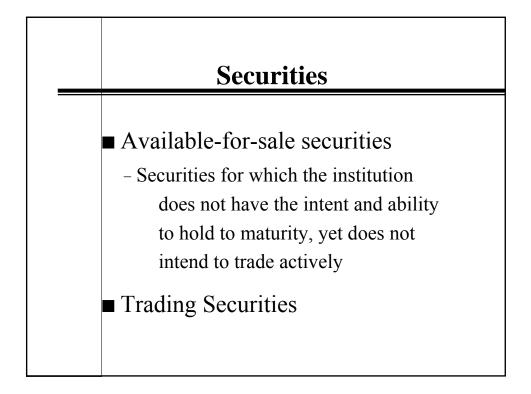
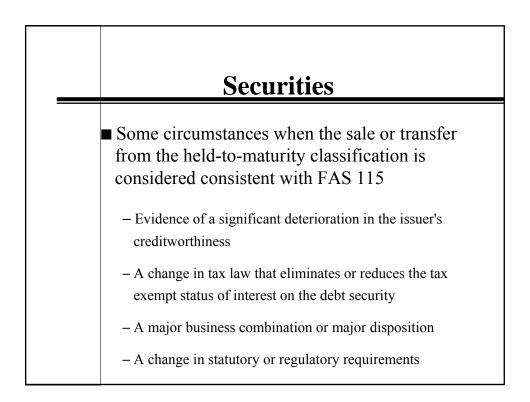
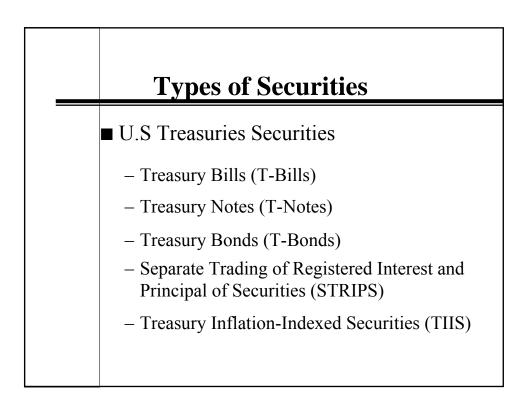


 Securities
<ul> <li>Held-to-maturity securities</li> <li>Management must have <u>both</u> the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity</li> <li>Carried at amortized cost on Schedule RAL, Lines 1.b and 1.c</li> </ul>

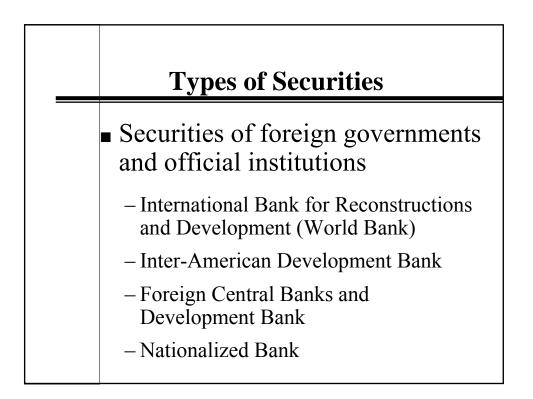


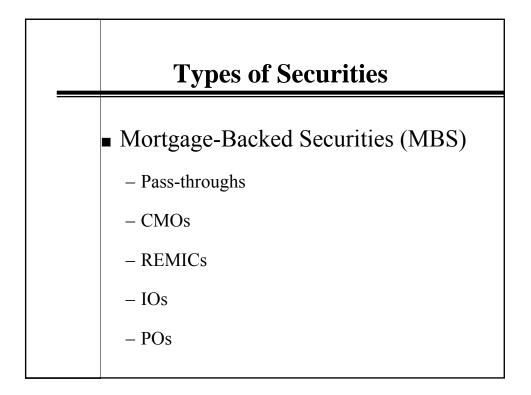


 Securities				
<ul> <li>Circumstances when the sale or transfer from the held-to-maturity classification is considered "inconsistent" with FAS 115</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Changes in foreign currency risk</li> <li>Changes in market interest rates</li> <li>Changes in available alternative investments</li> <li>Changes in funding sources and terms</li> <li>Changes in the security's prepayment risk</li> <li>Changes in the marginal tax rate</li> <li>A liquidity need</li> </ul>				

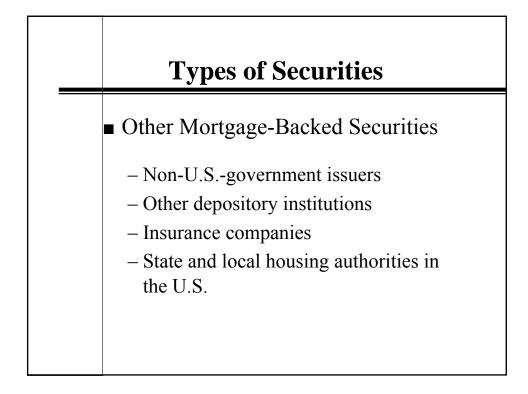


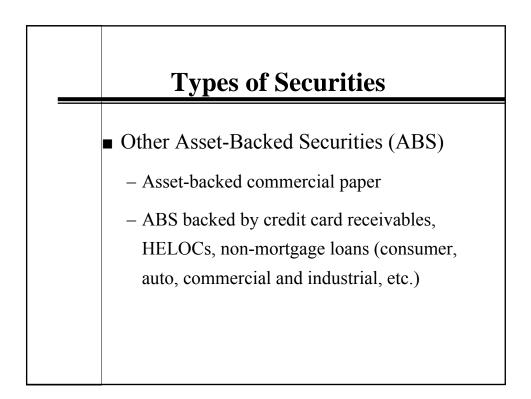
Types of S	ecurities
<ul> <li>U.S Government Ag (excluding mortgage</li> <li>Export-Import Bank</li> <li>FHA</li> <li>GNMA</li> <li>Maritime Administration</li> <li>SBA</li> <li>FAMC (Farmer Mac)</li> </ul>	gency obligations
<ul><li>TVA</li><li>U.S. Postal Service</li></ul>	<ul><li>REFCORP</li><li>SLMA (Sallie Mae)</li></ul>

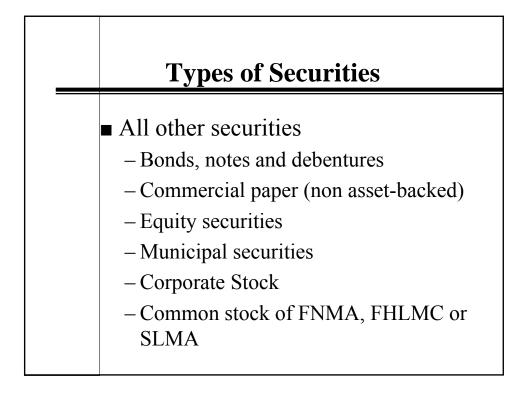


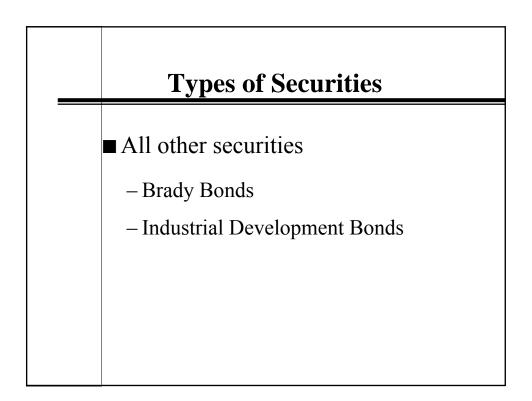


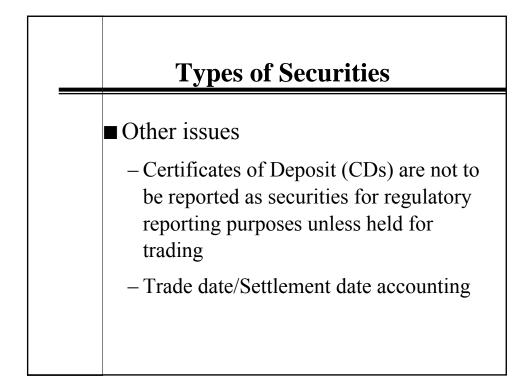
Types of Securities
<ul> <li>Mortgage-Backed Securities issued or guaranteed by U.S. Government agencies</li> </ul>
– FNMA
– FHLMC
– GNMA
– REMICs issued by the VA

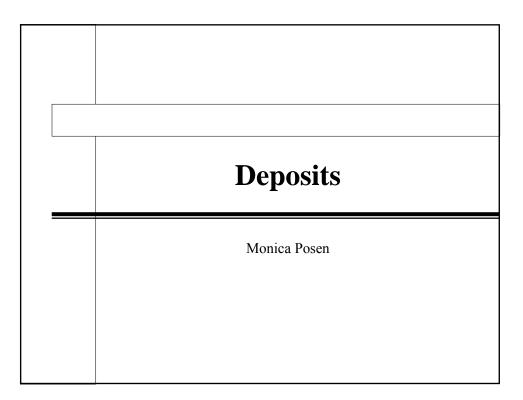


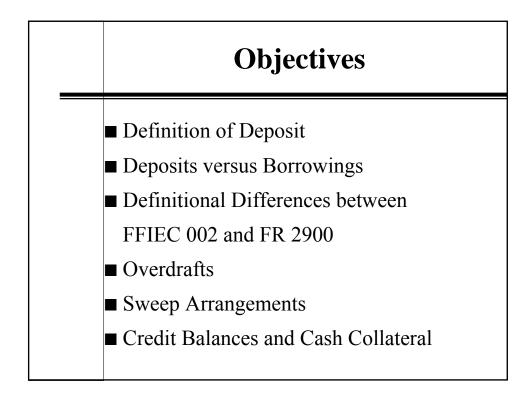


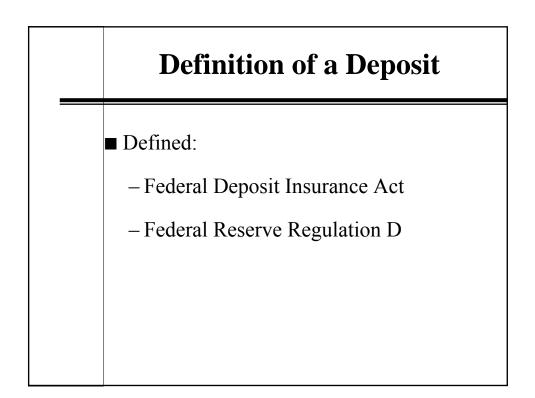


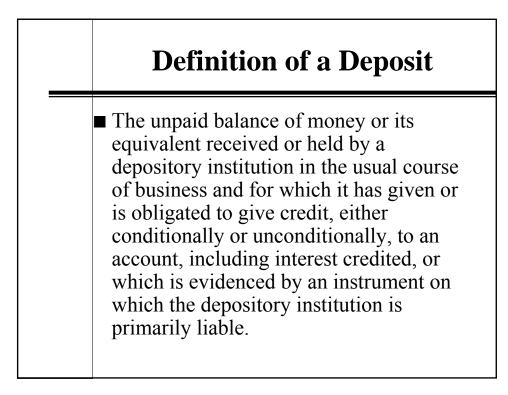


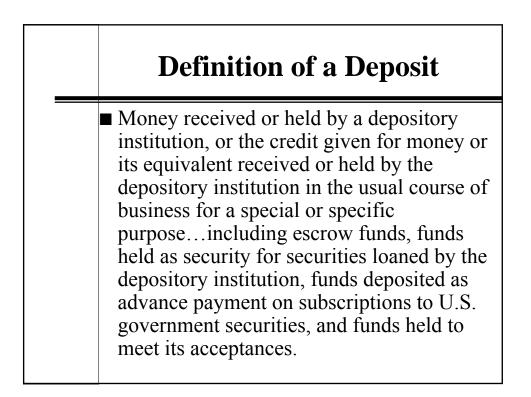


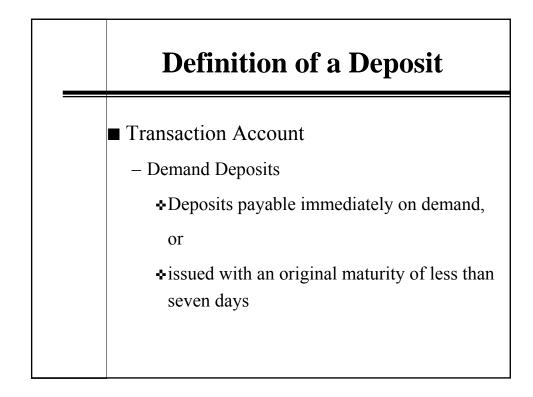


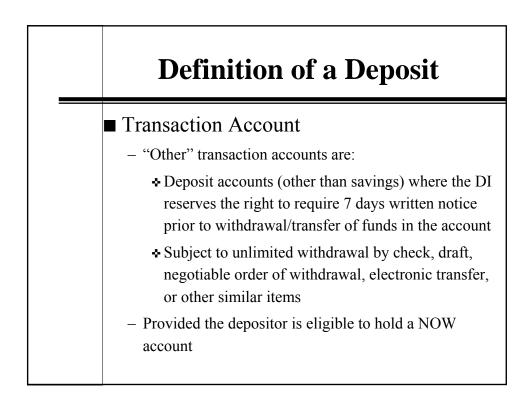


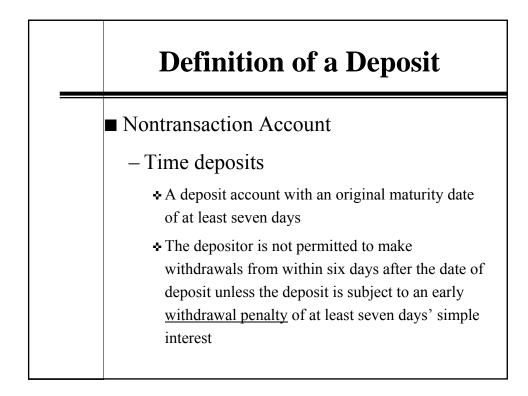


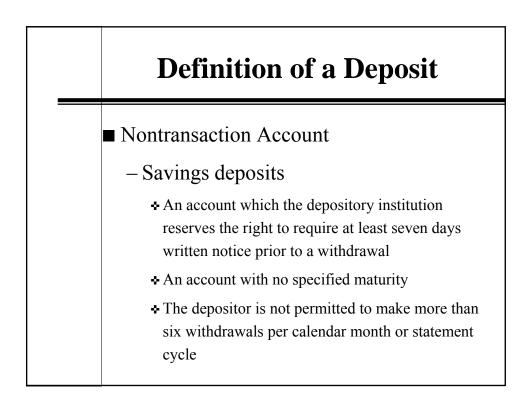


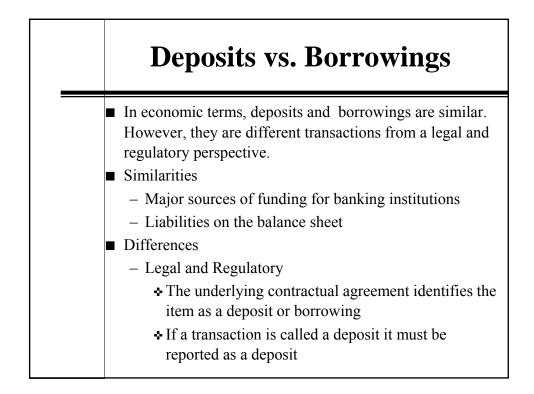


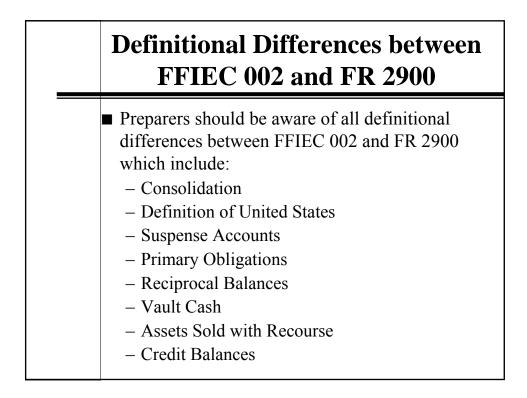


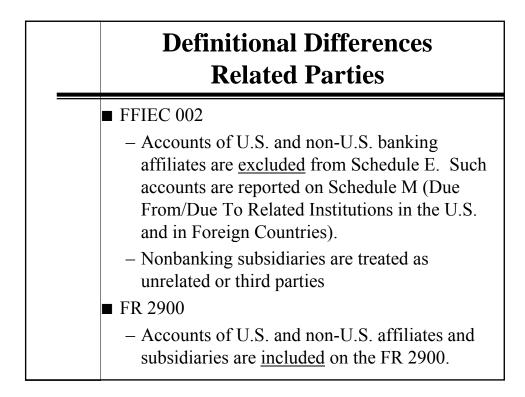


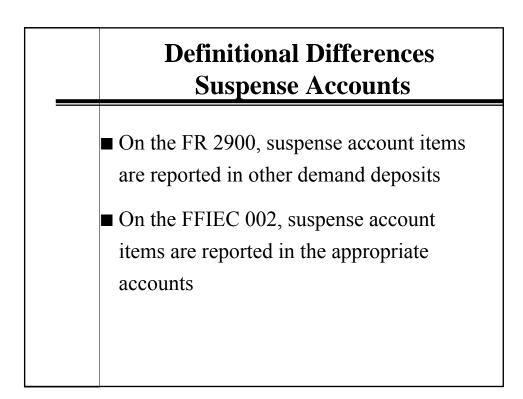


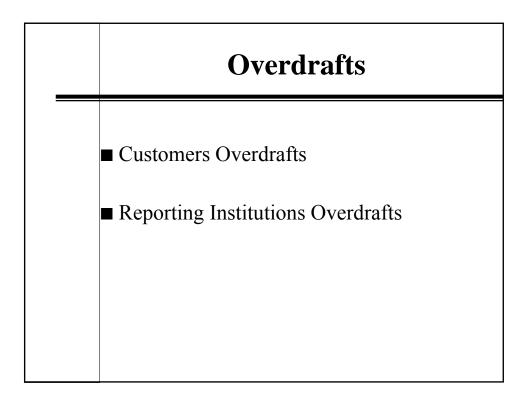


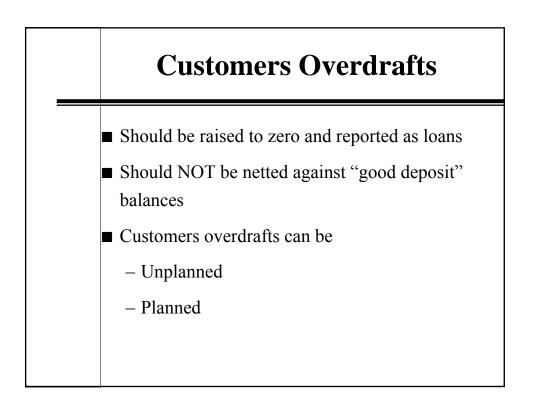


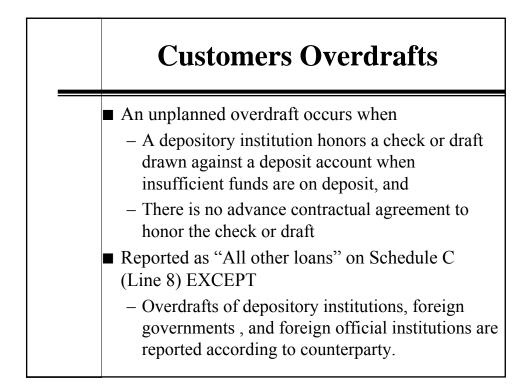


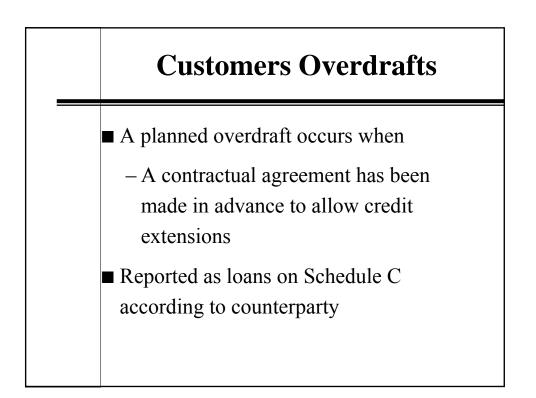


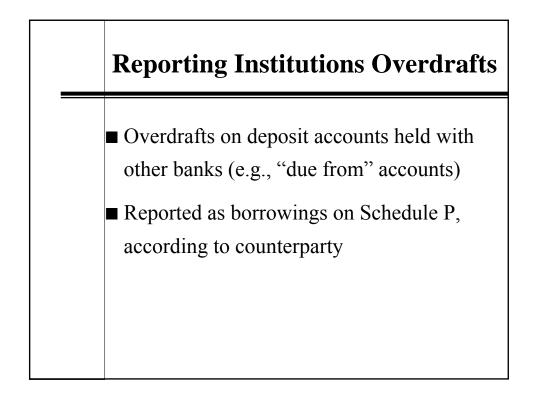




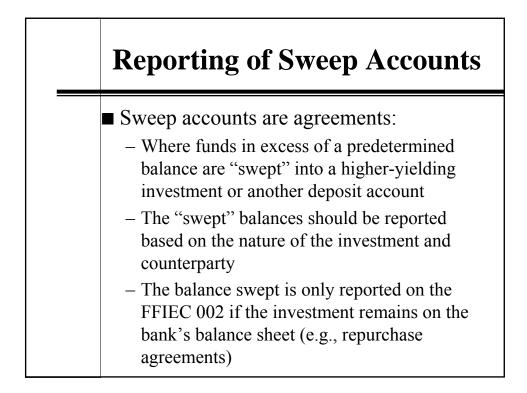


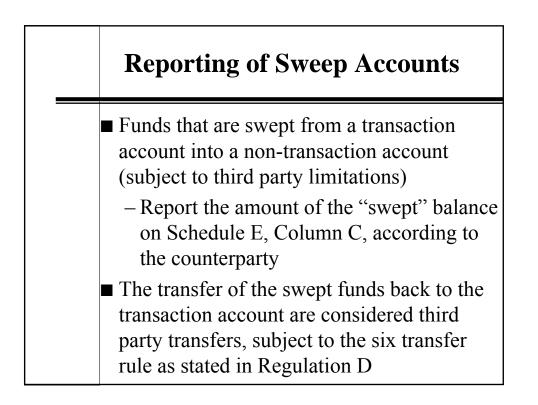


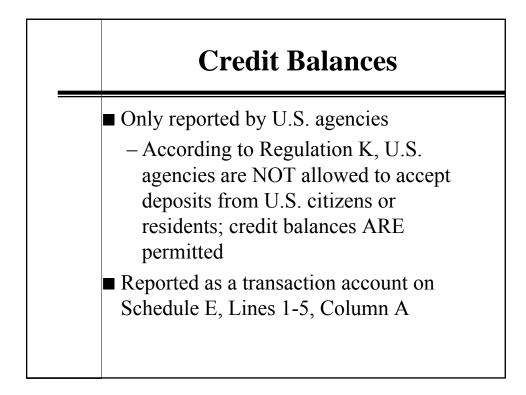




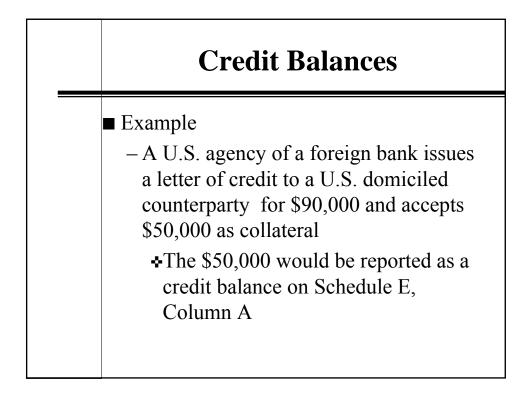
Type of Overdraft	Reporting Treatment
Unplanned	"All other loans" on Schedule C, Line 8 (except for unplanned overdrafts of depository institutions, foreign governments and foreign official institutions, which are reported according to counterparty)
Planned	Loans on Schedule C, according to counterparty
Reporting Institutions Overdrafts	Borrowings on Schedule P, according to counterparty

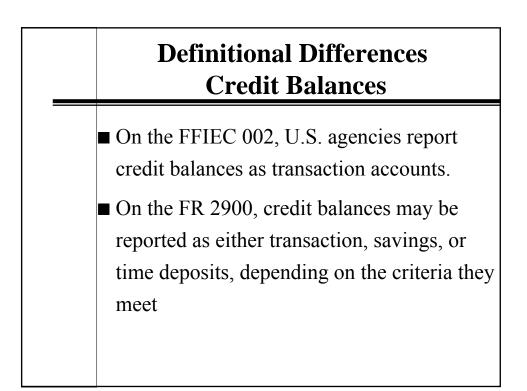


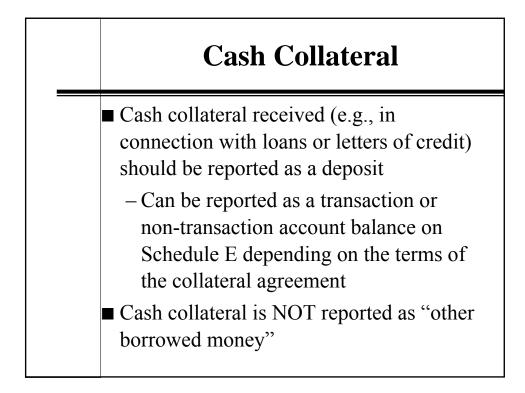




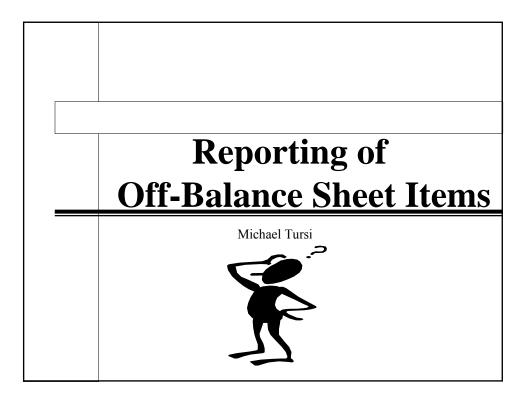
Credit Balances			
<ul> <li>An obligation is a credit balance if:         <ul> <li>It is generated by the exercise of other lawful banking powers</li> <li>It serves a specific purpose</li> <li>It is not solicited from the general public</li> <li>It is NOT used to pay routine expenses in the U.S.</li> <li>It is withdrawn within a reasonable period of time after the specific purpose for its placement has been accomplished</li> <li>It must generally be drawn upon in a manner reasonable in relation to the size and nature of the account</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			

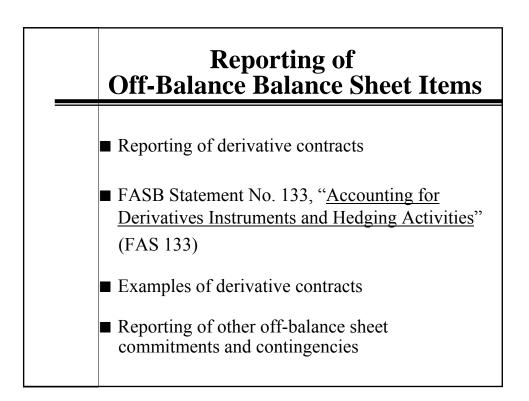




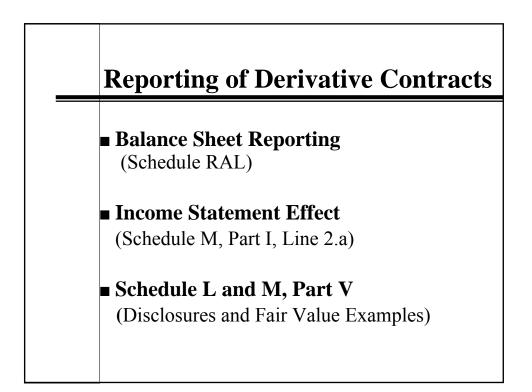


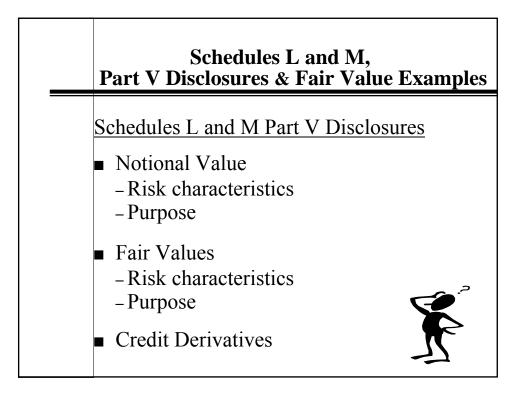
Cash Collateral		
<ul> <li>Example</li> <li>A commercial letter of credit can be fully or partially collateralized by cash</li> </ul>		
✤ For example, A U.S. branch of a foreign bank issues a commercial letter of credit of \$100,000 in which \$30,000 is fully collateralized		
<ul> <li>The non-collateralized portion (\$70,000) should be reported on Schedule L, Line 4</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>The collateralized portion (\$30,000) should be reported as a deposit on Schedule E, according to maturity and counterparty</li> </ul>		

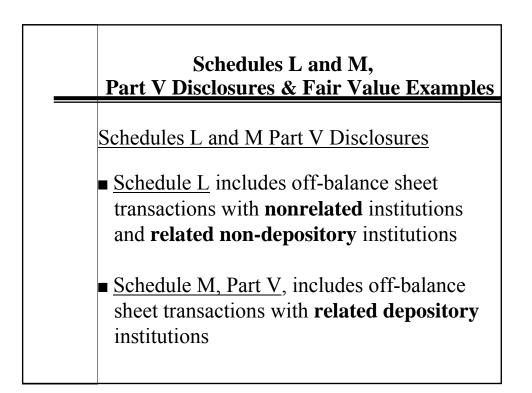


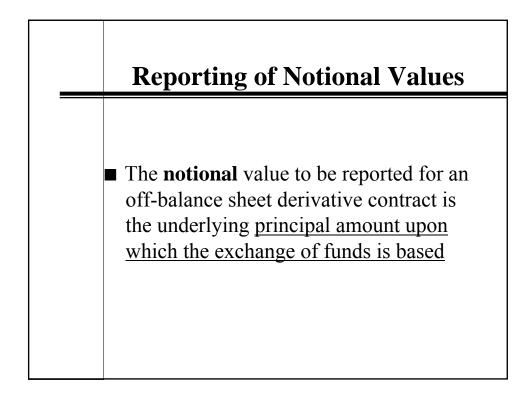


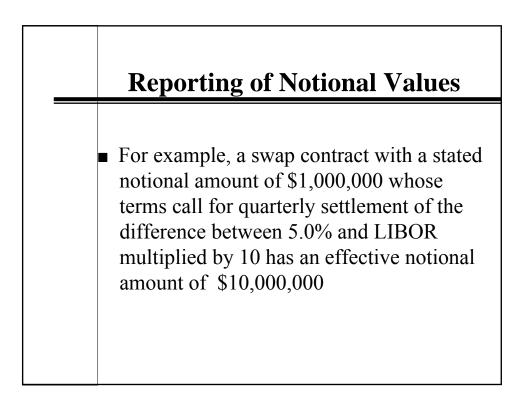
 Definitions		
<ul> <li>What is a "derivative"?</li> <li>A derivative instrument is a financial instrument or other contract with all of the following characteristics:</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>It has (1) one or more underlying and (2) one or more notional amounts or payment provisions or both</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Requires little or no initial net investment</li> <li>Its terms require or permit net settlement</li> </ul>		

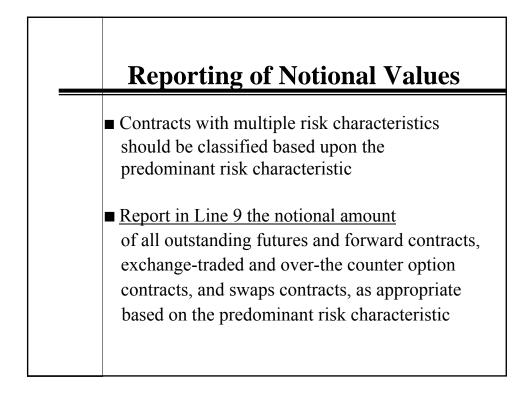


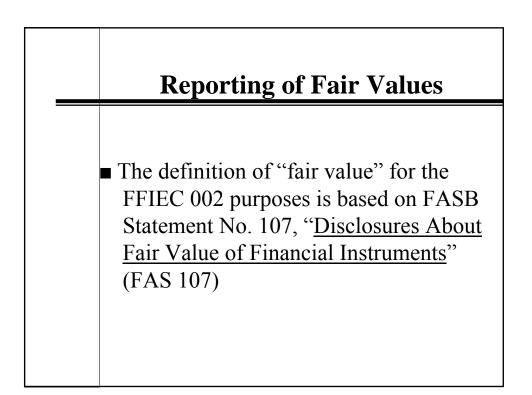


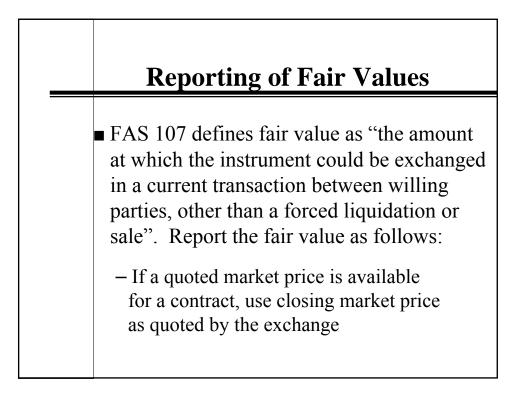


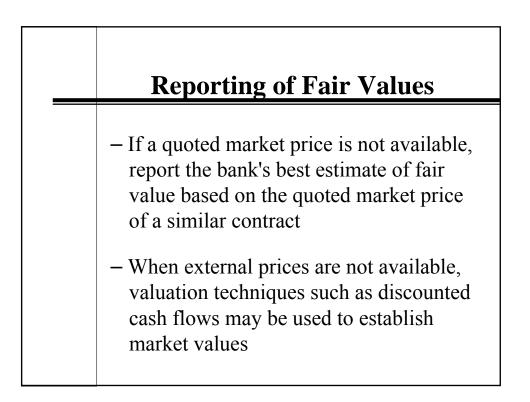


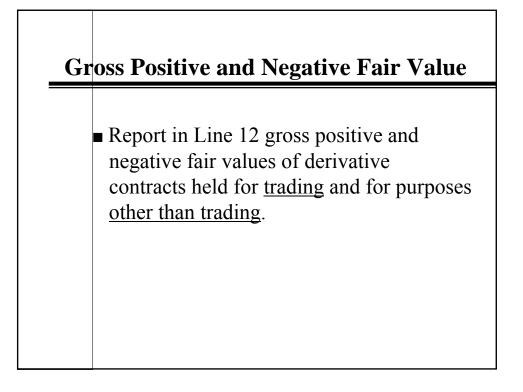


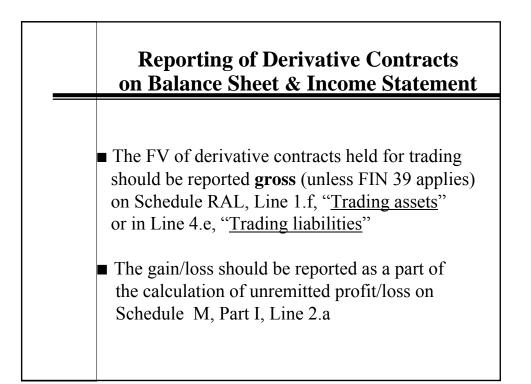


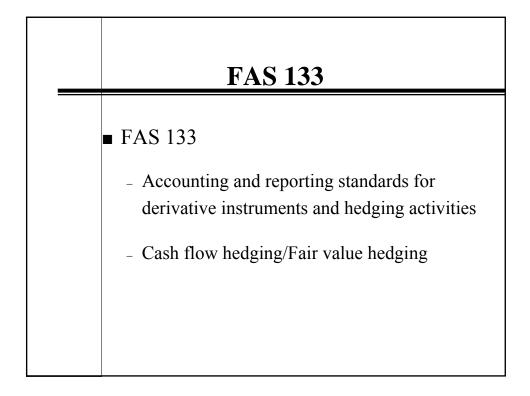




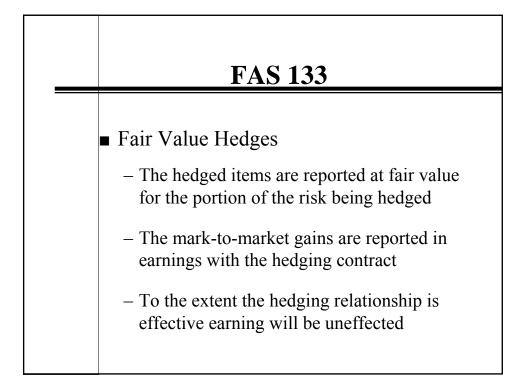


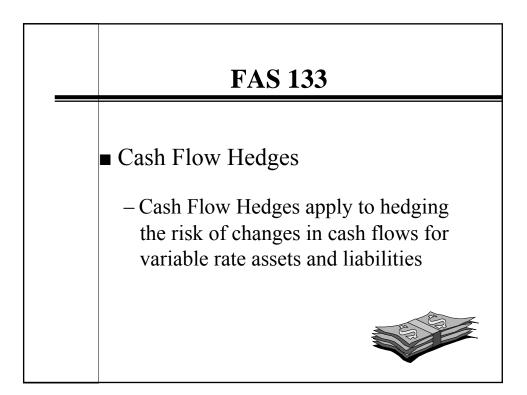


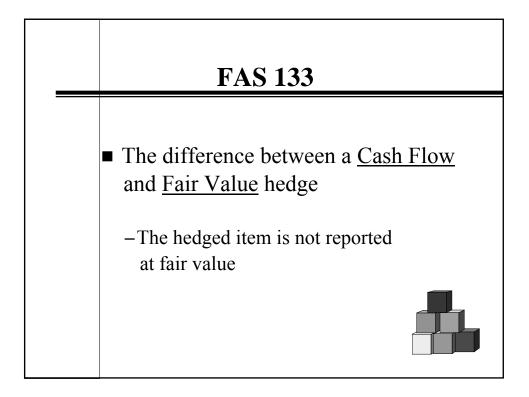


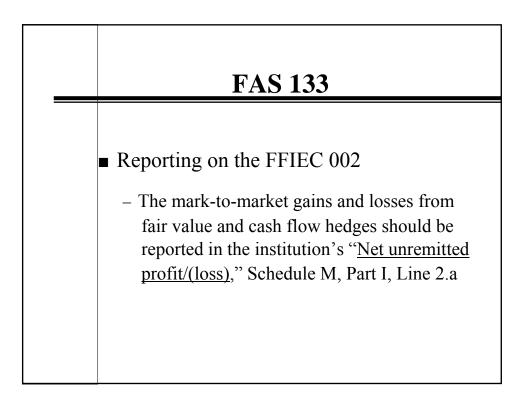


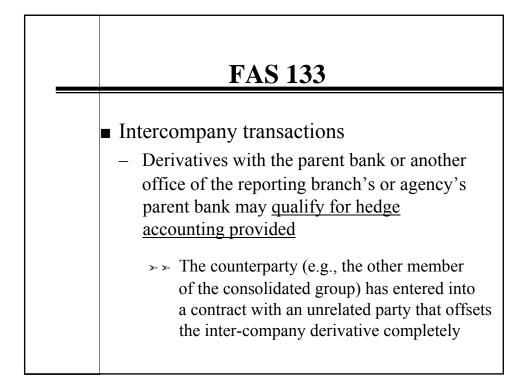
FAS 133
 Types of hedges
<ul> <li>The fair value of all non-trading derivatives will be reported on "Other assets" or "Other liabilities"</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>For depository institutions, the two predominate types of hedges are</li> </ul>
<ul><li>&gt; Fair Value</li><li>&gt; Cash Flow</li></ul>

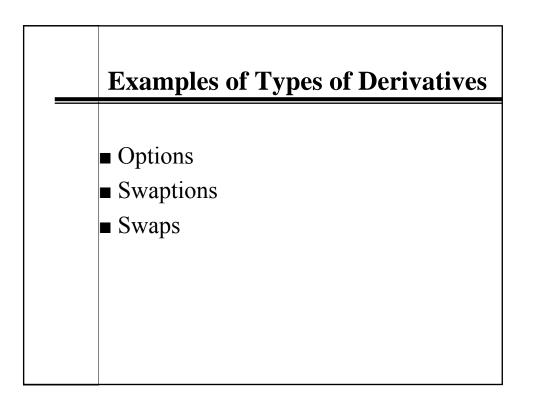


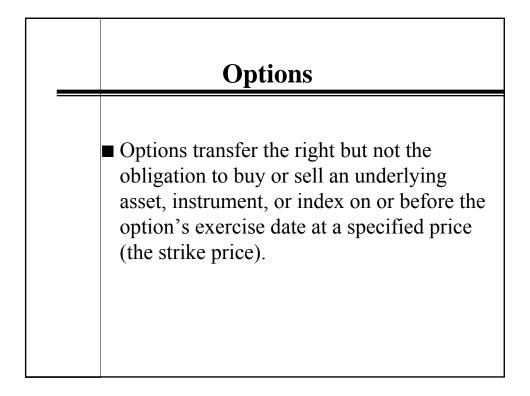


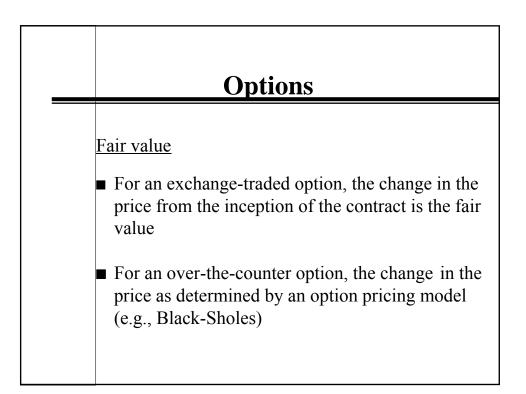


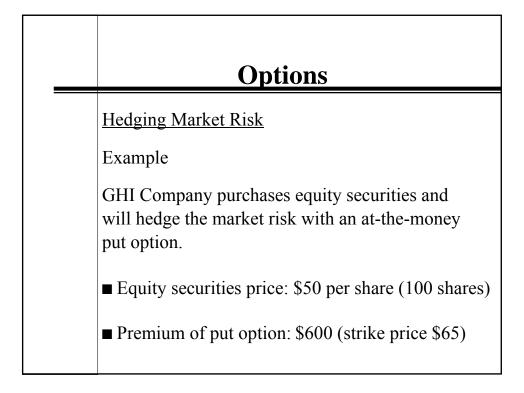










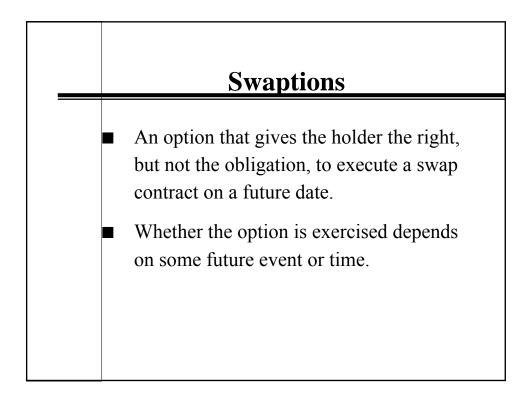


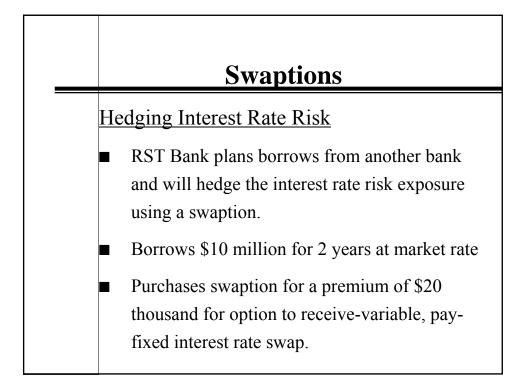
Options				
Option from inception to maturity				
	12/31/04	12/31/05	12/31/06	
MBI shares	<u>\$6500</u>	<u>\$6000</u>	<u>\$5700</u>	
Put option				
Time value	600	350	0	
Intrinsic value	0	<u>500</u>	800	
	<u>\$600</u>	<u>\$850</u>	<u>\$800</u>	
GHI Company exercises the option prior to the option's expiration on December 31, 2006.				

Opti	ons	
	Debit	Credit
$\frac{1}{2004}$	¢5000	
All other securities (Line 1.c(4)) Cash and balances due from depository ins	\$5000 st (Line 1 a)	\$5000
(To record purchase of MBI shares)	n. (Line 1.a)	φ5000
December 31, 2004		
All other securities (Line 1.c(4))	\$1500	
Net due to/from Head Office (Schedule M (To record appreciation of MBI shar		\$1500
Other assets (Line 1.h)	\$600	
Cash and balances due from depository ins (To record the purchase of the put op		\$600

Options	5	
	<u>Debit</u>	Credit
December 31, 2005		
Other assets (Line 1.h)	\$500	
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)		\$500
(To record the increase in the intrinsic value	of the opti	on)
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)	\$500	
All other securities (Line 1.c(4))		\$500
(To record the decrease in the fair value of th	e MBI sha	ares)
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)	\$250	
Other assets (Line 1.h)		\$250
(To record the ineffective portion of the chan	ige in FV o	of the option)

Options		
-	Debit	Credit
December 31, 2006 Other assets (Line 1.h) Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)	\$300	\$300
(To record the increase in the intrinsic value o	f the option)	4200
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)	\$300	\$300
All other securities (Line 1.c(4)) (To record the decrease in the fair value of MI	BI shares)	\$200
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)	\$350	¢250
Other assets (Line 1.h) (To record the ineffective portion of the chang	ge in FV of the	\$350 option)
Cash and balances due from depository inst. (Line 1	.a) \$6500	
Other assets (Line 1.h)		\$800 \$5700
All other securities (Line 1.c(4)) (To record the exercise of the option on 12/31)	/06 by deliveri	\$5700 ng shares.)

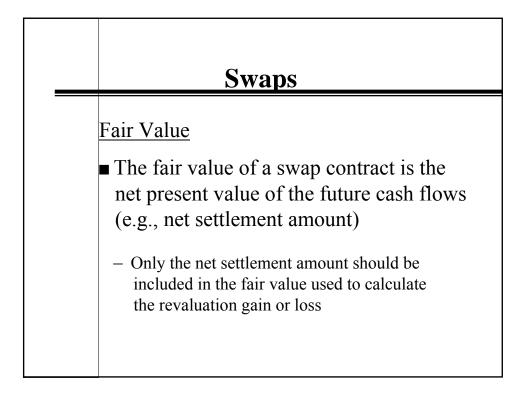




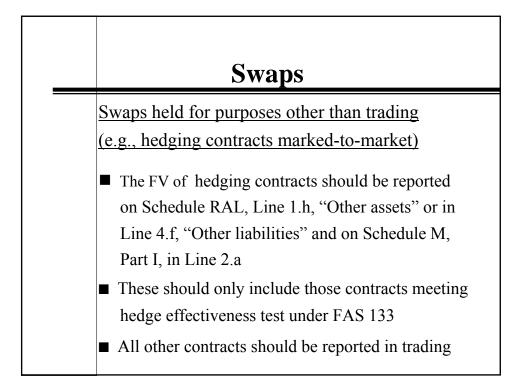
Swaptions		
1 0000	<u>Debit</u>	<u>Credit</u>
January 1, 2003 Other assets (Line 1.h)	\$20,000	
Cash and balances due from depository inst. (Line (To record the purchase of the swaption)		\$20,000
December 31, 2003		
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) Other assets (Line 1.h) (To record the change in the time value of the	\$20,000 e swaption)	\$20,000
Other assets (Line 1.h)	\$347,000	
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) (To record the change in the fair value (gain)	,	\$347,000 (tion)

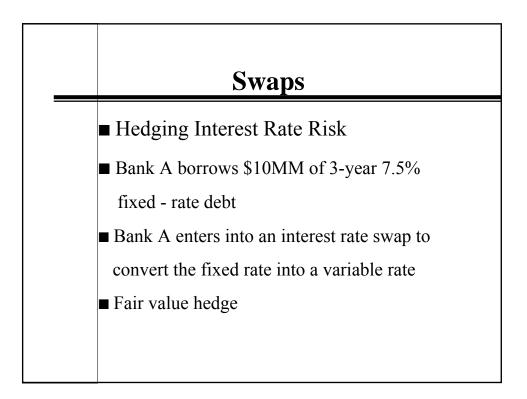
Swaptions	
L	Debit Credit
January 1, 2004 Cash and balances due from depository inst. (Line 1.a) Other assets (Line 1.h) (To record the settlement of the swaption)	\$347,000 \$347,000
Cash and balances due from depository inst. (Line 1.a) Other borrowed money (Line 4.c) (To record the issuance of the fixed-rate debt)	\$10MM \$10MM
December 31, 2004 Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) Cash and balances due from depository inst. (Line 1.a) (To record the interest payment on the debt)	\$1MM \$1MM

Swaptions	5	
	<u>Debit</u>	<u>Credit</u>
December 31, 2005		
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)	\$1MM	
Cash and balances due from depository inst. (Line	1.a)	\$1MM
(To record the interest payment on the debt)		
Other borrowed money (Line 4.c)	\$10MM	
Cash and balances due from depository inst. (Line	1.a)	\$10MM
(To record the repayment of the fixed-rate de	ht)	



Swaps
<ul> <li>Swaps held for trading</li> <li>The FV of these contracts should be reported on Schedule RAL, Line 1.f, "<u>Trading assets</u>" or in Line 4.e, "<u>Trading liabilities</u>"</li> </ul>
The the gain/loss should be reported as part of the calculation of unremitted profit/loss reported on Schedule M, Part I, in Line 2.a



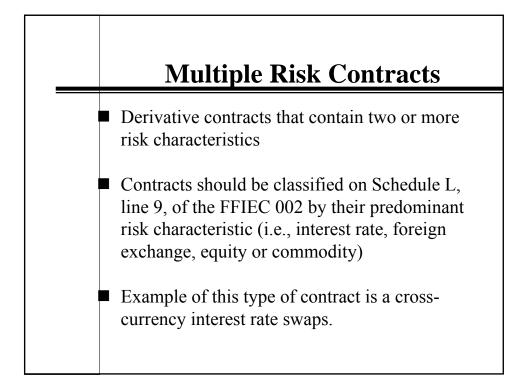


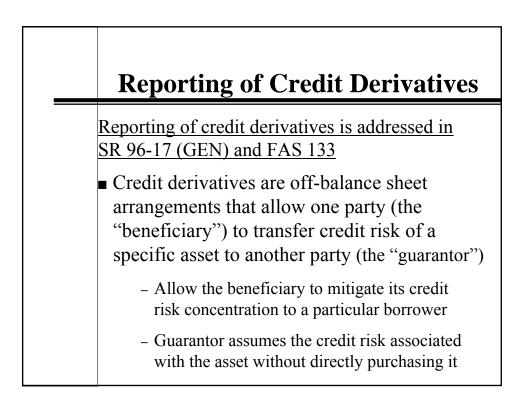
		Swaps	
		-	and debt fair values are assumed and debt agreements:
		5 1	C
	Six-Month	Swap	
	Six-Month U.S. LIBOR	Swap Fair Value	Debt
Date		1	Debt <u>Fair Value</u>
	U.S. LIBOR	Fair Value	
06/30/04	U.S. LIBOR <u>Rate</u>	Fair Value <u>Asset</u>	Fair Value

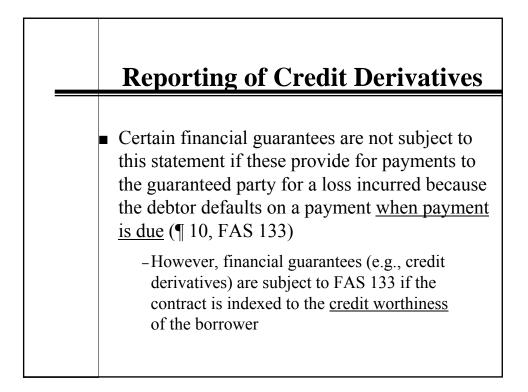
Swaj	ps	
	<u>Debit</u>	<u>Credit</u>
<u>June 30, 2004</u>		
Cash and due from depository instit	· /	
	\$10MM	
Other borrowed money (Line 4.c)		\$10MM
(To record the issuance of the de	ebt.)	

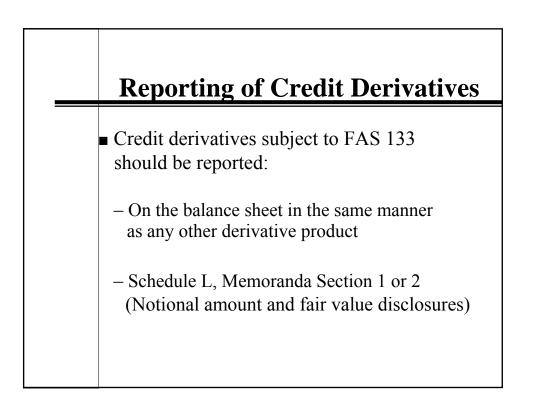
Swaps		
	Debit	Credit
December 31, 2004	<b>***</b> **	
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) Other liabilities (Line 4.f) (To accrue semiannual interest on the debt – 7.5%)	\$375,000	\$375,000
Other liabilities (Line 4.f)	\$375,000	
Cash and due from depository instit. (Line 1.a) (To record semiannual debt interest payment)		\$375,000
Cash and due from depository instit. (Line 1.a)	\$75,000	
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) (To record settlement of the semiannual swap amount)	,	\$75,000
Other borrowed money (Line 4.c)	\$323,000	
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) (To record change in the debt's fair value)		\$323,000
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a)	\$323,000	
Other assets (Line 1.h)		\$323,000

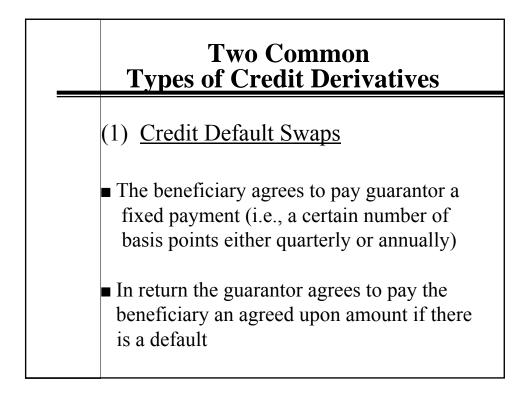
Swaps		
	Debit	Credit
June 30, 2005 Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) Other liabilities (Line 4.f) (To accrue semiannual interest on the debt-7.5%)	\$375,000	\$375,000
Other liabilities (Line 4.f) Cash and due from depository instit. (Line 1.a) (To record semiannual debt interest payment)	\$375,000	\$375,000
Cash and due from depository instit. (Line 1.a) Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) (To record settlement of the semiannual swap amount)	\$25,000	\$25,000
Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) Other borrowed money (Line 4.c) (To record change in the debt's fair value)	\$378,000	\$378,000
Other assets (Line 1.h) Net due to/from Head Office (Sch. M, Part I, 2.a) (To record the change in the fair value of the swap)	\$378,000	\$378,000

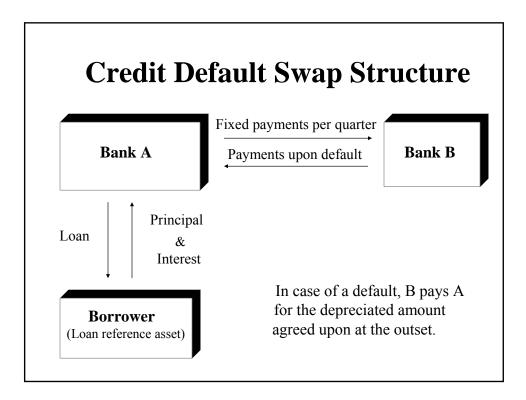


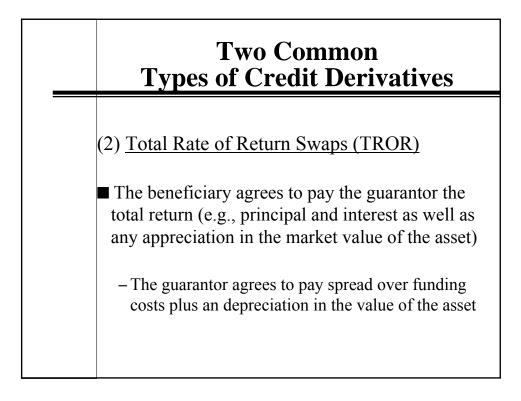


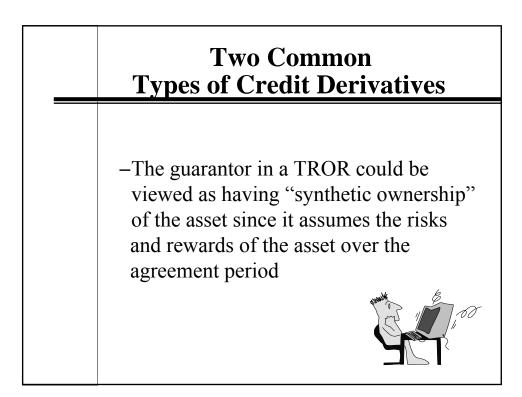


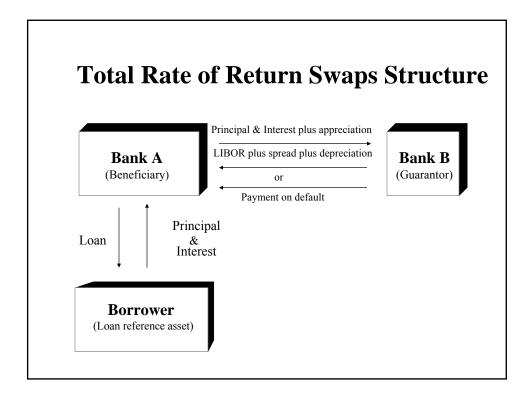


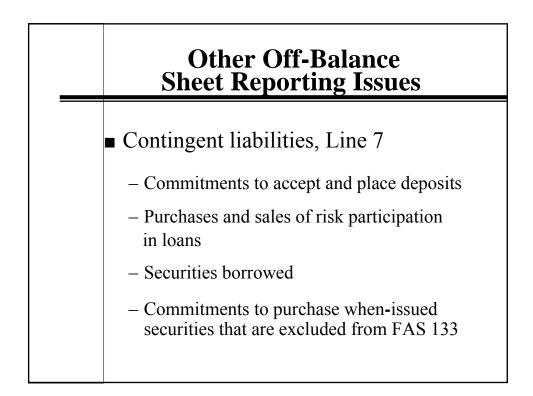


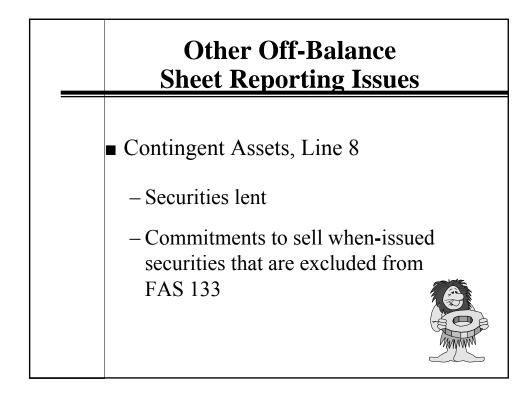


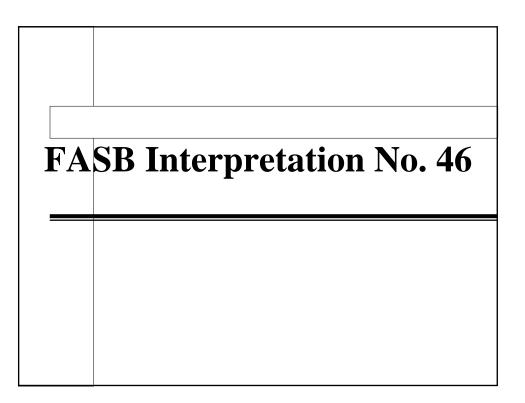


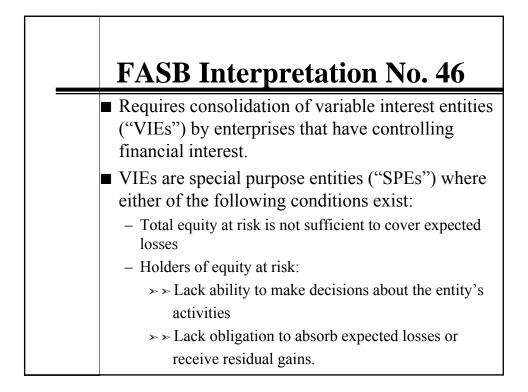


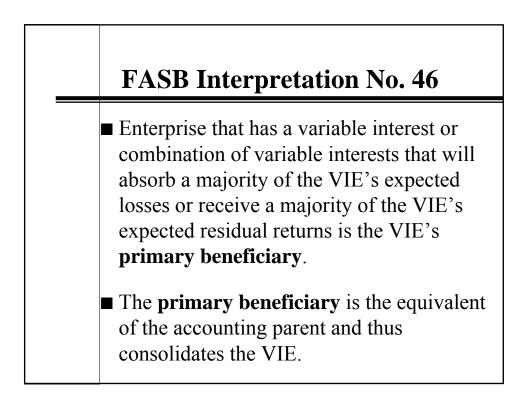








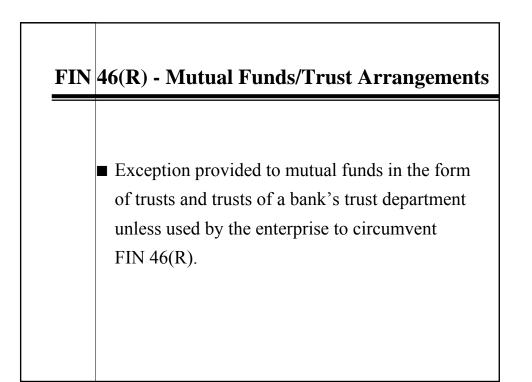


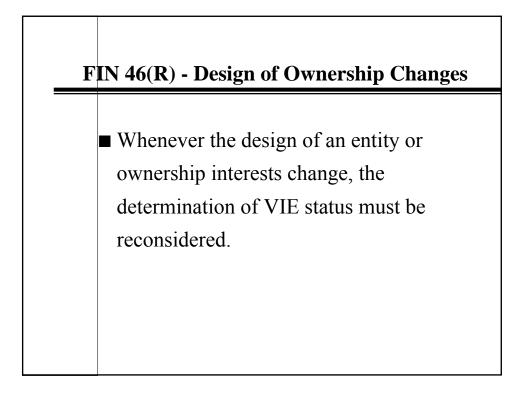


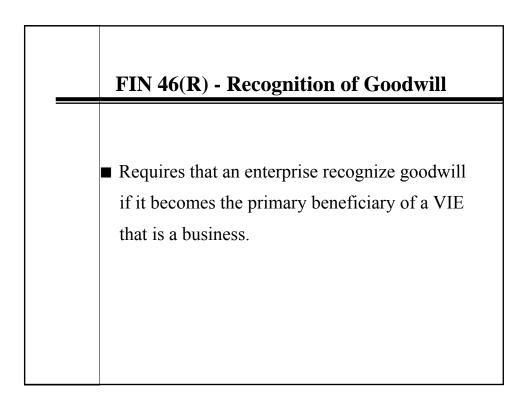
# FASB Interpretation No. 46

 Variable interests are contractual, ownership, or other financial interests in a VIE that changes with the VIE's net asset value (e.g., equity interest, loans or debt securities, guarantees)

An equity investment of less than 10% is presumed to be insufficient to finance a VIE's activities.

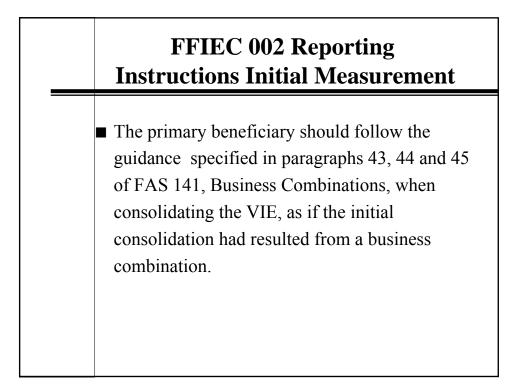






## **Definition of a Subsidiary**

- For the purposes of defining the nonbank subsidiary reports the Regulation Y definition of subsidiary is used.
- As defined by 225.2 of Regulation Y, a subsidiary generally includes:
  - Companies 25% or more owned or controlled by another company
  - Companies that control in any manner the election of a majority of the Board of Directors of another company
  - Companies that have a controlling interest over another company.
- Controlling interest used in FIN 46 is defined in terms of non-voting interest, which is not covered in Reg Y's definition of a subsidiary.



## FFIEC 002 Reporting Instructions Initial Measurement

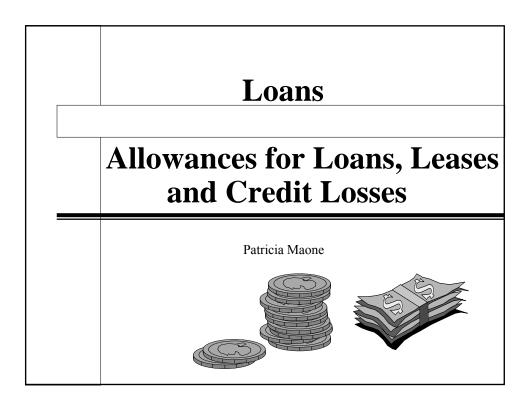
- Excess of the fair value of newly consolidated assets over consideration paid should be reported as a pro rata adjustment to amounts assigned to newly consolidated long-term assets. If any excess remains after reducing the long-term assets to zero, it should be reported as an extraordinary item.

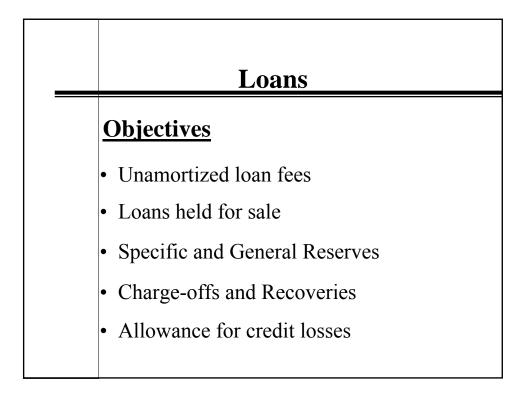


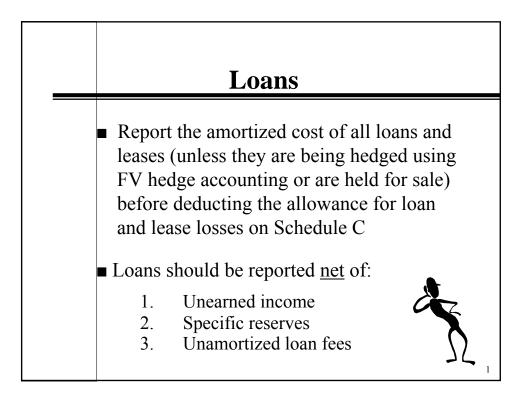
- Excess of the consideration paid and other factors over the fair value of the newly consolidated assets is to be reported as goodwill in the period in which the enterprise becomes a primary beneficiary.

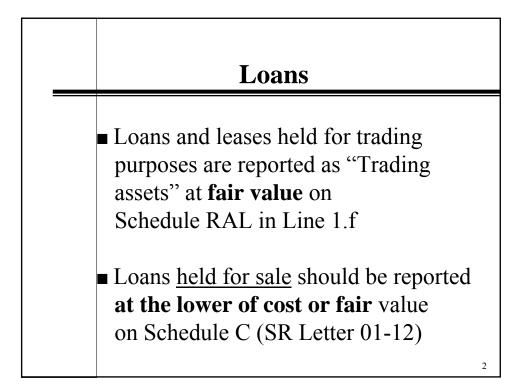
# **FFIEC 002 Reporting Instructions**

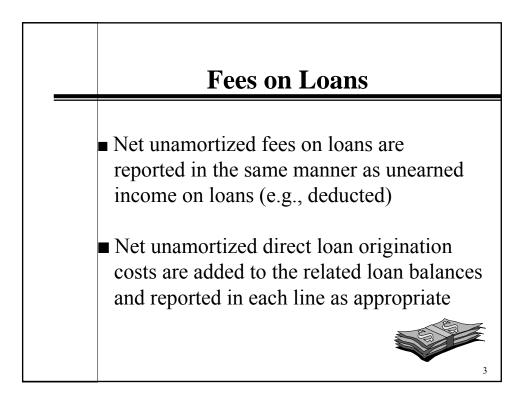
Line-by-line consolidation (asset and liabilities accounts are reported as part of the bank in the same manner if the conduit was reported as a separate entity, equity and intercompany accounts are eliminated in consolidation).

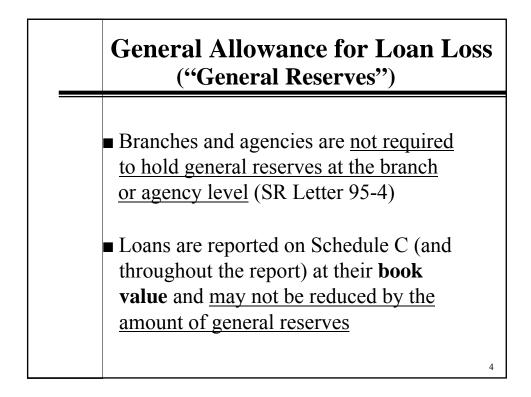


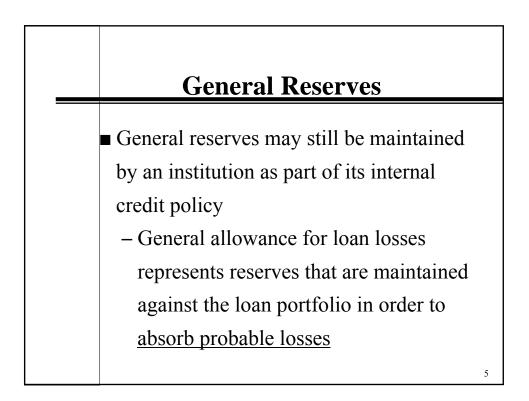


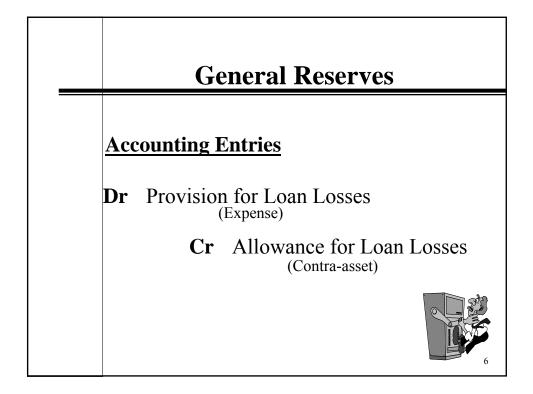


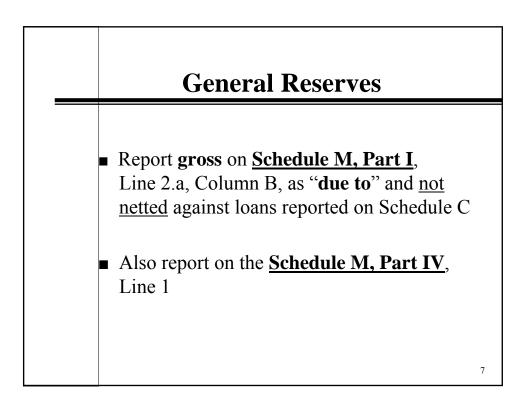


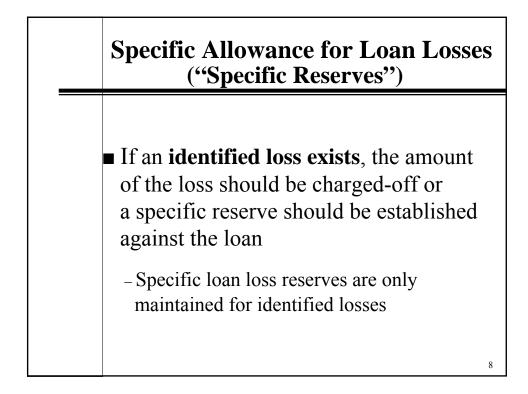


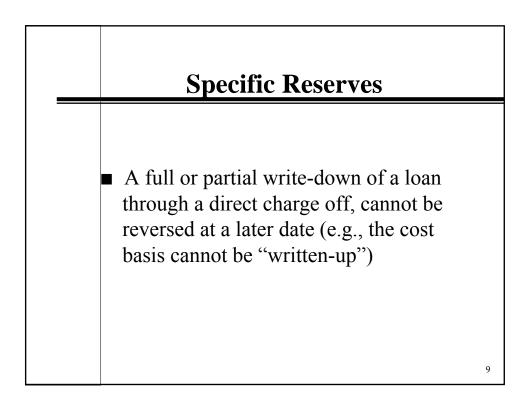


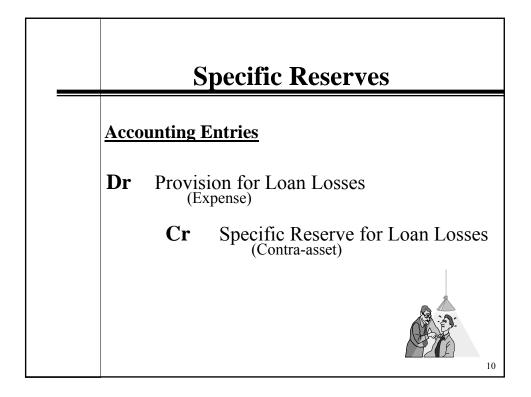


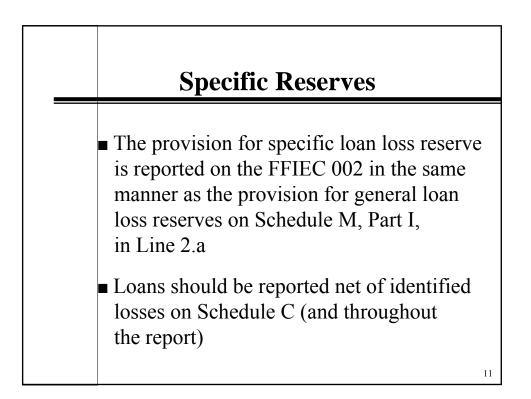












#### General vs Specific Reserves Accounting Entries

#### **General Reserves**

**Dr** Provision for Loan Losses (*M*, *Part I*, *Line 2.a*, *Col A*)

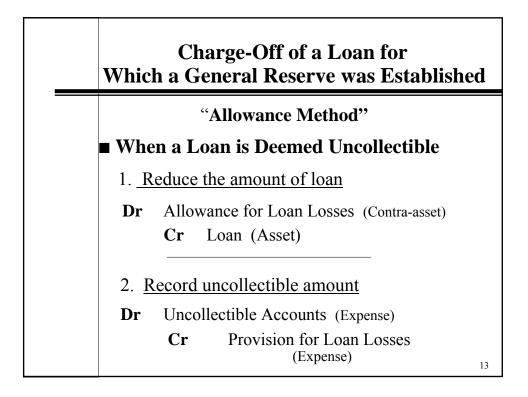
Cr Allowance for Loan Losses (*M*, Part I, 2.a, Col B; M, Part IV, Line 1)

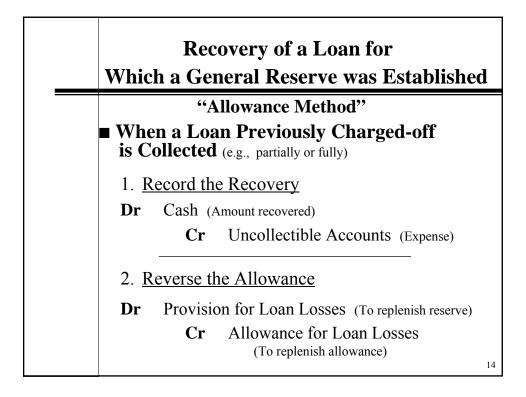
#### **Specific Reserves**

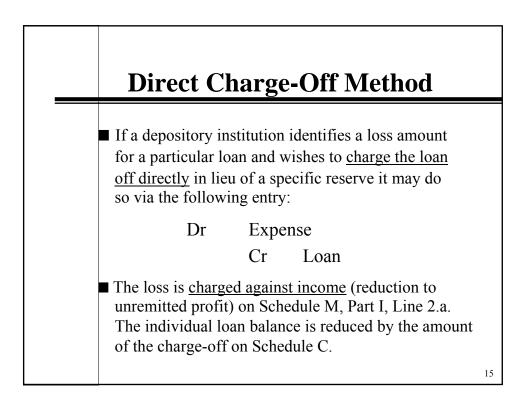
**Dr** Provision for Loan Losses (*M*, *Part I*, *Line 2.a*, *Col A*)

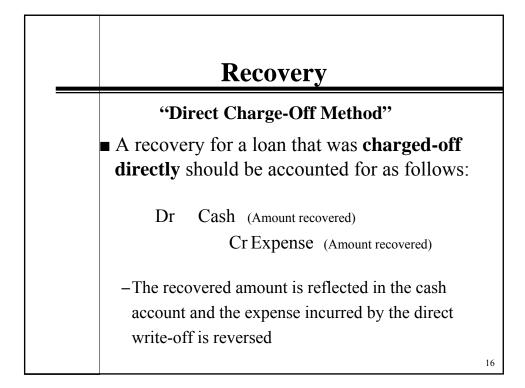
Cr Specific Reserves for Loan Losses (Deducted from a specific loan on Schedule C)

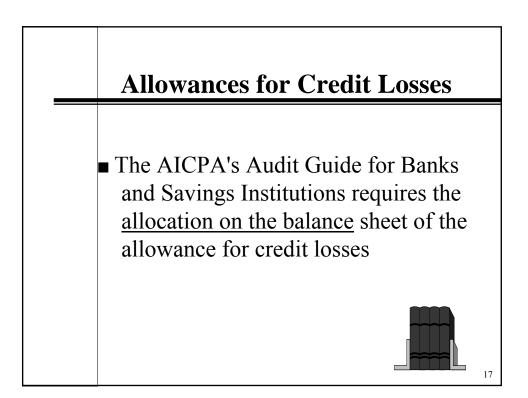
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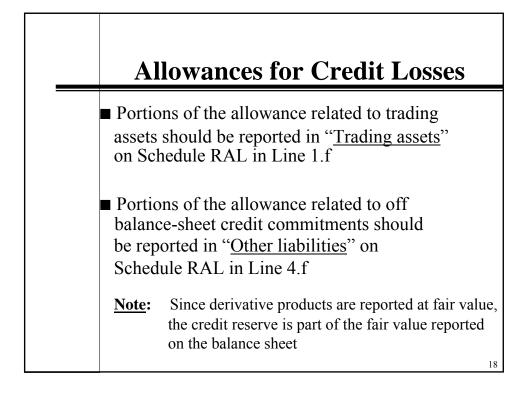


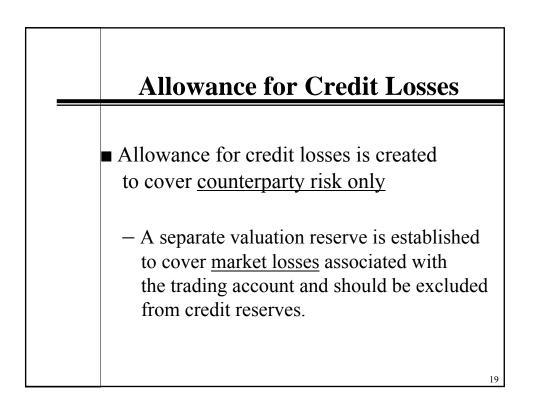


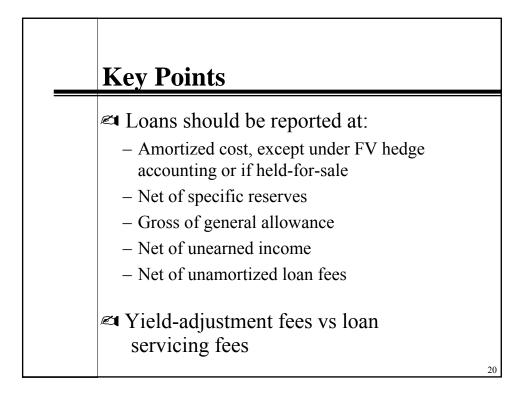


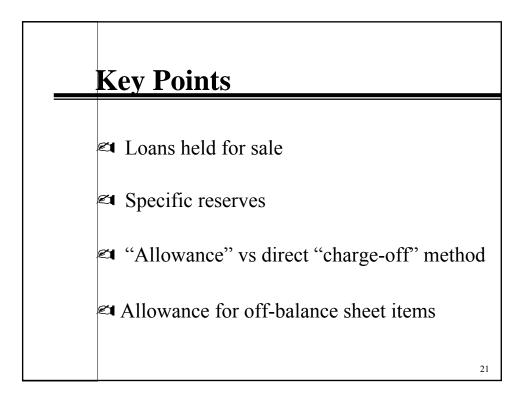


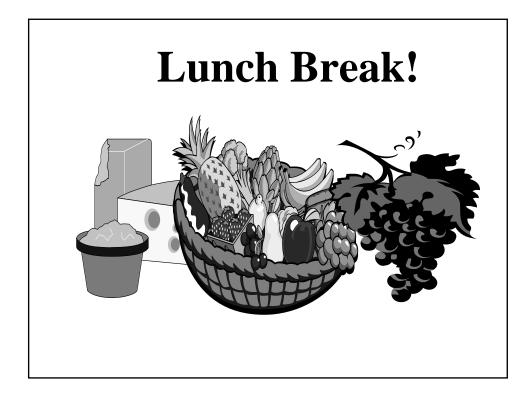








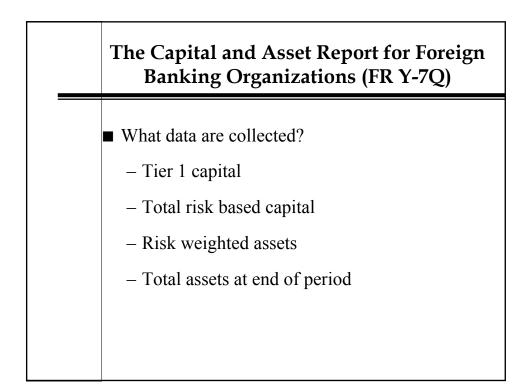


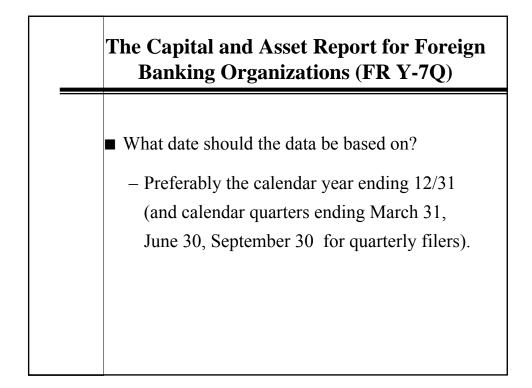


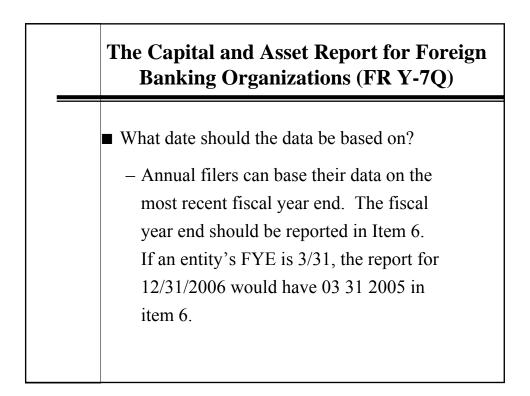
The Capital and Asset Report for Foreign Banking Organizations (FR Y-7Q) Rich Molloy

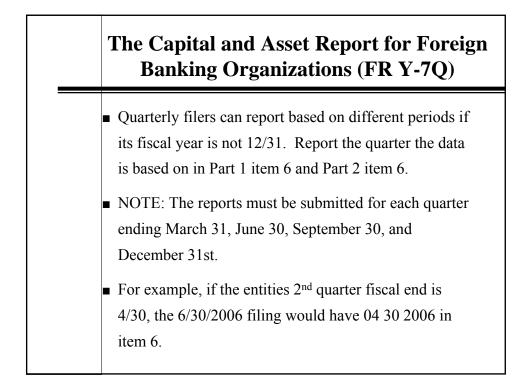
### The Capital and Asset Report for Foreign Banking Organizations (FR Y-7Q)

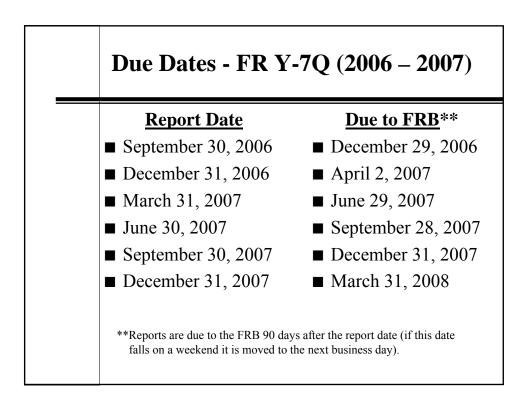
- Who is required to file?
  - FBOs that have not elected to become FHCs report capital information for the top-tier FBO on the Part 1 of the FR Y-7Q *annually*.
  - FBOs that have been granted FHC status will report *quarterly* and will complete Part 1 for the top-tier
     FBO and Part 2 for lower-tier FBOs operating a branch, agency, Edge, Agreement Corp. or commercial lending company in the U.S.

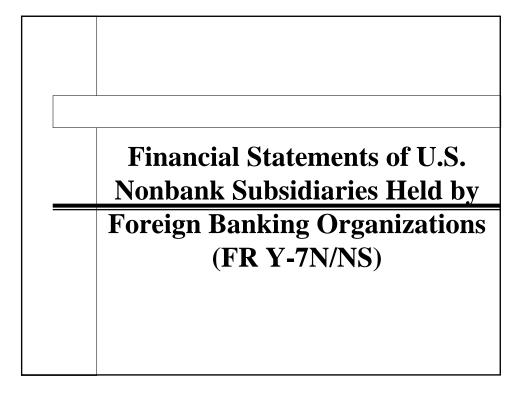


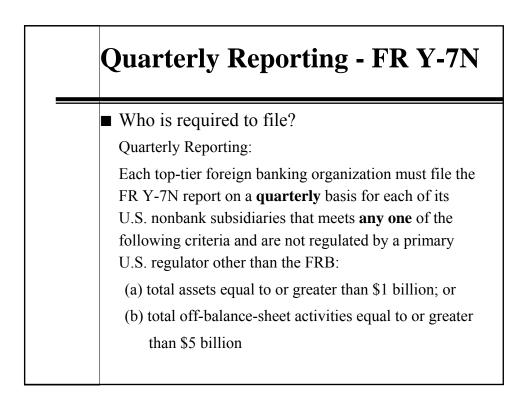


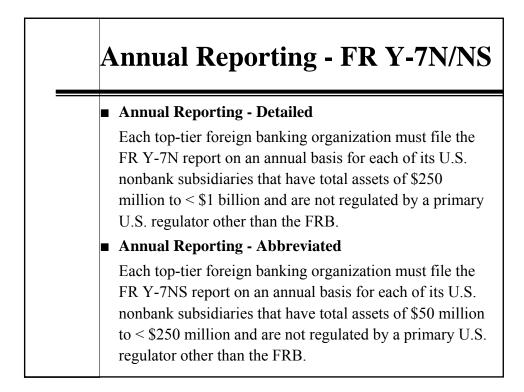


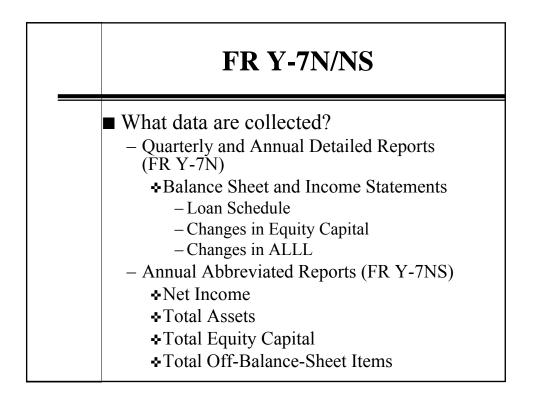


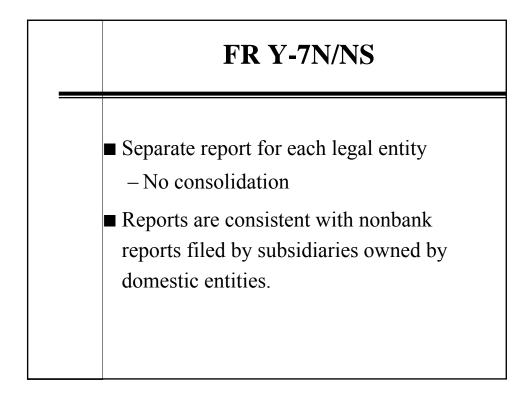


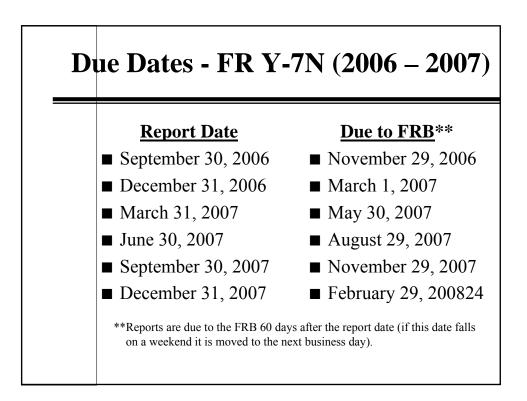


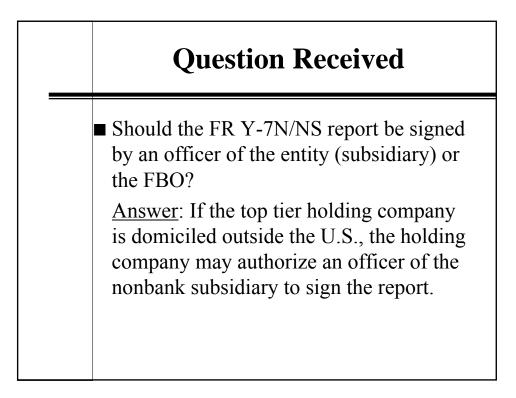


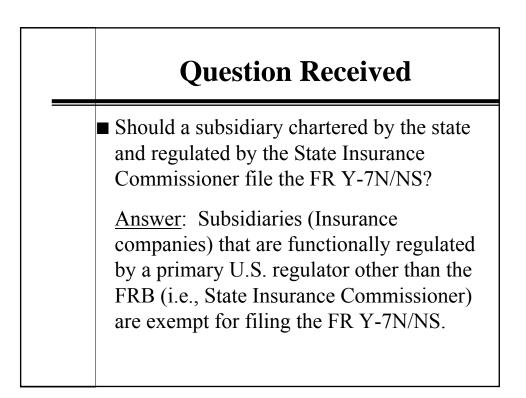


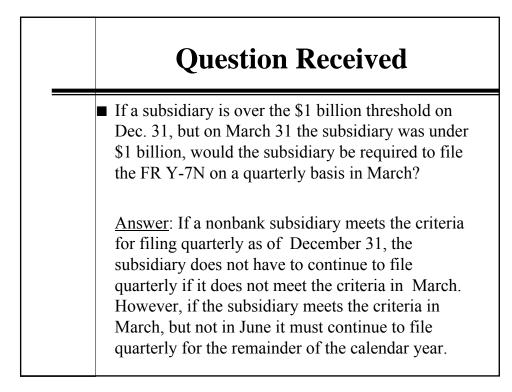


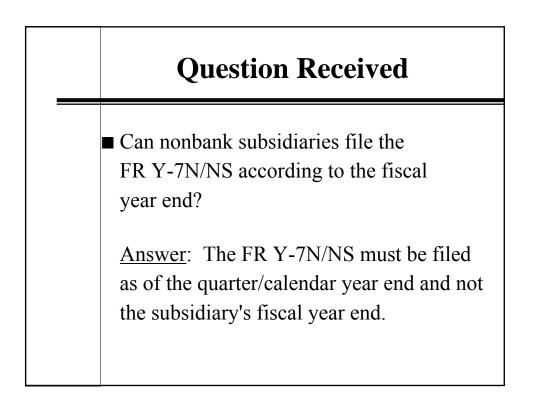


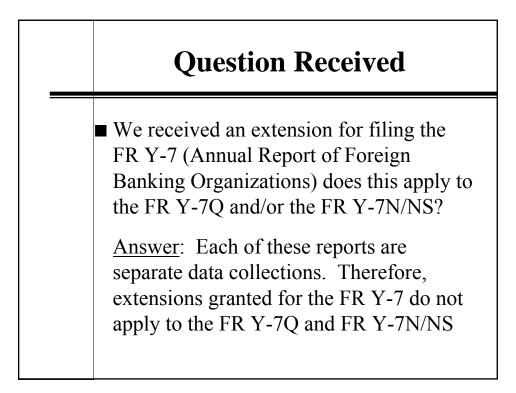


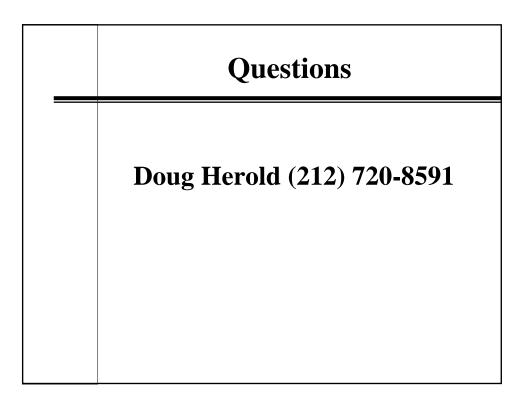


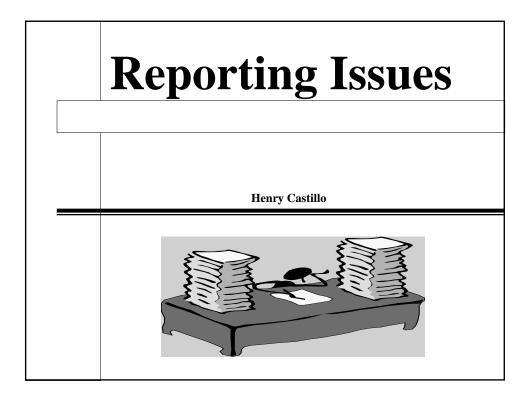


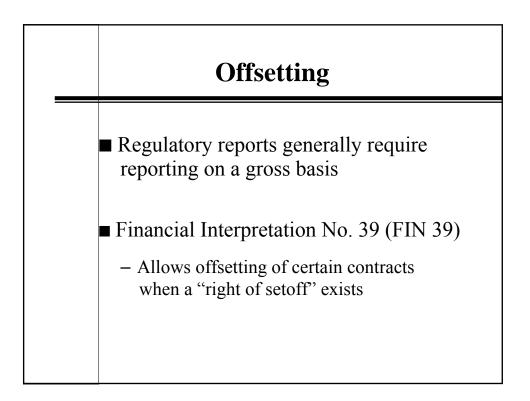


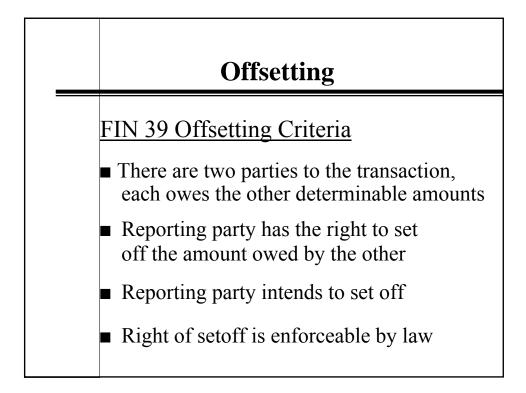


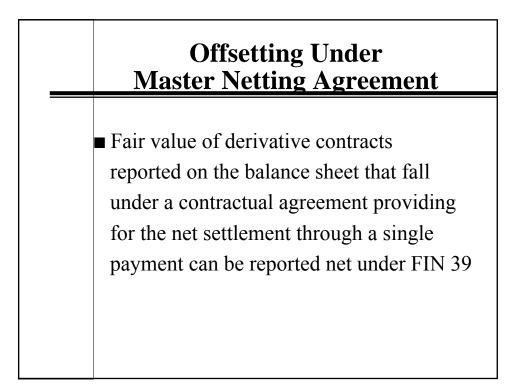


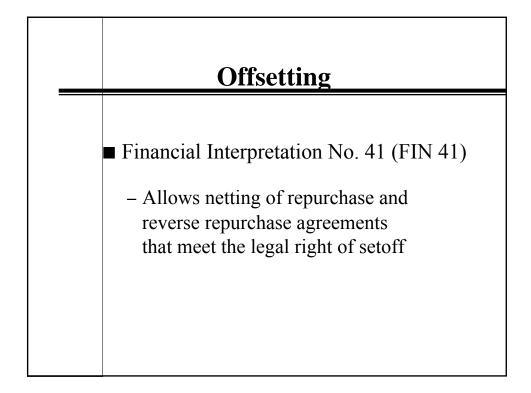


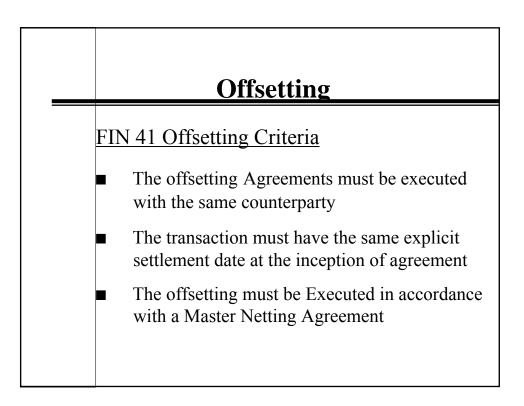


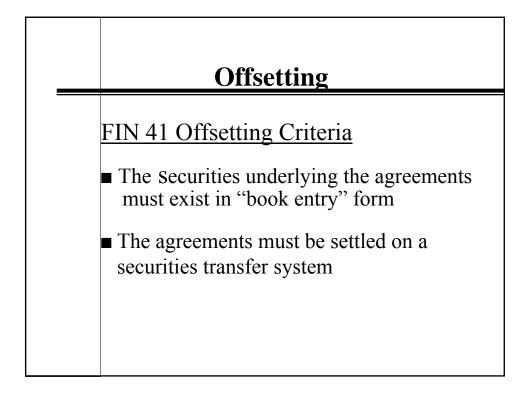




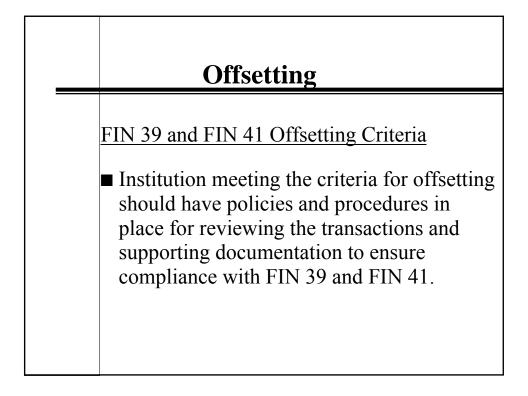


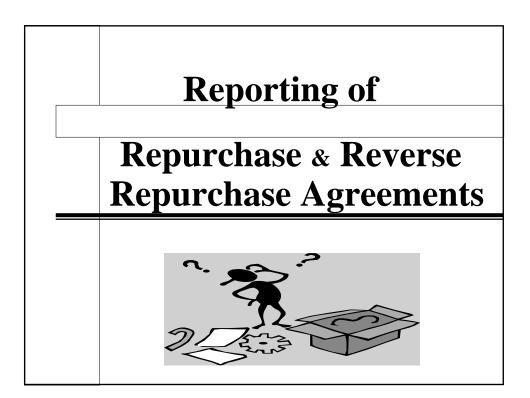


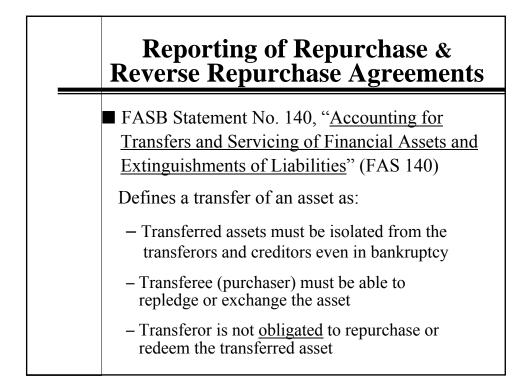


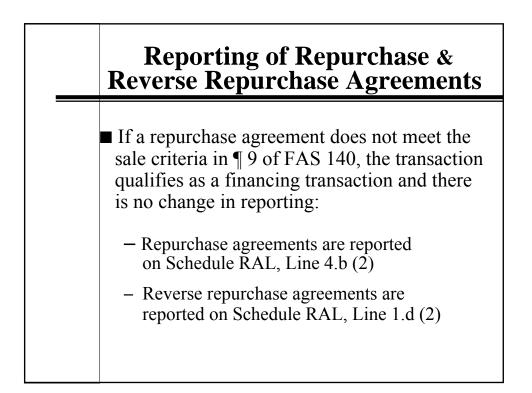


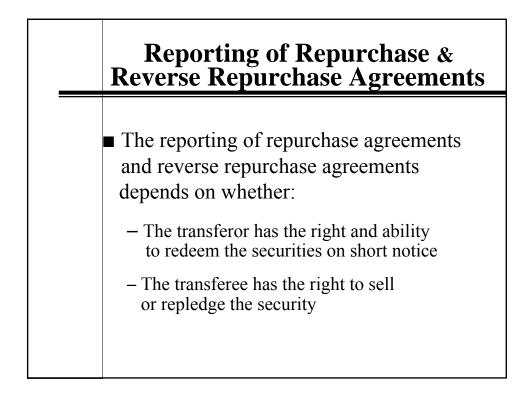
 Offsetting
<ul> <li>FIN 41 Offsetting Criteria</li> <li>Institutions intend to use same account at clearing bank for cash inflows and cash outflows resulting from settlement of these agreements</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Netting of repurchase agreements under FIN 41 should also be reflected in reporting of quarterly averages on Schedule K</li> </ul>

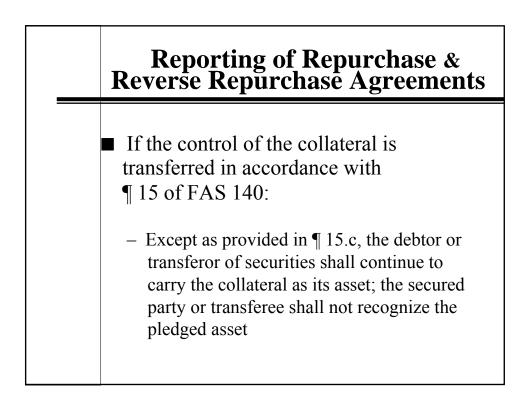


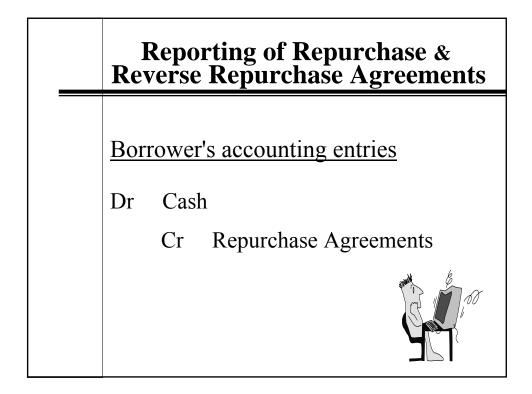


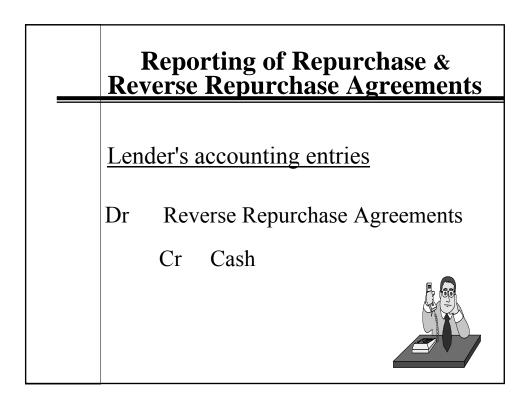


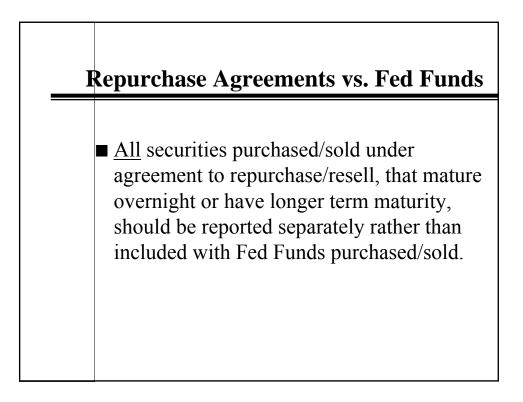


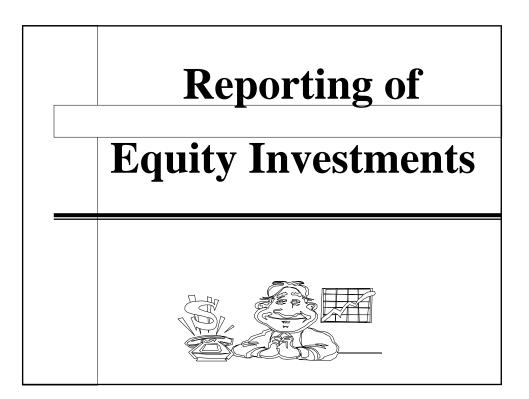


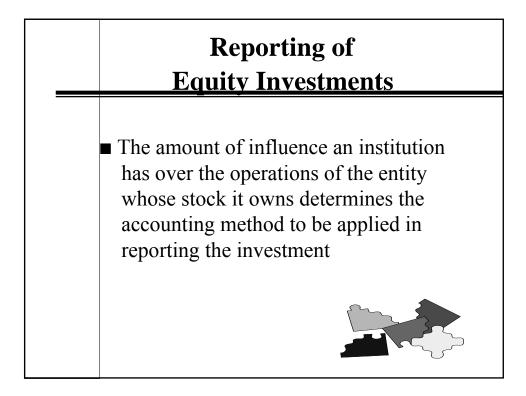


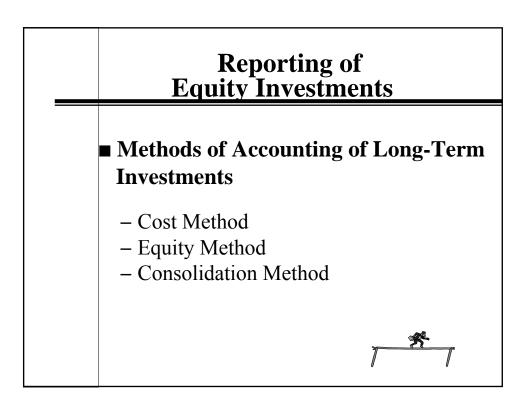


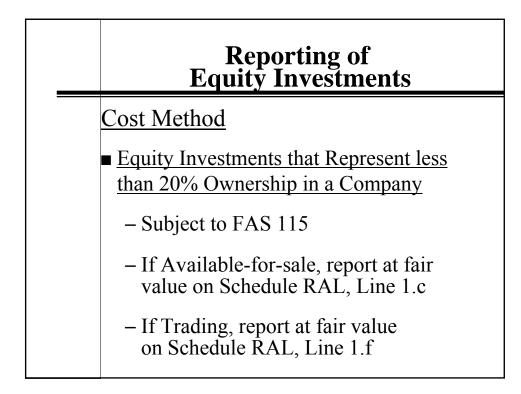


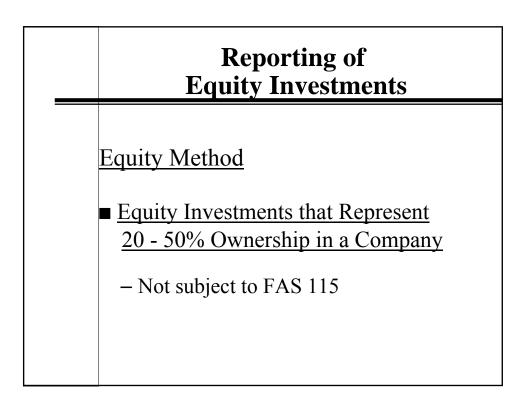


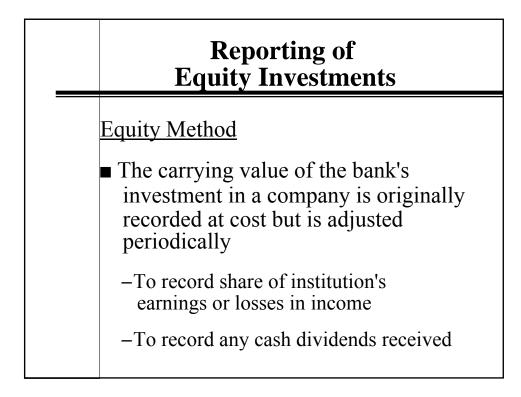


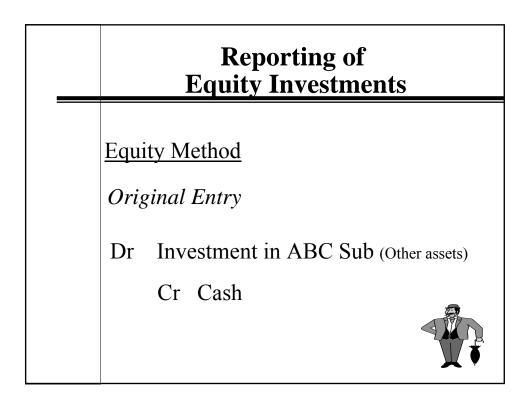




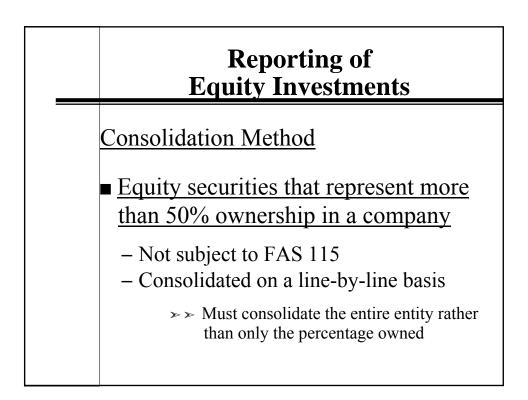




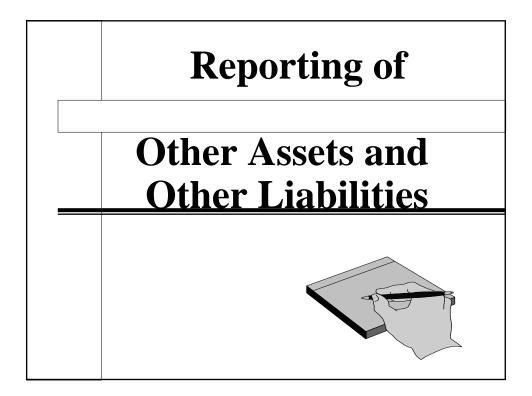


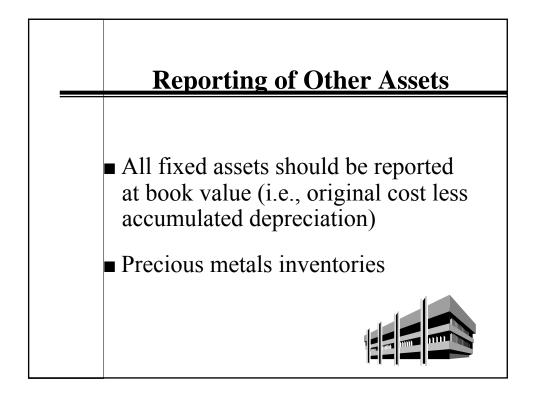


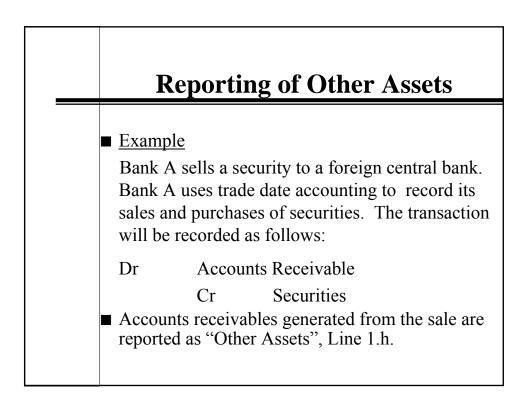
	<b>Reporting of</b> Equity Investments
	Equity Method
	To Record Net Income Received from Sub
	Dr Investment in ABC Sub (Other Assets) Cr Income
	To record Receipt of Dividends
	Dr Cash
	Cr Investment in ABC Sub

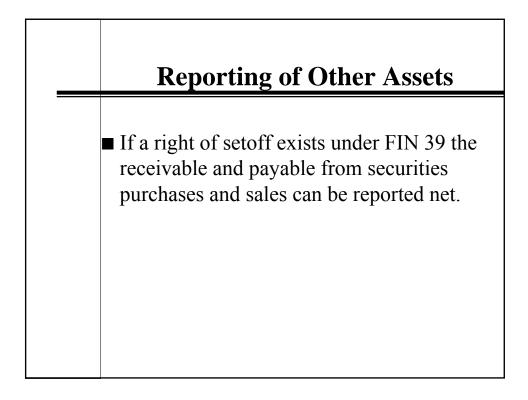


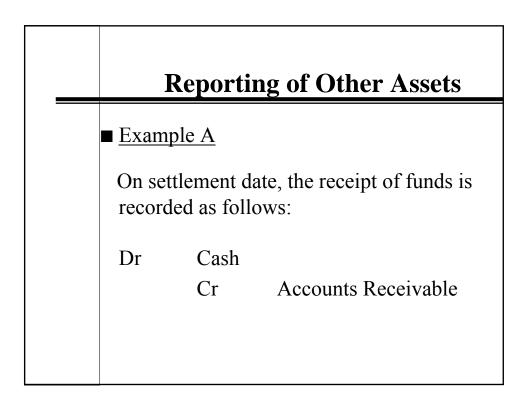
Level of Control	Indication	Recording Investment at Purchase	Method of Recording Subsequent to Purchase	FAS 115
Investor can exert absolute control over the activities of the entity	<b>Over 50%</b> ownership	Recorded at Original Cost	Consolidation	Does not Apply
Investor can exercise significant influence but not absolute control, in general	<b>20% - 50%</b> ownership	Recorded at Original Cost	Equity Method	Does Not Apply
Investor cannot exercise control or significant influence	Less than 20% ownership	Recorded at Fair Value	Cost Method	Applies

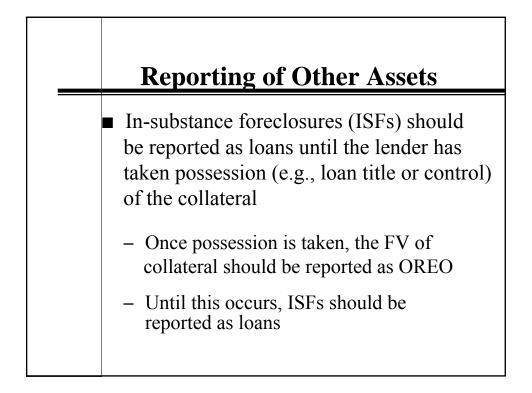


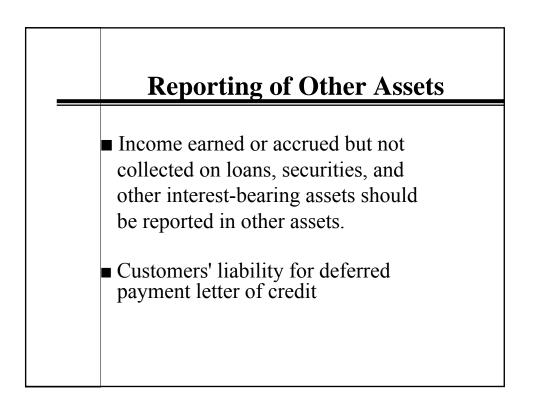


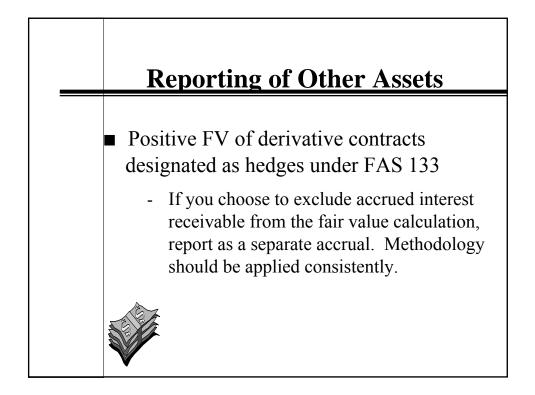


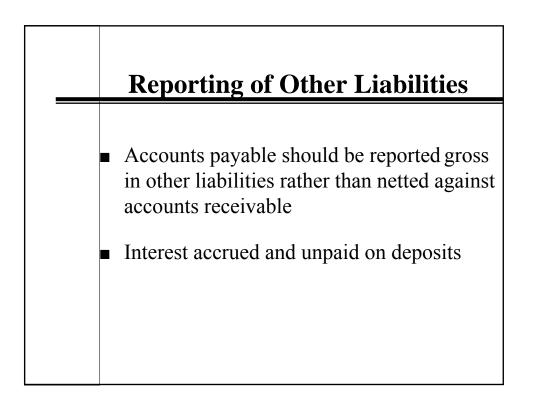


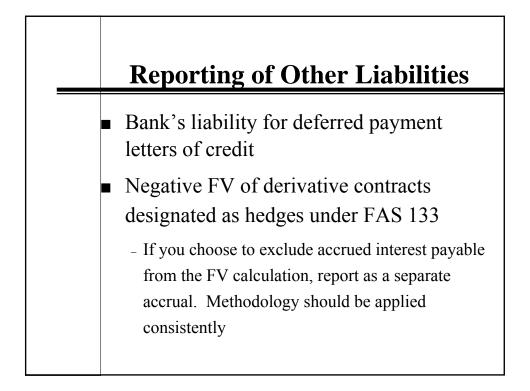


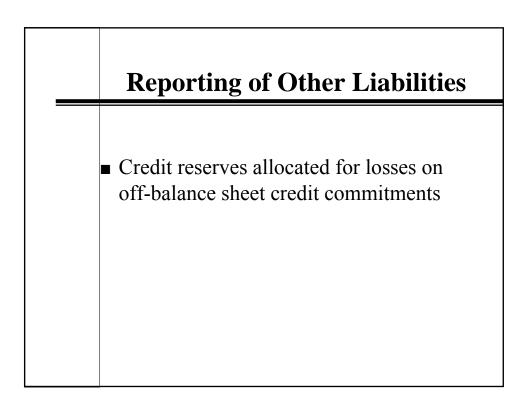


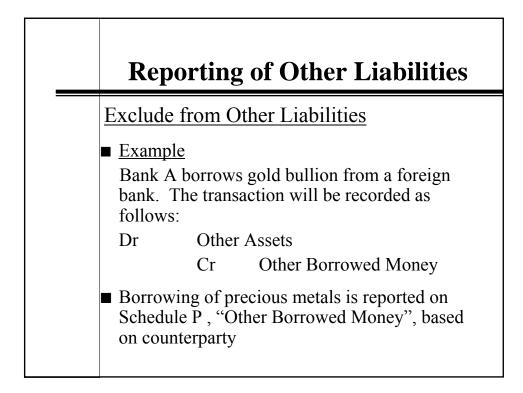


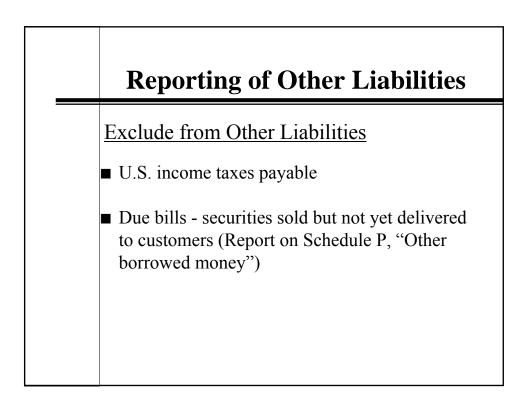


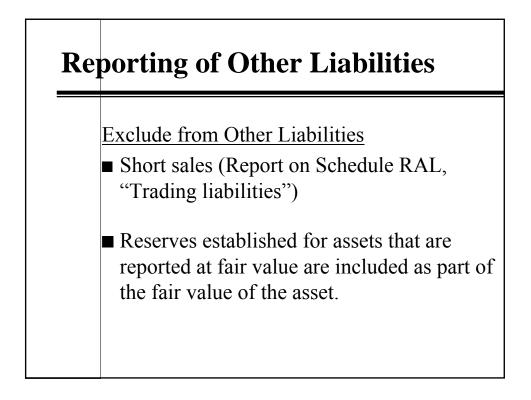


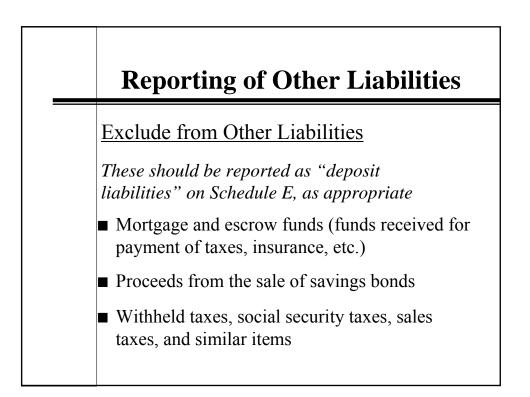


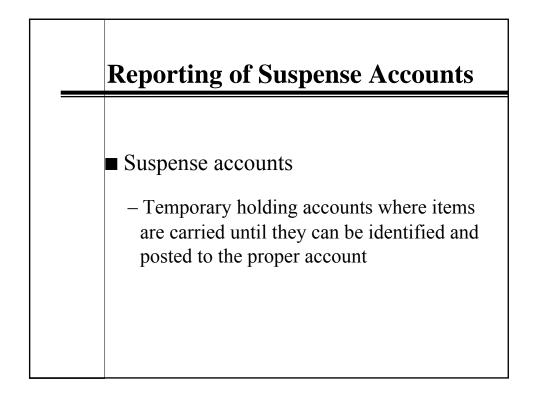


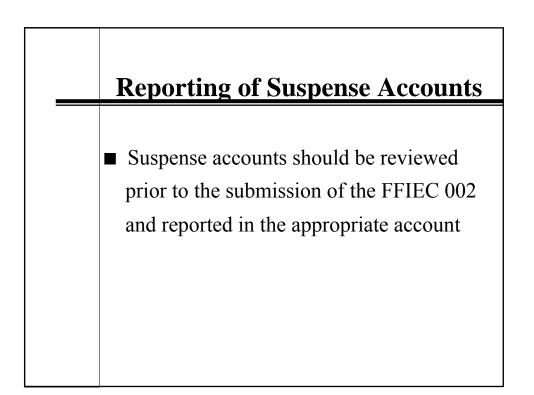


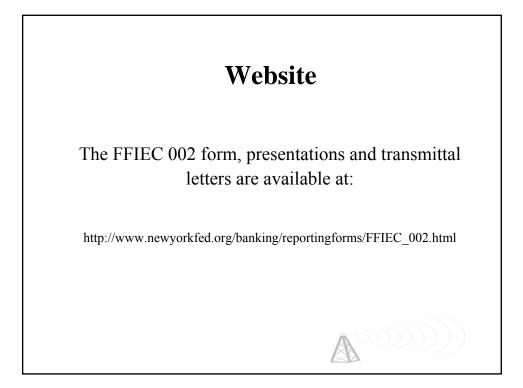












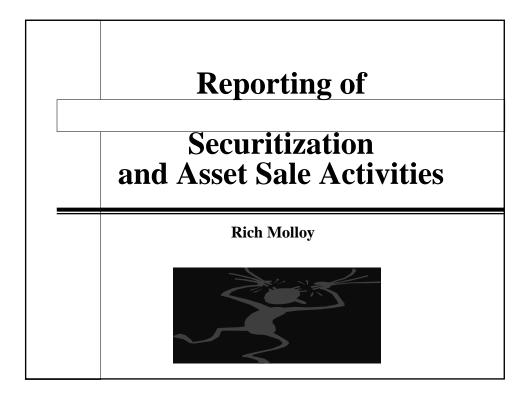
## **Subscription Service**

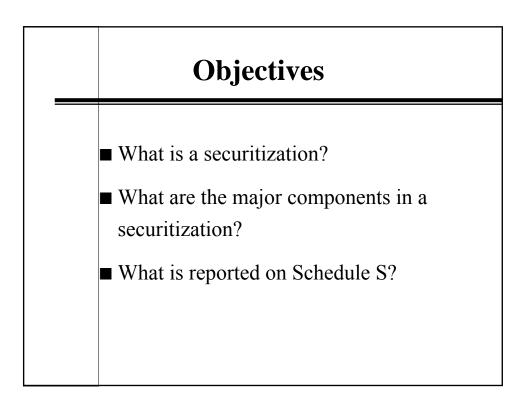
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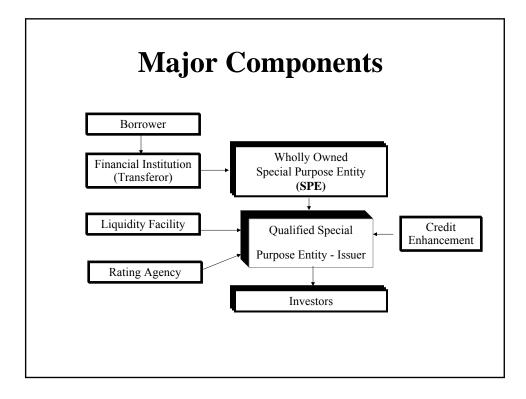
http://service.govdelivery.com/service/subscribe.html?code=USFRBNEWYORK\_8

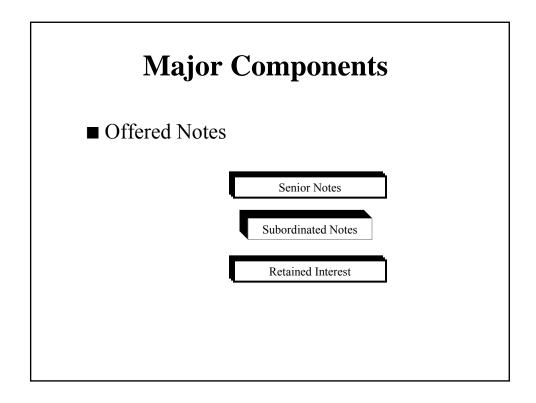


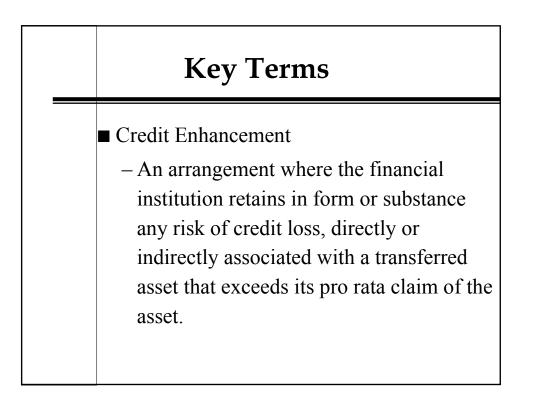


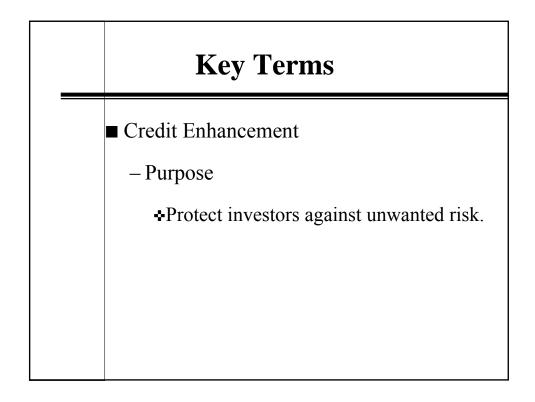
## Definition

Securitization – In general terms it is the process of converting financial assets into negotiable securities.

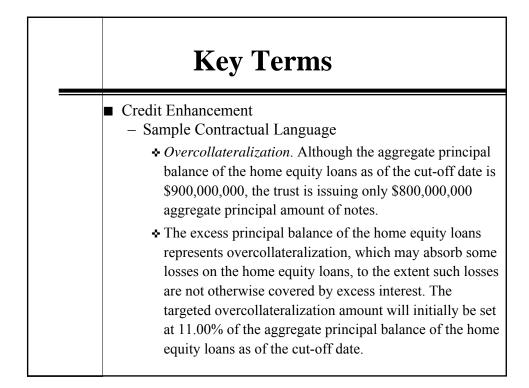








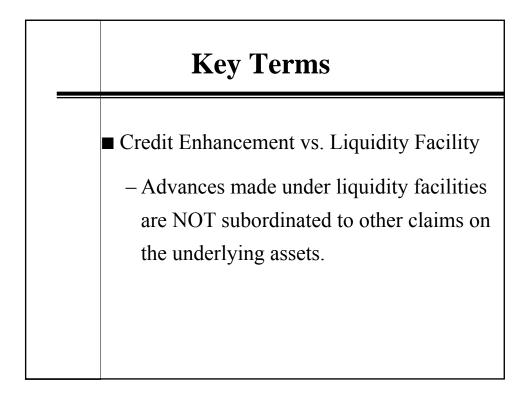
Key Terms
<ul> <li>Credit Enhancement</li> <li>– Sample Contractual Language</li> </ul>
The credit enhancement for the benefit of the notes consists of:
<ul> <li><i>► Excess Interest</i>. There is expected to be excess interest because more interest is expected to be paid by the borrowers than is necessary to pay the interest on the notes and the related servicing fee each month. Excess interest may be used to protect the notes against some losses, by making an additional payment of principal up to the amount of the losses.</li> </ul>

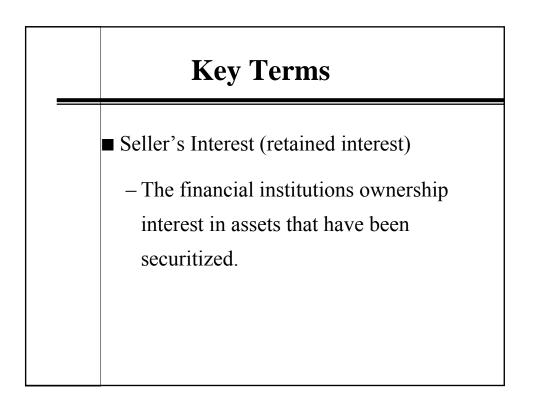


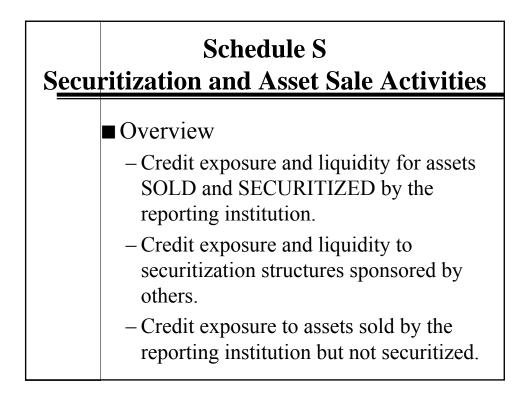
Key Terms
<ul> <li>Credit Enhancement</li> <li>– Sample Contractual Language</li> </ul>
The credit enhancement for the benefit of the notes consists of:
<ul> <li>Subordination. Distribution of interest on the Class M Notes is subordinate to distribution of interest on the Class A Notes. Other than amounts distributed in connection with attaining the required overcollateralization amount, distribution of principal on the Class M Notes is subordinate to distribution of principal on the Class A Notes.</li> </ul>

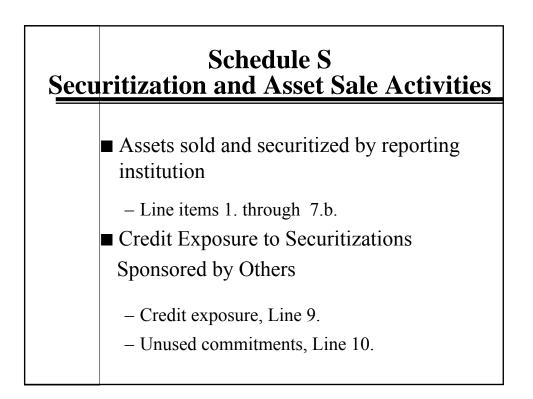
 Key Terms
<ul> <li>Credit Enhancement</li> <li>– Sample Contractual Language</li> </ul>
Common sources of Credit Enhancement
-Excess Spread Accounts
-Overcollateralization
-Subordinated Interest
-Cash Collateral Accounts
-Recourse Obligations
-Derivatives

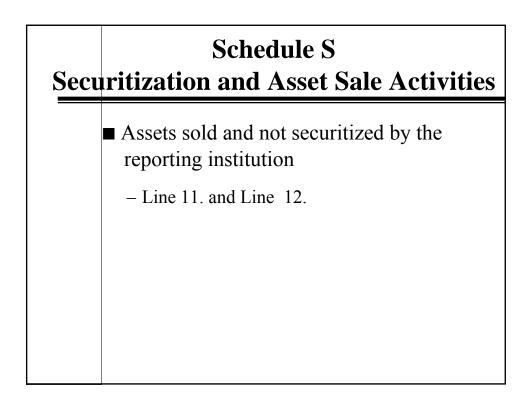
	Key Terms
_	■ Liquidity Facility
	<ul> <li>An arrangement in which the financial institution is obligated to provide funding to a securitization structure to ensure investors of timely payments.</li> </ul>
	✤For example: By smoothing timing differences in the receipt of interest and principal payments on securitized assets, or to ensure investors of payments in the event of market disruptions.

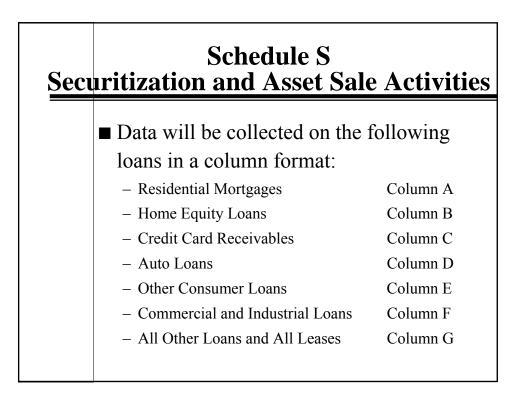


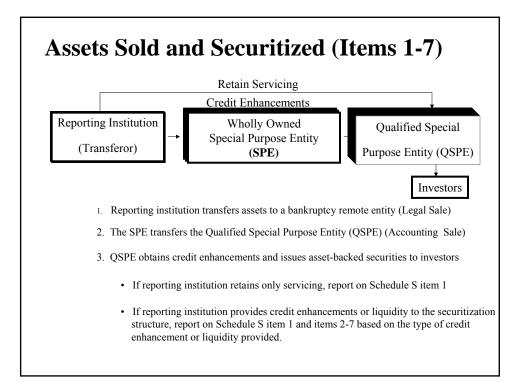


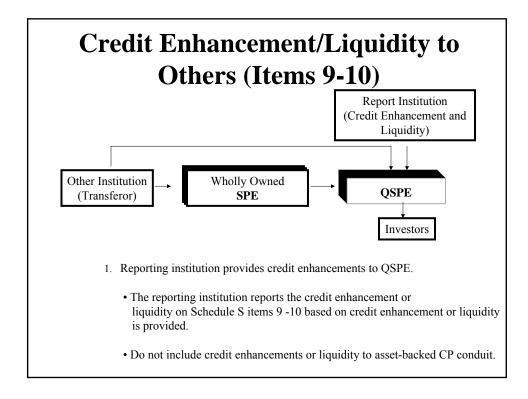


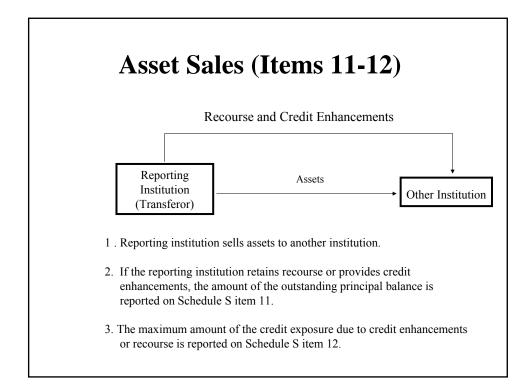


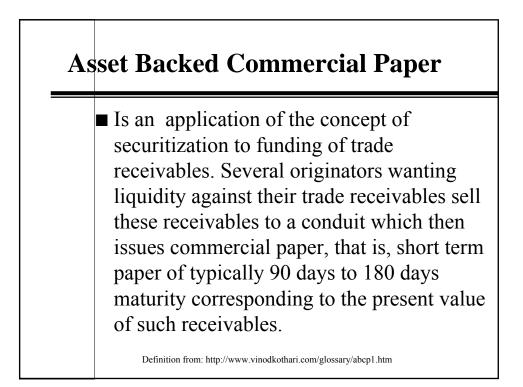








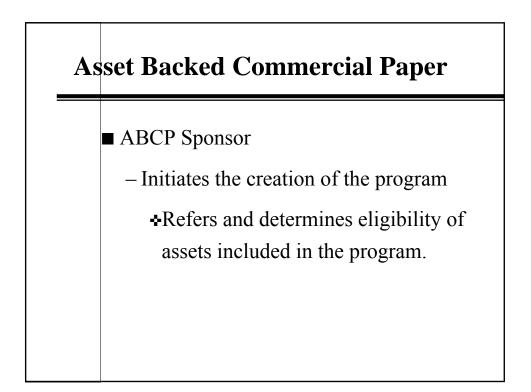


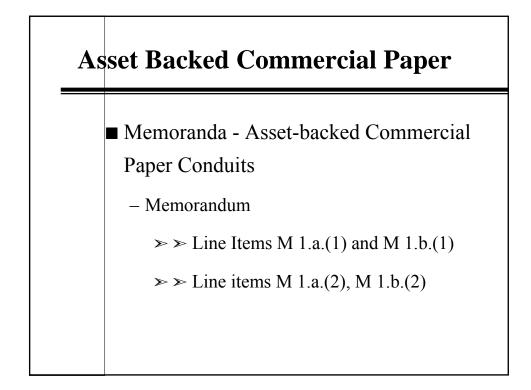


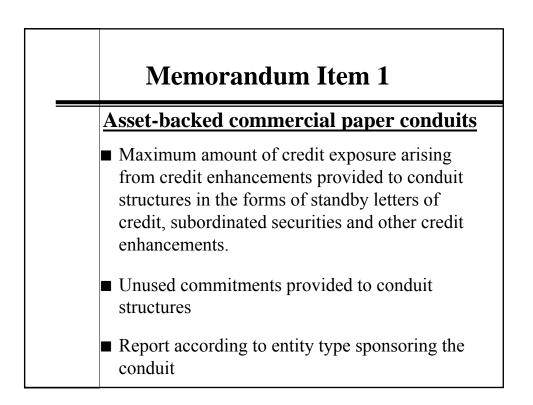
## **Asset Backed Commercial Paper**

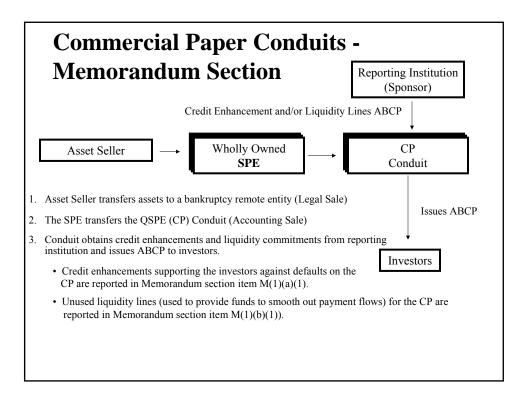
On maturity, the originator is supposed to collect the receivables and pass them over to the holders of the paper through the conduit. At times, the conduit is sponsored by a major bank which also provides liquidity support to the conduit to ensure timely redemption of the paper.

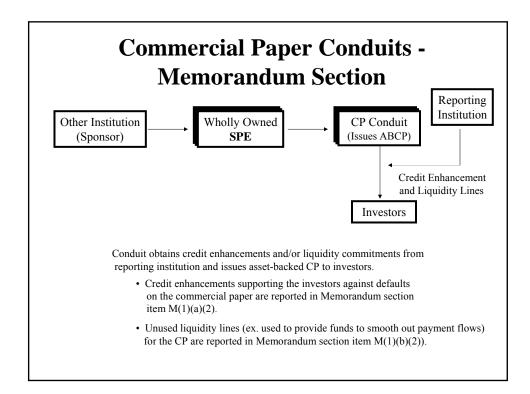
Definition from: http://www.vinodkothari.com/glossary/abcp1.htm

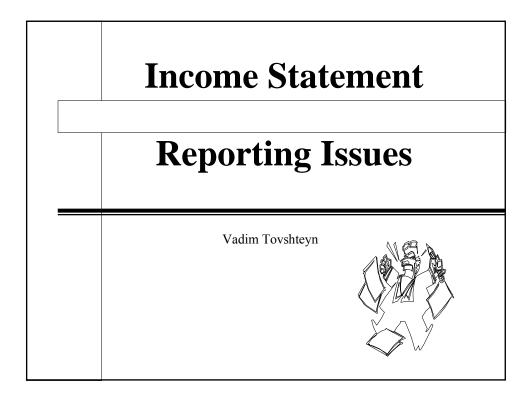


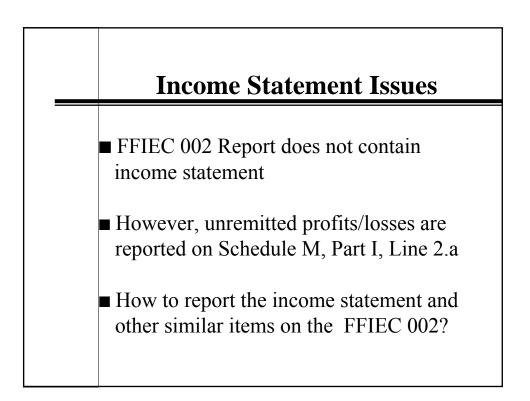




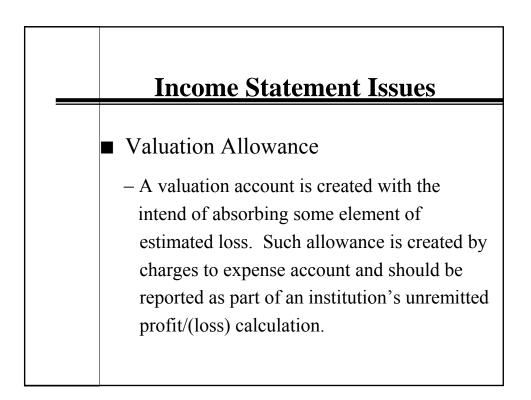


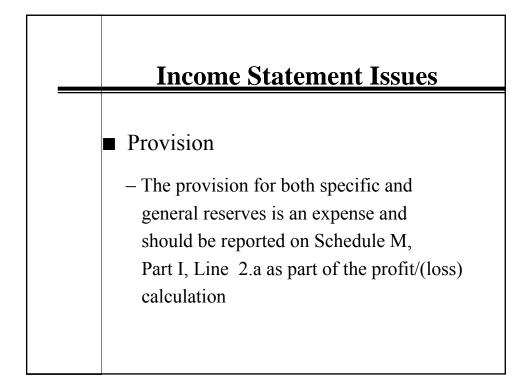


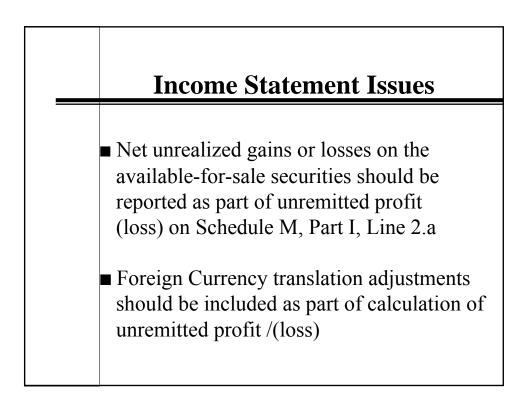


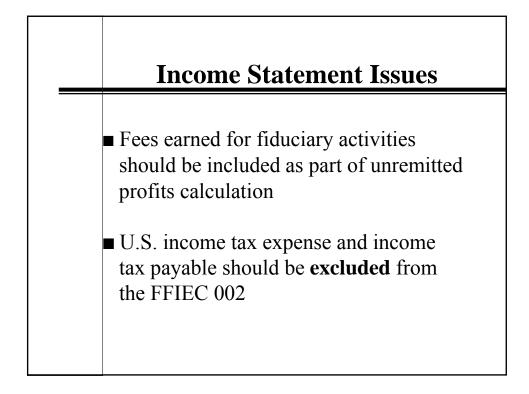


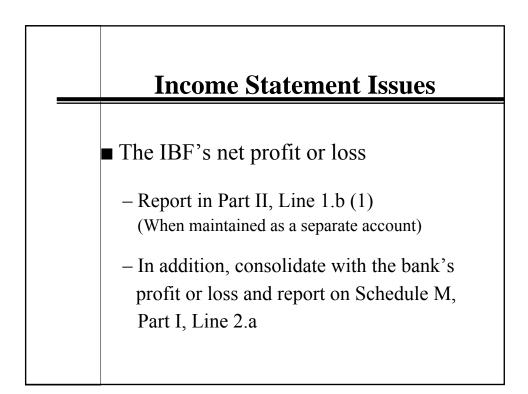
Income Statement
<ul> <li>+ Interest income</li> <li>- Interest expense</li> <li>= Net Interest Income</li> <li>- Provision for Loan Losses</li> <li>= Net Interest Income (net of provision)</li> <li>± Non Interest Income (includes net gain/(loss) on FX and trading account)</li> <li>- Non Interest Expense</li> <li>± Extraordinary Items</li> <li>= Net Profit or Loss</li> </ul>

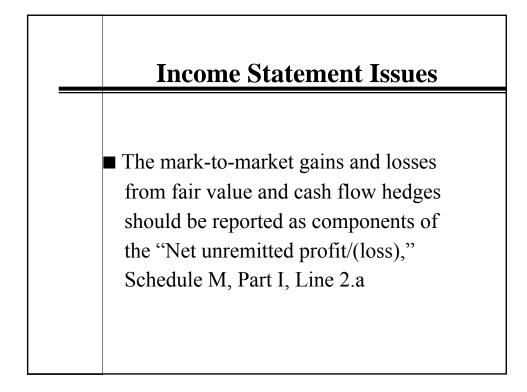




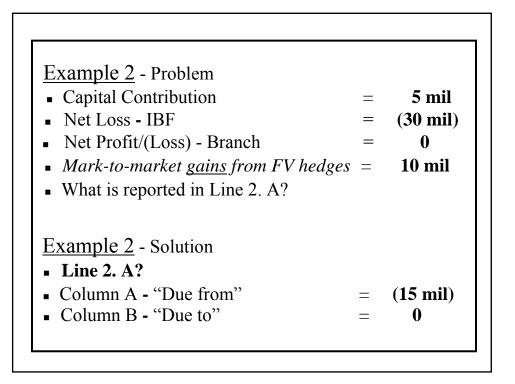




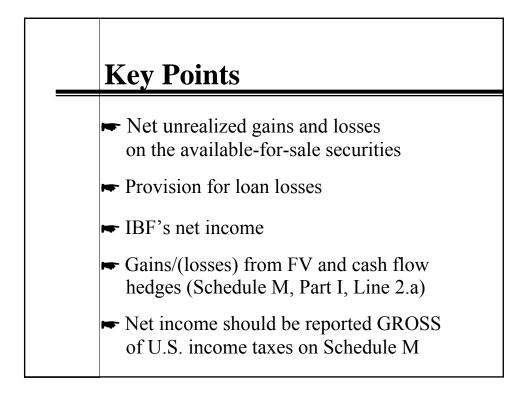


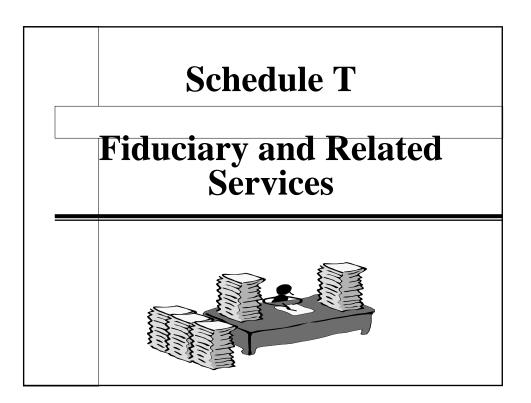


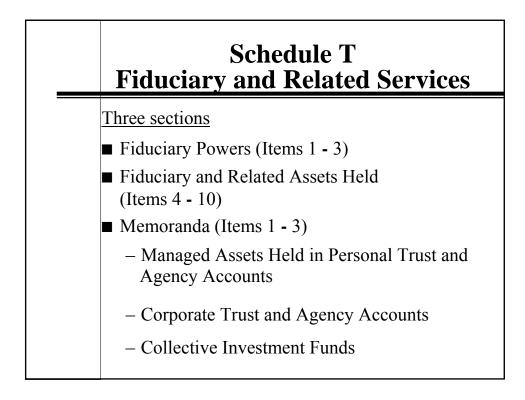
<ul> <li><u>Example 1</u> - Problem</li> <li>Capital Contribution</li> <li>Net Profit - Branch</li> <li><i>Net Loss - IBF</i></li> <li>What is reported in Line 2. A?</li> </ul>	= 15 mil = 5 mil = (30 mil)
<ul> <li><u>Example 1</u> - Solution</li> <li>Line 2. A?</li> <li>Column A - "Due from"</li> <li>Column B - "Due to"</li> </ul>	= (10 mil) = 0 mil

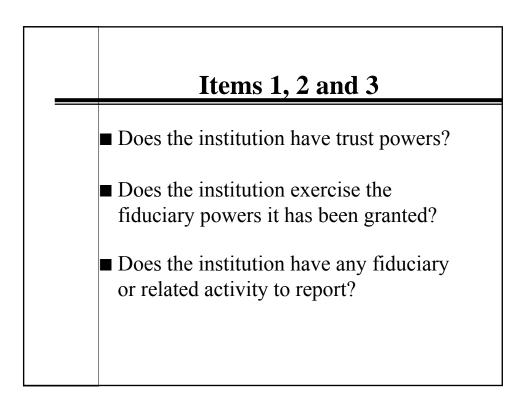


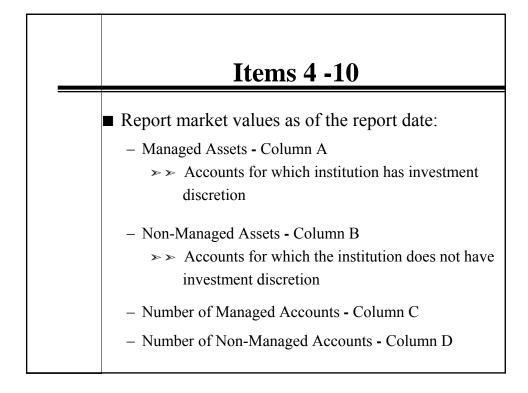
Example 3 - Problem		
<ul> <li>Capital Contribution</li> </ul>	=	5 mil
<ul> <li>Net Profit - Branch</li> </ul>	=	5 mil
<ul> <li>Net Loss - IBF</li> </ul>	=	( <b>30 mil</b> )
<ul> <li>Net Unrealized <u>Gain</u> on AFS Sec</li> </ul>	=	10 mil
• What is reported in Line 2. A?		
Example 3 - Solution		
• Line 2. A?		
<ul> <li>Column A - "Due from"</li> </ul>	=	(10 mil)
<ul> <li>Column B - "Due to"</li> </ul>	=	0 mil

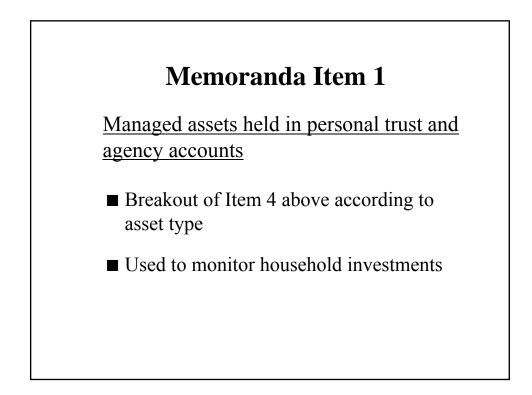












## Memoranda Item 2

Corporate trust and agency accounts

- Number of issues Column A
- Principal amount outstanding Column B
- Corporate and municipal trusteeships
- Transfer agent, registrar, paying agent, and other corporate agency

## Memoranda Item 3

<u>Collective investment funds and common</u> <u>trust funds</u>

- Number of funds Column A
- Market value of fund assets Column B
- Breakout according to type of asset

