealers indicated they expected a rotation of MBS maturities into Treasuries.

Please provide the percent chance you attach to the following outcomes for U.S. real GDP growth in 2023 and 2024 (Q4/Q4).

	Probability Distribution of U.S. Real GDP Growth in 2023 (Q4/Q4)									
		-1.00 - -0.51%					1.51 - 2.00%		2.51 - 3.00%	>= 3.01%
Average	8%	12%	20%	22%	16%	11%	5%	2%	2%	2%

	Probability Distribution of U.S. Real GDP Growth in 2024 (Q4/Q4)									
		-1.00 - -0.51%								>= 3.01%
Average	4%	5%	9%	12%	16%	20%	15%	9%	5%	5%

Please also provide your point estimate for the most likely outcome.

U.S. Re	U.S. Real GDP Modal Point Estimates (Q4/Q4)								
	2023 2024								
25th Percentile	-0.25%	0.90%							
Median	0.20%	1.20%							
75th Percentile	0.80%	1.90%							
# of Respondents	25	25							

6) Please indicate your modal projections for headline and core PCE inflation for each of the following quarters.*

Headline P	CE Inflatio	n Quarter	ly Modal P	oint Estin	nates
	Q1 2023 (saar)	Q2 2023 (saar)	Q3 2023 (saar)	Q4 2023 (saar)	Q1 2024 (saar)
25th Percentile	4.2%	2.7%	2.5%	2.3%	2.2%
Median	4.6%	3.1%	2.9%	2.7%	2.5%
75th Percentile	4.7%	3.8%	3.1%	2.9%	2.7%
# of Respondents	25	25	25	25	24

Core PCE Inflation Quarterly Modal Point Estimates								
	Q1 2023 (saar)	Q2 2023 (saar)	Q3 2023 (saar)	Q4 2023 (saar)	Q1 2024 (saar)			
25th Percentile	4.8%	3.1%	2.6%	2.3%	2.3%			
Median	4.9%	3.5%	2.8%	2.6%	2.5%			
75th Percentile	5.3%	4.0%	3.0%	3.0%	2.7%			
# of Respondents	25	25	25	25	24			

7a) Please provide the percent chance you attach to the following outcomes for <u>headline PCE inflation</u> in 2023 and 2024 (Q4/Q4).

(24 responses)

	Probability Distribution of Headline PCE Inflation in 2023 (Q4/Q4)									
	<= 2.00%	2.01 - 2.25%	2.26 - 2.50%	2.51 - 2.75%	2.76 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.25%	3.26 - 3.50%	3.51 - 3.75%	3.76 - 4.00%	>= 4.01%
Average	4%	4%	7%	12%	13%	15%	14%	13%	9%	10%

	Probability Distribution of Headline PCE Inflation in 2024 (Q4/Q4)									
	<= 1.50%	1.51 - 1.75%	1.76 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.25%	2.26 - 2.50%	2.51 - 2.75%	2.76 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.25%	3.26 - 3.50%	>= 3.51%
Average	6%	6%	10%	17%	22%	16%	10%	6%	3%	4%

Please also provide your point estimate for the most likely outcome.

Headline PCE Inflation Modal Point Estimates (Q4/Q4)							
	2023	2024					
25th Percentile	3.00%	2.10%					
Median	3.29%	2.35%					
75th Percentile	3.60%	2.50%					
# of Respondents	25	24					

7b) For the outcomes below, provide the percent chance you attach to the annual average <u>CPI inflation</u> rate from March 1, 2023 - February 29, 2028 falling in each of the following ranges. Please also provide your point estimate for the most likely outcome.

(24 responses)

	<= 0.50%	0.51 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.50%	>= 3.51%
Average	1%	1%	4%	12%	26%	28%	19%	9%

	Most Likely Outcome
25th Percentile	2.50%
Median	2.70%
75th Percentile	2.90%
# of Respondents	24

7c) For the outcomes below, provide the percent chance you attach to the annual average <u>CPI inflation</u> rate from March 1, 2028 - February 28, 2033 falling in each of the following ranges. Please also provide your point estimate for the most likely outcome.

(24 responses)

	<= 0.50%	0.51 - 1.00%	1.01 - 1.50%	1.51 - 2.00%	2.01 - 2.50%	2.51 - 3.00%	3.01 - 3.50%	>= 3.51%
Average	1%	2%	7%	22%	37%	20%	8%	3%

	Most Likely Outcome
25th Percentile	2.20%
Median	2.30%
75th Percentile	2.40%
# of Respondents	24

8a) What percent chance do you attach to:

the U.S. economy currently being in a recession*? the U.S. economy being in a recession* in 6 months? the global economy being in a recession** in 6 months?

	Currently in U.S. Recession	U.S. Recession in 6 Months	Global Recession in 6 Months
25th Percentile	5%	30%	38%
Median	10%	50%	50%
75th Percentile	10%	65%	65%
# of Respondents	25	25	24

^{*}NBER-defined recession

8b) What percent chance do you attach to the U.S. economy first entering a recession* in each of the following periods?

	2022**	H1 2023	H2 2023	H1 2024	H2 2024	No recession by end 2024
Average	1%	20%	34%	19%	8%	17%

^{*}NBER-defined recession

Provide your estimate of the most likely outcome for output, inflation, and unemployment.(16 responses)

^{**}Previous IMF staff work has suggested that a "global recession" can be characterized as a period during which there is a decline in annual per-capita real global GDP, backed up by a decline or worsening in one or more of the following global macroeconomic indicators: industrial production, trade, capital flows, oil consumption and unemployment.

^{**}Percent chance that the economy first entered an NBER-defined recession in 2022.

		2023	2024	2025	Longer Run
	25th Percentile	-0.25%	0.90%	1.80%	1.80%
Real GDP (Q4/Q4 Growth)	Median	0.20%	1.20%	1.95%	1.80%
	75th Percentile	0.80%	1.90%	2.23%	2.00%
	25th Percentile	3.30%	2.18%	2.00%	
Core PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4)	Median	3.40%	2.40%	2.05%	
	75th Percentile	3.70%	2.53%	2.30%	
	25th Percentile	3.00%	2.10%	2.00%	2.00%
Headline PCE Inflation (Q4/Q4)	Median	3.29%	2.35%	2.10%	2.00%
	75th Percentile	3.60%	2.50%	2.26%	2.00%
	25th Percentile	3.90%	4.50%	4.38%	4.00%
Unemployment Rate (Q4 Average Level)	Median	4.10%	4.60%	4.60%	4.00%
(<i>a.r.</i> ,	75th Percentile	4.30%	5.00%	4.73%	4.20%