

Community Credit | A new perspective on America's communities

Curious about the credit experience of your community?

Residents' ability to access credit, to pursue economic dreams or meet emergencies, is a source of community strength and financial resiliency. How does your community compare with others in the U.S.? Have conditions changed over time?

Community Credit is a new way to assess the financial well-being of communities by examining the local credit environment, also called the local credit economy. A new data interactive by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (NYFed.org/CommunityCredit) provides Community Credit statistics at the U.S., state and county levels using the NYFedConsumerCreditPanel/Equifax dataset



NOT IN CREDIT ECONOMY | 2007-2014 Percent of adult (18+ yrs.) population not in NYFedConsumerCreditPanel/Equifax data source 2007 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 Year 2008 2009 4.0% 8.0% 9.8% 10.9% 8.8% 7.5% 5.7% 6.9%

CREDIT STRESS | Credit quality based on borrowers' four quarter payment history, 2014

6% Improved Improved from 60+ day overdue to current or lit than 60 days overdue

4% Struggling

STATES RANKED BY CREDIT STRESS

GOALS

The information can help develop priorities, assess policy actions, and track program impacts by.

- ► Dimensioning community needs
- Situate smaller geographies within larger regions
 Make locational comparisons and rank regions
 Assess disparities across regions
- . Identify trends over time
- · Benchmarking effectiveness of local programs
- ► Identifying areas for strategic interventions
- ► Anticipating community inflection points

METHODOLOGY

- The local credit economy is defined as all adults (18+ age) in a location with a credit file and an Equifax Risk Score
- · Being part of the credit economy is not sufficient to ensure timely to credit. So we look at other measures of Credit Inclu
- Prudent credit behavior is good for the community as well as the individual. To characterize the credit experience of the community, we use individuals' four-quarter credit history to derive a five-category Credit Stress scale (shown on the right).
- ▶ Metrics are calculated by aggregating across individuals

OTHER NY FED RESOURCES

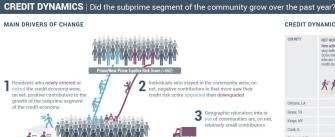
Community Mortgage Profiles www.newyorkfed.org/outreach-and-education/ community-credit-profiles/#overview

www.newvorkfed.org/smallbusiness

DATA DEFINITIONS

www.newvorkfed.org/regional/householdcredit.html

MEASURES & DEFINITIONS



COUNTY	NET NEW SUBPRIME ENTRANTS New additions to the crostic sorrousy with a subprime Equifac Rick Soore mems subprime additional who are no longer included in the circle contony	NET STAYERS Individuals who stayed in the community and saw their Equitax Risk Score fall below 660 minus those who were upgraded to 660+	NET RE-LOCATORS Individuals with outprime Equifax Rick Score who relocated into the geography misus subprimes that moved away	SUBPRIME GROWTH OVER 4 QUARTERS How much did the subprime segment of the credit economy grow between 2013 Q4 and 2014 Q4?	
Orleans, LA	3.70%	-0.56%	1.19%	¥ 4.32%	
Bexar, TX	2.99%	-3.63%	1.30%	8 0.66%	
Kings, NY	5.22%	-4.95%	-0.92%	-0.65%	
Cook, IL	3.96%	-4.12%	-0.88%	-1.03%	
St. Louis, MO	3.18%	-3.78%	-0.68%	-1.28%	
Miami-Dade, FL	4.00%	-5.37%	-1.17%	-2.54%	
Los Angeles, CA	3.26%	-6.11%	-0.41%	-3.26%	

MEASURES & DEFINITIONS

nt of adult population not in NYFedConsumerCreditPanel/Equifax data source	STRES syment His	proved	Percent of credit economy that improved from 60+ days overdue to current or less than 60 days overdue	NAMI	-	Percent of suborime seament growth due to residents' who staved in the geography and whose
ercent of credit economy with revolving credit	Dec Se Pec	clining	Percent of credit economy that moved from less than 60 days to 60+ days overdue		Net Stayers	Equifax Risk Score rose above 660 net of those whose score decreased below 660
of credit economy with utilization rates of 30 percent or less	orate ED			CREDIT	Net Re-Locators	Percent of subprime segment growth due to subprime residents who moved out of the geography net of those who moved in
cent of credit economy current on all credit obligations for the past 4 qtrs.	Str.	ruggling	Percent of credit economy that was 60+ days overdue for 1-3 quarters of previous year	SHE		
It economy that is prime (Equifax Risk Score >720)	Wea	ak	Percent of credit economy that was 60+ days overdue for each of past 4 quarters	Ž	Net New Entrants	Percent of subprime segment growth due to subprime residents who entered the credit economy with a subprime credit score net of those who exited

MEASURES & DEFINITIONS